The Pittsburgh Gazette.

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DAILY GAZETTE.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

—About 800 Icelander are about to settle down in Manitoba.

—Stanley, after a year's silence, has been heard from. An epitome of his story is given elsewhere.

—Referring to the base slander that the Woman's Pavillion at the Centennial is very dirty, the Rochester *Democrat* asks in an angry tone if one can strike for freedom and do housework at the same time.

—By lynching the man who takes Presidential votes on railway trains and excursion boats, the opening of the second century of our National Independence can be delightfully commemorated.—*N. Y. Com. Advertiser.*

—The real state of affairs in Turkey appears to be simply this, that the Servians have been repulsed in all their attacks upon the Turkish strongholds, but that the Turks have not yet been able to follow up their success by an advance across the Servian frontier.

—It never does to do much shouting until there is a reasonable certainty to warrant it, and it may be a little permature to rejoice over cooler weather until the autumnal equinox gives assurance that it may be tolerably durable. But even if it be for a few days only, the change is so invigorating and agreeable that we should be thankful for the respite.

—Nathan Appleton, of Philadelphia, writes to the *Graphic*: "I think it is only fair for us to begin again to do justice to the career of the quiet citizen soldier who has been occupying so modestly the White House during the last eight years, after the great service to the country during the civil war, crowned as they were by his magnanimous conduct at the surrender of Gen. Lee and his army."

—Every time the editor of the *Madison Patriot* of Wisconsin sits down to write a soul-stirring article in favor of Tilden, this sentence, which he published two days before the Governor was nominated, rises up and discourages him: "Besides being a hard-soft-shinplaster-anything-to-make-dollars man, Governor Tilden is a big railway shark, with a double row of teeth all 'round.'"

—During the war it was the "intelligent contraband." Now it is the "reliable" Indian scout or "faithful" savage. The "faithful" savage has come trotting in two or three times with the news that Sitting Bull, Crazy Horse and the other noble chieftains were all dead; but judging from the shrewdness with which the Indians continue to conduct the campaign, we are inclined to believe the great warriors are still able to be around.

—A Kansas correspondent writing of the crops out there says wheat fields are more eloquent than the most enthusiastic description of them, and they abound here. Corn fields have a magic influence that is felt "on 'Change," and they have been known to regulate the price of whisky. Barley exerts a degree of inspiration scarcely surpassed by his veteranship, "old rye." And these, all these and many more, almost "too numerous to mention," are found here. We can't find time to croak.

—Regarding a prolonged Indian war as inevitable, the Springfield *Union* puts it thus: "If it took one thousand men six months to whip, so that they stayed whipped, sixty Modocs, how long will it take how many men to whip out three thousand, or even twenty-five hundred, Sioux? It is now July, 1876. How far into '77 or '78, or beyond, is the working out of this sum likely to carry us? And at the cost of how many millions of dollars, and of how many lives?"

—Tilden thus warbles his grief at the absence of the "Boss," and appeals to him to return:

William, dear William, come home to me now,
Your Sammy is feeling forlorn;
He misses your hand and he misses your voice,
Which he knows would be raised for reform.
The "barrel" is empty, the canvass ahead,
And still they are crying for more.
Oh! William, my love, if you only were here
To shove a check under my door!
Come home! come home!
Dear William, my William,
Come home!

—Mr. Pinchback will not get the $20,000 recently awarded him by the Senate in payment for three sessions of arduous lolling on the Senate sofas. The House refuses to consent to the appropriation and cuts off a Democrat also, Mr. Sykes, from a smaller grab of the same kind. This is one reduction, at least, for which the Democratic House will not find it necessary to apologize before the end of the fiscal year. If it should result in the establishment of a precedent compelling gentlemen who lay claim to seats which do not belong to them to pay their own hotel bills, an old abuse would be swept away.

—A correspondent speaking of Mr. Carpenter's argument, says: Mr. Carpenter spoke from his old seat in the Senate Chamber, which he occupied for many years, and from which some of the most brilliant speeches were delivered that were ever listened to in that chamber. His opening was very fine, and he quoted Scripture like a professional, making some excellent hits. Some of his points were very dull and silly, particularly when he appealed to the ladies in the galleries never to keep any secrets from their lovers and husbands. While he was weak in some places he was strong in others, and made a pretty good case that Mr. Belknap is rather better than other men in spite of his having received over $10,000 from Marsh. Whether he succeeded in making Mr. Belknap think himself innocent can only be conjectured from the manner of the ex-Secretary, which was that of supreme satisfaction with himself. Mr. Belknap has kept a very close watch on the case from the start, and has prompted his counsel repeatedly, and kept a better run of the evidence and documents than any man connected with the case except Manager McMahon. During the session there were six ex-Cabinet officers on one side of the Chamber—Messrs. Black, Blair, Dennison, Boutwell, Williams and Belknap.

WASHINGTON TOPICS.

Nomination for Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

The position of Internal Revenue Commissioner having been formally declined by Congressman MacDougall, it was offered yesterday to General Green B. Raum, of Illinois, and accepted by him, whereupon his nomination was sent to the Senate. Gen. Raum is a lawyer by profession, and about fifty years of age. He served throughout the war in command of a brigade of the Army of the Tennessee, and represented the Cairo (Ills.) district in the fortieth Congress. His appointment is spoken of as a highly creditable one by his old Congressional associates of both parties.

Republican Senatorial Caucus.

The Republican Senators held a long caucus yesterday morning on the general subject of the appropriation bills. No formal action was taken, but from the present tenor of opinions interchanged by a large number of those in attendance it seems probable that the River and Harbor Appropriation bill will be dropped or rejected by the Senate, and that an agreement will be reached concerning other bills the present week.

Death of Senator Caperton.

Senator Allen T. Caperton, of West Virginia, died suddenly at six o'clock last evening of angina pectoris. He had been sick since Friday last, though his physician did not regard his symptoms dangerous. When they left him at one o'clock yesterday he appeared to be much better, but about six o'clock was taken suddenly ill, and died almost immediately. The remains will be taken to West Virginia.

A FATAL FIRE.

Three Women Badly Burned—Two of Them Jump from a Third Story Window and are Instantly Killed.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—A fire broke out between seven and eight o'clock this morning in the picking room of James Nolan's shoddy mill, and before it could be checked the whole building was in flames. Not many people were in the building at the time, and those who were in the lower part had no difficulty in escaping, but before those in the upper part of the building knew of their danger the whole lower story was in a blaze. Several women were up stairs and started down, but were met by the flames in the second story. Several of them succeeded in getting through a window at the rear of the second story to the roof of a shed and escaping. Three, however, named Ellen Heber, Ann Patterson and Maria Hoeveler, were driven back from the window by the fire and obliged to retreat up stairs again. All efforts to rescue them were in vain, and they remained, screaming for help, until they were all dreadfully burned. At last Ellen Heber and Ann Patterson jumped from the third-story window, and were instantly killed by striking the pavement. It is probable that had they survived the fall their burns would have killed them. Maria Hoeveler was fortunate to get hold of a rope, by which she slid down to the ground. She is frightfully burned, the skin having come off her body almost entirely. She was removed to a hospital, but her recovery is very doubtful. Parties who knew the position of the three women piled bales of goods upon the pavement under the windows for them to jump upon, but other parties, not knowing the object in placing the bales there, removed them, and the women fell upon the bare pavement. The mill was entirely destroyed, with the stock and machinery. The loss is heavy.

FIRST EDITION.

NEWS FROM STANLEY.

The Great Explorer Heard from After a Year's Silence.

HIS EXPLORATIONS IN CENTRAL AFRICA.

Voyages on the Great Lakes Victoria and Albert Niyanza—Gambaragara and Its Pale-Faced Inhabitants—Up the Kageera Valley—A Land of Lakes and Mineral Springs—A Resume of Discoveries thus Far.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The *Herald* of this morning publishes a special despatch from London, giving an epiture of the despatches just received from Stanley who has been so long unheard from in his explorations in Central Africa. The despatch says:

We are rejoiced to announce that copious despatches containing the fullest information of Stanley's movements and adventures in the wild regions around Lake Victoria Niyanza, have reached us. After a long and anxious waiting since the receipt of the last intelligence of the great explorer in June, 1875, during which doubt and uncertainty as to his safety has caused many to abandon all hope of his return to civiliaztion, Stanley has surprised us with not less than five letters from the heart of Equatorial Africa, full of the most important and interesting description of that region and of his own perilous and difficult journeyings that has reached us since he announced the discovery of Livingstone.

This dispatch bears date July 29, 1875, and was written at Mahyiga Island, in Lake Victoria Niyanza, and describes the explorer's voyage from King Mtesa's territory at the northern end of Lake Victoria Niyanza, where Stanley had been visiting the King, back to the camp at Kayehije.

In the course of this voyage across the lake Stanley and his party narrowly escaped from being massacred by the savage and treacherous natives of Bumbireh, a large island on the western side of Lake Victoria Niyanza.

The expedition was saved from destruction during the savage attack only by the skill and courage of Stanley and his faithful band of followers, who, by the observance of discipline and the effective use of their superior arms, beat of the treacherous natives.

While on the lake the expedition encountered several heavy storms, which at times threatened the frail crews with destruction. All the party, however, arrived safely at the camp, after experiencing the most remarkable adventures.

The second letter from Stanley is written from the lake shore town of Dumo, in Uganda, and is dated August 15, 1875. Here the explorer had established his camp on the main land, but within easy access to the lake.

From Mahyiga, Stanley made an expedition across the lake to Ukerewe Island, at its southern extremity, from whence he recrossed the lake again toward the region of Uganda, the whole expedition being transported in canoes.

Whipping the Savages.

During the return voyage Stanley inflicted a severe punishment upon the treacherous savages of Bumbireh for the attack made upon his expedition, as mentioned in the first letter. The second letter narrates all the incidents of these exciting voyages.

The next letter from Stanley is written from Kawanga, on the frontiers of Unporo, and is dated January 18, 1876.

The letter describes the march of the gallant explorer from King Mtesa's capital across the country to the eastern shore of Lake Albert Niyanza.

The march was made at the head of a large army, composed of Stanley's own force and the spearmen of Uganda. The army encamped on the shores of Lake Albert Niyanza at Usyampaka, and after some delay again recrossed the country to King Mtesa's, where Stanley arrived on the 18th of January, the day he forwarded his third letter.

All the three letters contain particulars of the highest geographical and ethnological value. Stanley twice traversed the country Kabbarega, and visited but did not navigate Lake Albert Niyanza. This land exploration by Stanley in his march between the lakes and his short stay on the lake shore explains why Gessi, of Gordon's force, who sailed on Lake Albert Niyanza in April last, heard nothing of the expedition. Henry M. Stanley is therefore the first explorer who has penetrated the unknown regions lying between Lakes Victoria and Albert Niyanza, and surveyed their mysterious recesses with the eye of the scientific traveler.

A New Race.

Towering above this vast expanse is the remarkable mountain Gambaragara, which Stanley thoroughly explored, and discovered among its high uplands a pale face tribe, who inhabit this wonderful region, forming a different race of people to the black skinned denizens of the plains. Stanley christens the large inlet of the Albert Niyanza, on which he encamped with his army, Beatrice Gulf, in honor of the Princess of England's royal house.

The next letter from Stanley is dated March 26, 1876, from Kanfurro, and relates the story of his final departure from Uganda.

It also gives particulars of his exploration of the Kangeera river, which flows into Lake Victoria Niyanza, on its west side. It further describes the exploration of Captain Speke's Lake Windermere and the hot springs of Karagwe.

Stanley forwards with this despatch a sketch map, showing the hitherto unmapped portion of the Victoria Niyanza, giving the coast line from the mouth of the Kageera river on the west to that of the Shimeeyu river on the south.

The latest despatch is dated from Ubagwe, in Unyamweze, April 24, 1876, and gives further details of the explorations of the inter-lacustrine region and of Stanley's southwart march toward Ujiji. From Ujiji Stanley proposes to revisit Lake Albert Niyanza by way of Lake Tanganyika and make a thorough exploration of the former basin.

Plans for the Future.

Stanley's last letter was despatched when he was within fifteen days' march of Ujiji, where he doubtless arrived last month. He is amply supplied with men and means sufficient to enable him to solve the great problem still left open to his undaunted courage and splendid gifts as a traveler.

It will gratify all your readers to know that Stanley mentions in his letters that his white friend, Frank Pocock, is well, and that his own health is unimpaired.

The *Herald* also publishes a map showing the results of the explorations of Livingstone, Speke, Baker, Cameron and Stanley, and says:

The map which we submit to our readers this morning embraces, as far as known, the grand old river Nile, its basin and tributary streams, from its utmost sources down to the junction of the Atbara. From this point, following its windings down the narrow valley which it has created and fertilizes, the course of the river, without a tributary, is some 1,600 miles through a roasting and rainless desert to the Mediterranean sea. This, the Egyptian Nile, which is not given in our map, the Nile of the ancient Egyptians, Persians, Greeks and Romans, is the oldest and the grandest in being the creator and builder of all the wonders of Egypt. We omit this old historic Nile because it is below the field of the modern Nile explorations and discoveries which we are here considering.

The object of our map is to give to our readers a bird's-eye view of all these

Recent Nile Discoveries

over the general field of exploration, a field larger in area than all the territory of the United States east of the Rocky Mountains. In these Nile discoveries, within the last fifteen years, we have the solution to the civilized world of the mysteries of five thousand years. These mysteries or problems which have thus been practically solved were,

First—The sources of the Nile;

Second—The sources of the annual Egyptian inundation;

Third—The sources of supply of the heavy, unfailing and inexhaustible stream of the Egyptian river, flowing through a burning and rainless desert, and without a tributary for full 1,700 miles.

The annual inundation of Egypt ceased to be a mystery to the inhabitants of Cairo and to the world with the publication of Sir Samuel Baker's "Nile tributaries of Abyssinia." In his expedition to Abyssinia, up the Atbara river, in 1861-62, while yet in the desert or prairie lowlands, over one hundred miles from the western front of the lofty Abyssinian mountains and tablelands, he was, one night in June, hurried out of his tent, which he had pitched on the dry bed of the river, by the alarming cry from his faithful Arabs of "El Bahr!" "El Bahr!"—"The river!" "The river!" He heard a heavy rumbling noise, like distant thunder, momentarily becoming heavier and louder and approaching nearer, and his Arabs knew what it was. Hastily, then, ascending the river bank to the safe ground of the plain with his wife, attendants and movables, and settling down for the remainder of the night.

The Fascinated Explorer,

in a joyous frame of mind, awaited the return of day for a satisfactory answer to the startling cry which had hurried him from the dry bed of the exhausted river. And his joy may be imagined when the morning light, in a new and exhilarating atmosphere, revealed to Baker the "wonder of the desert" in the life-giving and fertilizing inundation rolling down the Atbara, *en route* for Egypt. The flood had come down like a tidal wave from the Abyssinian mountains, and what was the dry bed of an exhausted river had been covered during the night with a swelling, rushing stream of twenty feet in depth and five hundred yards wide. Here, then, the secret was disclosed of the annual life-giving overflow of the rainless but rich and fruitful valley of Egypt.

Turning to a map the reader will observe that the Atbara and the Blue Nile, through many tributary streams, drain most of the extensive mountainous region of Abyssinia. The easterly vernal winds which sweep over that country are heavily laden with enormous masses of vapor drawn from that great boiler, the Indian Ocean. These clouds, striking the cold atmosphere of the Abyssinian mountains, are condensed thereon in heavy showers of rain through a period of three months, and from these absorbing rains descend, through the Blue Nile and the Atbara, the Egyptain inundation. Sir Samuel Baker, however, discovered from the observations of both streams that the Atbara, or Black River, is the main source of this inundation and of the annual fertilizing depost of the rich bottom lands of the Egyptian Valley. Hence, through 4,000, nay, doubtless, through 5,000, years and more of constant cultivation, the unexhausted fertility of Egypt.

To the same explorer, Baker, we are indebted for the solution of the second wonder or

Mystery of the Lower Nile—

its ample and unfailing stream through all the year without any visible source of supply, and subject to a ceaseless and extraordinary evaporation from the intense heat of the rainless deserts through which it flows, and to a heavy absorption by the hungry soil, and used by thousands of water wheels for irrigation, and supplying the wants of millions of men and animals. Whence this vast and unfailing supply of water? The spring rains of Abyssinia furnish the Egyptian overflow, but little or nothing more; for while the Atbara is a dry river most of the year, the Blue Nile in the dry season is nearly exhausted. The unfailing stream of the Nile comes from its great equatorial basin and the heavy rains of the equatorial rainy belt on the earth, and these supplies are drained into the main river, or White Nile, from a thousand lakes and flowing streams. From the tenth degree of north latitude to as far south as the fifth degree south of the line this equatorial rainy basin of the Nile embraces an area of at least 800,000 square miles, and over large districts of this basin the annual rainfall is five times that of the Atlantic slope of the United States.

Having settled the questions of the sources of this wonderful river, and of the annual Egyptian inundation, and of the never-failing main stream, we have only now to note what has been done in recent explorations toward the discovery of

Fountain Heads of the Nile.

The water there notes the discovery by Speke of the equatorial Lake Victoria Niyanza, and subsequently of Lake Albert Niyanza, the finding by Livingstone of the great river Lualaba, and his conviction until the day of his death that it was the main stream of the Nile; the overthrow of that idea by Lieutenant Cameron, who established pretty clearly that the Lualaba was but a tributary to the great Congo, which flows, not into the Mediterranean, but into the Atlantic Ocean. He then asserts that Stanley has discovered the head stream of the Nile, and that it is the river Shimeeyu, rising between the fourth and fifth degrees south latitude and flowing northwest into the Victoria Lake. If this were a small stream it might be properly rejected, and the Victoria Lake would be as fairly pronounced the fountain head of the Nile as Lake Superior is recognized as the head of the St. Lawrence river. But the Shimeeyu being a considerable stream of some 400 or 500 miles in length it must be recognized, and its discovery as the head stream of the Nile belongs to Stanley.

The Established Nile Basin,

exceeding the great Lake Tanganyike and the whole chain of lakes to which this lake belongs, embraces the Shimeeyu River, the Victoria and Albert lakes, the Bahr-el-Ghazal, with its numerous tributaries on the west side, and the Ashua, the Sobat, the Blue Nile and the Atbara or Black River on the east side. From all these sources the drainage of the Nile down to the mouth of the Atbara covers an area of 1,200,000 square miles, a basin in extent surpassing that of the Mississippi, leaving out of the estimate the 1,600 or 1,700 miles of the rainless valley of the Egyptian River.

As now disclosed, with Stanley's addition of the Shimeeyu, the Nile is the longest river in the world. It drains a basin which, south of Egypt, is equal to the support of 10,000,000 of people, from its capacities in the production of cotton, rice, sugar, Indian corn, elephants and cattle, to say nothing of the splendid and abounding fishes in the main river and in its tributary lakes and streams. The Egyptian Nile, with its amazing monuments of the oldest civilization of the human family, is, next to the Euphrates, the oldest of all the great rivers of history, while beyond Egypt, still in its primitive barbarism, newly disclosed to the outside world, the Nile is the newest of all the great rivers of the earth; and in the peculiarities of its basin, its sources, its climate, its savage tribes, its ancient monuments, its fruitful valleys and howling deserts; in its constant equatorial stream, and in its annual Egyptian inundation from Abyssinia, it is the most wonderful river of them all.

THE POLITICAL CAMPAIGN

Congressman Cannon Again Nominated.

CHAMPAIGN, ILLS., July 26.—The Republicans of the Fourteenth Congressional District unanimously nominated for re-election J. G. Cannon.

Kansas Greenback Independents.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—The Independent Greenback Convention to nominate a Congressman for the Second District of Kansas was held at Lawrence yesterday, only thirty delegates out of eighty being present. A resolution endorsing the nominees of the Indianapolis Greenback Convention caused a long and bitter discussion, and was finally laid on the table, whereupon the Peter Cooper men withdrew from the Convention. The remainder of the delegates then nominated John R. Goodin, the present incumbent, for Congress.

Prohibition in Massachusetts.

BOSTON, July 26.—John J. Baker accepts the nomination for Governor on the Prohibitory ticket.

Arkansas Republicans.

LITTLE ROCK, July 26.—The Bishop Whipple Republican Convention, as distinguished from the Clayton-McClure party, who represent the Republican State Central Committee, meet here to-morrow for the purpose of nominating candidates for State officers. A strong effort is making to have the convention adjourn over to the 9th of August, the time fixed by the Republican State Central Committee for the assembling of a State Convention.

A Democratic Lie Nailed.

CHICAGO, July 26.—A statement that originally appeared in the New York *World*, to the effect that Robert T. Lincoln, Esq., of this city, a son of Abraham Lincoln, had declared his purpose to support Tilden for President, has been the cause of a good deal of embarrassing correspondence to him. The friends of Mr. Lincoln, wishing to relieve him from such embarrassment, have requested a contradiction to be made. Mr. Lincoln, it is hardly needful to say, is a Republican, and a supporter of Hayes and Wheeler.

Conference of Soft Money Men.

NEW HAVEN, July 26.—A conference of soft money, or greenback, men, from several cities of the State was held here to-day in the office of the *Union* newspaper, hitherto the organ of that party in this State, to consider what political action should be taken in the coming campaign. It was voted not to take definite action until after letters of acceptance are published by Tilden and Hendricks. A committee of five was appointed to wait upon Peter Cooper and Moses W. Field, Chairman of the Greenback Party National Committee. Should Tilden's letter of acceptance fail to recognize the greenback principles, an active campaign will probably be entered upon. The Secretary of the Executive Committee said that correspondence from all parts of the country led him to think that within a few months the greenback men would probably be the dominant element of the Democratic party.

Louisiana Democrats.

BATON ROUGE, July 26.—The Democratic Convention reassembled and organized to-day. Gen. Frank Nichols was nominated for Governor, and Wiltz for Lieutenant Governor.

Conference of Colored Voters.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., July 26.—A State conference of colored voters was held in this city to-day. Rev. Henry Highland Garnett was permanent President. A resolution was adopted recommending the colored people of the State to vote for Hayes and Wheeler. A State Central Committee was appointed, with Rev. Mr. Garnett as chairman.

The Fire Record.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—The *Commercial's* Van Wert (Ohio) special says a fire to-day destroyed four buildings and damaged two others. Loss, $8,000; fully insured. The principal losers are C. W. Goss, furniture; Stephen Grove, groceries, and George Mazure, boots and shoes. Cause—incendiary.

An *Enquirer* special says the town of Everton, ten miles from Liberty, Ind., was almost totally destroyed by fire at a late hour last night. The loss and insurance is not reported. It is believed to be incendiary, and excited people are scouring the country in pursuit of the culprit.

SECOND EDITION.

THE INDIAN WAR.

The Latest from the Field of Operations.

PREPARATIONS FOR A FORWARD MOVEMENT.

A CORRESPONDENT'S FATE.

Richardson, of the Springfield (Mass.) "Republican," Shot and Scalped — Running Fight of a Black Hills Party with Redskins.

CHEYENNE, WY., July 26.—The following was received by mail to-day, with the enclosure mentioned:

FT. LARAMIE, July 24, 1876.

A. C. Snyder, Agent Associated Press, Cheyenne:

This memorandum I found on a dead body, scalped, and having about twenty bullet holes in it, about one hundred miles north of Ft. Laramie, yesterday. I buried the body and send this to you on account of a note made in the memorandum book. If you know any friends of the deceased let them know and send them this book.

(Signed) JNO. MARSH, of Deadwood.

The book belongs to L. P. Richardson, a correspondent of the Springfield (Mass.) *Republican*, who made a note therein, which reads: "If anything important, send to A. C. Snyder, Associated Press, Cheyenne." Before Richardson's leaving here last Friday morning this request was made by your agent, and Richardson thus noted it. He left Fort Laramie on the fast freight train on Sunday morning last, purposing to go to Deadwood.

A party who arrived last night from the Black Hills report that they were attacked by about a dozen Indians near Hot Creek, and although a running fight was kept up several miles, wounding several horses, none of the party was hurt.

NEWS FROM GEN. CROOK.

The Sioux Moving their Camp—The Troops to Pursue.

CHEYENNE, July 26.—Advices from Crook's command, in camp on the south fork of Tongue river, July 23, via Fort Fetterman, July 26, are of importance. The main body of Sioux are believed to have taken to the Big Horn mountains, where game is more abundant and grass fresher. The Indians' efforts to burn the grass of the valleys makes it almost imperative on Crook to follow them up at once. His force musters about 1,200 regular soldiers and citizen volunteers, beside the 200 Snake allies, and he feels that he can at least hold his own on any ground the emergency may select. It is expected that the wagons will be "parked" on the main Tongue river near the mountains, and with the pack train, loaded with from fifteen to twenty days' rations, a vigorous but careful advance will immediately follow. It is not deemed advisable for Crook's and Terry's forces to join previous to a move by one or the other of the commands. It is thought that the Indians would make a stand against one of the columns, and that by arranging them and having the other column reserved, to either fight or follow up, something decisive may be expected during the summer campaign. The enemy is believed to be on the headwaters of Ash Creek and the Little Big Horn, not far from the Montana and Wyoming line, thirty or forty miles from Crook's present camp.

Gen. Merritt left Fetterman this morning with eight companies of the Fifth Cavalry. Two more on the way to Fetterman will take some one hundred and fifty recruits and follow in a few days.

Artillery for the Department of Missouri.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—Orders have been issued to send two battalions of artillery of four companies each from the First and Second regiments from the division of the Atlantic to the Department of Missouri, to report to General Pope.

Terrible Grief at Fort Lincoln.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Col. Crittenden of the Seventeenth Infantry, whose only son was killed in the Custer massacre, received a letter from his wife to-day, inclosing one she had just received from Fort Lincoln. The writer, the wife of an army officer at the post, says when the news of the fate of Gen. Custer's command reached them, there went forth a wail of grief that it was seldom the lot of any human being to witness. The agony and wretchedness it has caused are something terrible. It was the announcement to twenty-four women that they were widows, and to more than twice that number of children that they were fatherless. What is the most painful of all is that most of these poor women are left utterly penniless, without means to take them away from the fort or to subsist on should they get away. Col. Crittenden has already called on a number of Congressmen and presented them with the facts, but relief seems to come very slowly.

Merritt's March.

FORT FETTERMAN, WY., July 26.—Gen. Merritt's column of the 5th Cavalry left here to-day to join Gen. Crook. It consists of ten companies of cavalry and about 100 recruits for infantry companies now with Gen. Crook. It will reach the main command about the 2d of August. Gen. Crook will then have 25 companies of cavalry and 19 companies of infantry, with 200 Snake Indians. With this force active operations will be immediately begun against Sitting Bull's forces. The command will even then be much smaller in number than the Indians against whom it will contend. Any co-operation from Gen. Terry's troops will hardly be practicable before another engagement is had, as the Indians are encamped very near Gen. Crook, and are evidently preparing for a struggle. The building of posts at the mouth of Tongue and Big Horn rivers will begin at once, under the protection of Gen. Terry's forces. It is probable the campaign against the Indians will be conducted entirely by Gen. Crook, under direction of Gen. Sheridan.

"BREAD OR BLOOD."

Cincinnati Workmen Resolve to Demand Bread or Blood, but no one is Willing to Wait upon the Mayor.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—At an early hour this morning several hundred unemployed workmen assembled on the esplanade in Fountain Square, in pursuance of a call in yester-day's papers. After listening to speeches from Samuel Cary and others upon the deplorable condition of the working man, etc., they proceeded to the city buildings to demand of the Mayor "bread or blood," as announced by one of the leaders, but upon their arrival at the buildings no one seemed willing to wait upon the Mayor with the demand. After an hour's waiting and discussion the crowd dispersed. The Mayor had been apprised of their comming, and had placed a strong guard of police around the buildings.

The Mohawk Disaster.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Oliver S. Rowland, late sailing master of the yacht Mohawk, was rearrested yesterday upon a charge of perjury. The arrest was made upon the complaint of one of the quartermasters of the Mohawk, who testifies that Captain Rowland did not, as he had sworn he did, cut off the main sail, nor give any orders to have it done, nor was there a sail ordered to be disturbed by him.

Steel Rail Works at South St Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—The extensive steel works which has been in process of erection by the Vulcan Iron Works Company for some time past at South St. Louis, were completed yesterday, and made their first "blow." These works are for the extensive manufacture of Bessemer steel rails, are the largest in the country, costing some $600,000, and have large orders to fill.

A Fiendish Husband.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Raynor Lewis attempted to kill his wife at their residence last evening, by shooting her twice, once in the neck, and then threatened to kill himself, but did not do it. Mrs. Lewis is a lady of education and refinement, while her husband is a worthless and dissipated fellow, who threw the burden of family support upon his own wife. Mrs. Lewis has highly respectable connections in New York.

The Escaped Express Robber.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—It has been pretty definitely ascertained that Sam. McKean, who escaped from Deputy Sheriff Homans, near Lawente, Mo., yesterday, was engaged in the late express robbery near Otterville. Mrs. Harris, who was accidentally killed by one of the Sheriff's posse, was a sister of Sam. McKean; also of Jack McKean, now in the West Virginia penitentiary for robbing the Hamilton bank.

The Dry Goods Auction Sale.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The great auction sale, begun yesterday, of blankets, flannels, &c., was continued to-day. There was a marked falling off in the number of buyers. Yet prices kept up to within ten per cent. of the market value, and the bidding was spirited.

NEWS FROM FOREIGN LANDS.

The Freshest Gleanings from the Old World.

TURKS AND ROUMANIANS CONFRONTING EACH OTHER.

The Softas and Ulemas Want the Sultan to Resign.

The Foreign Oarsmen.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—A meeting of citizens was held in the Mayor's office to-day to devise means for entertaining the foreign crews of oarsmen visiting the city to participate in the regatta. A committee was appointed, with Hon. J. W Forney as chairman, to obtain subscriptions to meet the expenses of their entertainment. Five hundred dollars were subscribed on the spot.

The Winslow Case.

LONDON, July 26.—The Pall Mall *Gazette* says: We are still of the opinion that the scandal of the Winslow liberation might have been avoided or the responsibility attaching to England considerably lightened had a different attitude been assumed at an earlier stage of the proceedings.

Communists Pardoned.

PARIS, July 26.—President MacMahon has granted one hundred and twenty-seven additional pardons to Communists.

Canonization of Columbus.

PARIS, July 26.—Cardinal Sonnett, Archbishop of Bordeaux, whose See includes a portion of the West Indies, has written to the Pope urging the canonization of Christopher Columbus.

Roumanians Concentrating.

PARIS, July 26.—A Bucharest special says 25,000 Roumanians are concentrated on the Danubian frontier. The Turks are guarding the opposite bank. Shots were exchanged Tuesday before Ostreow. It is reported that a Turkish patrol entered Roumanian territory on Monday and pillaged some houses. A conflict is apprehended.

Turks Preparing to Attack Montenegrins.

RAGUSA, July 26.—Sclavonic advices announce that the Turks are preparing to attack the Montenegrins before Podgoritza, in order to open a road to Niesh through Montenegro.

Roumania's Demands.

LONDON, July 27.—The *Telegraph's* Vienna special says it is said the Turkish Ambassador here has confidentially stated that the Porte declares some of the most important of Roumania's demands are inadmissable. He refuses to discuss the cession of the mouth of the Danube, as that question equally concerns other powers.

The British Cotton Mills.

LONDON, July 27.—A meeting of representatives of twenty-seven firms was held at New Church, Lancashire, to-day, and resolved that it was desirable in the present depressed state of the cotton trade to work the mills only four days in the week.

Powder Magazine Explosion.

The *Standard's* Paris special says the Government powder magazine at Toulouse has blown up. There was great loss of life.

Austria's War Preparations.

The *Temps* has a dispatch from Vienna, stating that the municipal authorities throughout Austria have been instructed to prepare for the mobilization of the army at a moment's notice.

Cardinal Antonelli.

The *Standard's* Rome special says Cardinal Antonelli's life has been latterly in danger. He is now pronounced out of any immediate danger.

A Battle Imminent.

The *Standard's* telegram from Osman Pacha's camp, dated Wednesday, says the Servians, with six cannon, crossed the Timok near Brejpova. An engagement is expected to-morrow.

Montenegrins Retreating.

LONDON, July 27.—The *Daily News'* Ragusa special says a private letter from Mostar announces that the Montenegrins were retiring to their own frontier, after attacking Nevesing.

A Change Wanted.

A Vienna special says: There is a rumor here that a majority of the Softas and Ulemas have resolved to urge Murad Pacha to resign. Murad and the ministers have agreed that their resignations shall take place at the close of the Servian war. The Sultan's brother is mentioned as a successer.

A Fiend Captured.

The *News'* Belgrade dispatch says a disguised Turk has been arrested at Gladova. He had several packages on his person, and it is supposed he intended to poison the wells in Servia.

Hostilities with Russia Anticipated.

The *Times'* Constantinople correspondent says considerable excitement exists in Crete, Greece and Roumania. The Turks are convinced that the war will be localized, and expect hostilities with Russia.

The *Times'* Ragusa dispatch says: The whereabouts of the Prince of Montenegro are unknown, either at Mostar or here.

It is believed that the battle a few days since at Banzana, where 5,000 Montenegrins attacked a Turkish post and were repulsed with heavy loss, was fought to cover the withdrawal of the main Montenegrin army.

An Armistice.

The Turkish commander at Klek has asked for a three days' armistice, which has been granted. He offered to surrender if he were granted the honors of war, but the offer was refused.

Address in Honor of the American Centennial.

The *Times'* Berlin special says the Democratic Society of Frankfort-on-the-Main presented on the 4th of July an address in honor of the Centennial to the American Consul, strongly reflecting upon monarchial institutions. The Consul refused to accept the address. The society thereupon complained to the American Minister, Bancroft Davis, who replied that it was inadmissable for an American representative to meddle with party politics.

The *Times'* Ragusa and Vienna correspondents conclude that the Montenegrins are withdrawing from Mostar in order to co-operate with the Servians.

Mobilizing the German Army.

The *Telegraph's* Berlin special says preparations are making to mobilize the whole army.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, July 26, 1876.

SENATE.

The Impeachment Trial

was resumed immediately after the Senate was called to order, and Mr. CARPENTER continued his argument for the defense. He denied that Belknap had received money with intent to have his official action swerved, and without that intent there was no crime.

Mr. CARPENTER then spoke of impeachable crimes, and argued that Belknap had not committed any crime, and even if he had taken a bribe, the courts here in the District were adequate to deal with him. He commented at length upon the question of jurisdiction, and cited many legal authorities upon the subject to show that the Senate had no jurisdiction in this case. He argued that the Senate had a perfect right in its final decision to consider that question again and reverse its decision already made. Every Senator who voted "guilty" on the final question would by that vote assert jurisdiction. Every Senator who believed there was no jurisdiction must vote "not guilty." If any Senators regarded the question of jurisdiction settled, then it had been settled in favor of the defendant, because less than two-thirds of the Senate voted in favor thereof. Having discharged his duty to his client, he now left him in the hands of the court, confident that in a case of this importance every point would be considered, and in leaving it he would make it his last and earnest appeal to these Senators who believed there was no jurisdiction to try this case, that they would do all in their power to save the defence from a conviction, and not let it be said, as Lord Brougham said in the case of O'Connell vs. the Queen, "The decision would go forth without authority and return without respect."

The Senate took a recess of fifteen minutes. Upon reassembling Manager LORD commenced the closing argument upon the part of the prosecution. He replied to the argument of Mr. Carpenter in regard to jurisdiction, and claimed that the judgment of the Senate to the effect that articles of impeachment were sufficient in law bound every Senator. He commented at length upon the law of bribery, and argued that it made no difference whether money accepted influenced official action or not. The accused was guilty under the law. If this Senate, in the eyes of the nation, in the eyes of the world, in the eyes of history, dared to take the responsibility of saying that Belknap received this money, but did not have his official action influenced thereby, let it do so and see what history would say of the verdict.

Mr. LORD then commented on the evidence, and argued that Belknap knew where the money came from to him, and for what purpose. There was the *Tribune* article, the letter of Grierson, and the order of McDowell, of which Belknap knew. Yet after these things he received ten distinct and separate payments, "gifts" they were called by the learned counsel (Mr. Blair). Nonsense. A man who received a gift from a friend was generally proud of it as evidence of being appreciated by his friend, but these gifts were all kept out of sight. They came under the head of addition, division and silence. Why did Gen. Belknap resign the office of Secretary of War if hé was innocent? Why did he go down like the oak before the whirlwind? Did he not know that if he was an innocent man he could still be Secretary of War, and no man would attempt to turn him out on account of his wife dealing in post-traderships? His resignation was a confession of his guilt. His counsel had put in a special plea that the resignation of Gen. Belknap was in pursuance of a contract with Mr. Clymer, Chairman of the House Committee on Expenditures in the War Department. Mr. Clymer was on the stand. Why did not the counsel for the defense attempt to prove the fact by him if the plea was true? It was because they knew it was not true.

Mr. LORD concluded his argument, when the Senate sitting as a court adjourned until to-morrow, and will then proceed to vote on the final issue.

Legislative Business

was resumed, and Mr. ANTHONY submitted a resolution to print 12,000 extra copies of the report of the Commissioner of Education for 1875, and 1,200 extra copies of the report of the special committee which recently investigated Mississippi affairs. Agreed to.

Mr. OGLESBY, from the Committee on Indian Affairs, reported favorably on the House bill to provide for the sale of certain lands in Kansas. Placed on the calendar.

Mr. ALLISON called up the River and Harbor Appropriation bill, so as to have it come up as unfinished business.

The Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE.

Indian Trust Funds.

Mr. MORRISON, Chairman of the Committee on Ways and Means, reported back the Senate bill auhorizing the Secretary of the Interior to deposit certain Indian trust funds in the United States Treasury in lieu of investment. Passed.

Contested Election.

The House then considered the Virginia contested election case of Platte vs. Goode, and was addressed by Mr. TOWNSEND (N. Y.) in favor of the majority report. After speeches by Messrs. TUCKER, GOODE and PLATT, the matter went over without action, and the House adjourned.

Excursionists Violating Laws.

SHEFFIELD, IOWA, July 26.—Considerable excitement was created at Clear Lake to-day by the threatened arrest of an excursion party from St. Louis, guests of President Lewis, of the St. Louis, Kansas City & Northern Railway. The offence charged against the party was violation of the game law, boisterous conduct and disregard of the bathing regulations in entering the lake in *puris naturalibus*. Among the most prominent in the party were Judge Krum, W. M Samuels, ex-President of the Merchants' Exchange; Chas. Green, a prominent city official; John Mason, State Senator, and Major Barrett, of Arkansas. Col. Blodgett, attorney of the St. Louis, Kansas City & Northern Railway, was retained in defense of the party, but through the intercession of C. C. Gilman, of the Methodist State Association of Clear Lake, the parties were dismissed with a severe reprimand by the justice before whom they were brought.

A Defaulter Indicted.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—An indictment has been found against the defaulting County Auditor, Wm. H. Heath, and suit entered against his bondsmen for $12,000, the amount of his bond. An examination discloses the fact that Heath's defalcation amounts to $130,000, and may reach $150,000. This is the county, township and school fund, of which he was collector.

☞For Additional Telegrams See Fourth Page.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals will be received until SATURDAY, July 29th,

For Building a Fence 5,000 Feet Long,

More or less, around the ground of the ALLEGHENY VALLEY CAMP MEETING ASSOCIATION, at Lockhart's Station. Address,

COMMITTEE ON LOTS,
97 Smithfield street.

h93

JOS. HORNE & CO.,
197 and 199
PENN AVE,
Offer largest assortment,
ALL GRADES OF GOODS,
BEST VALUE.

Attention is directed to the following:

Hamburg Embroideries, new and fresh goods, just opened at extremely low prices.
Nainsook and Swiss Embroideries.
Guipure and French Embroidered Bands.
Plain White, Colored and Mourning Border Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, at bargain prices.
Linen Collars, Cuffs, and Chemisetts with Collars attached.
Linen Neck Plaiting and Crape Ruchings.
Black Silk and Thread Veiling Nett, Plain and Dotted.
Colored Grenadine and Berege Veilings.
Black Lace and Nett Scarfs at reduced prices.
Silk scarf Nett, open mesh, all colors.
Crape and Twilled Silk Windsor Ties in all shades.
Extra bargain in Plain, Colored and Plaid Sash Ribbons, at 15c, 25c, 65c, and 75c per yard.
Brocaded Sash Ribbons, newest thing out.

COLORED DRESS SILKS
Full lines, all shades, at $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and $2.00 per yard.
Black, White and Colored Stripe and Check Silks at 75c, 85c, 90c and $1 per yard.

BLACK DRESS SILKS,
Most reliable makes, quality guaranteed.
Linen Suits, Overdresses and Jackets.
Debege and Linen Dusters at reduced prices.
White Lawn, Swiss and Muslin Jackets.
Ladies' Corset Waists, made close fitting, high and low neck.
Ladies' Colored and White (real bone) Corsets, from 75c up.
French hand-made, Werley, Glove-fitting, Madame Foy's and Abdominal Supporting Corsets, all sizes.
Bargains in Ladies' and Children's Plain, Colored and Fancy Striped Cotton Hose on counters.
Ladies' Fine Lisle and Silk Stockings, choice styles and shades.
Gloves—Ladies', Misses' and Men's Fine Lisle Gloves, all sizes.
Undressed Kid Gloves, Black and Medium shades —2 and 3 button.
Fans—Black and White Silk Fans, Plain and with Paintings.
Open and shut Japanese Fans from 5c up.
Jet Jewelry closing out at less than half price.
Portmonaies, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Hand Mirrors, &c.

Orders by mail will receive prompt and careful attention.

RETAIL STORES

MEETINGS.

☞ATTENTION!—THE NINTH PA. RESERVES and other Veterans who propose attending the Reunion at New Brighton, FRIDAY, July 28th, are requested to assemble at Old City Hall, on FRIDAY MORNING, at 7:30 o'clock. Tickets can be procured from Committee.

W. J. CRISWELL, Chairman.

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DIVIDENDS.

INSURANCE.

OFFICE ARMENIA INSURANCE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, PA., July 14, 1876.

☞THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE (5) DOLLARS per share from the earnings of the past Six Months, free from taxes, and payable forthwith.

E. A. CURTIS, Secretary.

h88

BRIDGE.

☞DIVIDEND—THE MANAGERS of the EWALT STREET BRIDGE CO. have this day declared a dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, payable on and after July 20th, 1876, at No. 406 Penn street, Pittsburgh.

JULY 5, 1876.

CHRISTIAN SIEBERT.

h65-TTHS

MISCELLANEOUS.

☞OFFICE MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY.—The Board of Managers of the Monongahela Navigation Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS ($3.00) PER SHARE on the Capital Stock, payable at the office of the Company, No. 94 Diamond street, forthwith.

W. BAKEWELL, Treasurer.

Pittsburgh, July 13, 1876.

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ELECTIONS.

☞ELECTION OF TEACHERS.—The School Board of Baldwin township will meet at the Farmers' and Drovers' Hotel on the Brownsville Road, on SATURDAY, July 29, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of electing 12 Teachers for the ensuing term. Term, 7 months. Salary, $40 per month. None but experienced teachers need apply.

By order of the Board,

N. HOGUE, Sec'y,
Fair Haven P. O., Allegheny Co., Pa.

h75-TTHS

EDUCATIONAL.

INGHAM UNIVERSITY FOR LADIES, LE ROY, GENESSEE CO., N. Y.—Full College curriculum. Distinct School of Music, German and Conservatory methods employed. New Art College, arranged after the method of New York Academy of Design, under the direction of accomplished artists. Drawing and Painting from life. Location healthy, beautiful, and convenient. Terms moderate. Forty-second year opens September 14. For catalogues, address MRS. E. E. I. STAUNTON.

h76-TTHS

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CHOICE
NEW DRESS GOODS.

MOORHOUSE
& CARSTEN,
Cor. Market St. and 4th Ave.

Have opened some handsome designs in

NEW DRESS GOODS!

PLAID GRENADINES,
BROCADE GRENADINES,
BLACK and WHITE STRIPE SILKS,
COLORED CHECK SILKS,
BLACK SILKS,
COLORED CASHMERES,
BLACK CASHMERES,
SILK WARP CASHMERES,
PLAID and STRIPE DRESS GOODS,
BROCADE CASHMERES.

ONE LOT OF

COLORED DRESS SILKS

At $1.25, extraordinary good value for he price, sold usually at $1.50. BLACK SILKS from 75c to $4.00.

We desire to call attention to one lot of Black Silks in Soft Cachemire Finish at $2.00, warranted to wear and give good satisfaction, and an extraordinary bargain.

Samples sent on application.

MOORHOUSE
& CARSTON,
Cor. Market St. and 4th Avenue.

Orders for June
FOR THE
PATENTED
COAST
Range
CALIFORNIA
Flour

Having been nearly double those of any previous month, we would ask the trade to order ahead of immediate wants to secure the Flour when needed. Its quality commends it, hence the largely increased demand,

PEABODY,
HUGUS & CO.,
329 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

ERWIN'S
Great Closing Out-Sale
OF
Dry Goods.

We are offering some special attractions this week, among which we mention a few:

400 REAL SHETLAND SHAWLS,

In White, White and Red, White and Blue, White and Black. Also, Plain; Black and Red. These are real Shetland goods of our own importation, but got out too late last season to sell. They are worth $3 and $4. We will close them at $1 and $1.50.

Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.

To close the remainder of our large stock we will sell them at not over one half the regular price. We have but few left and they must be sold.

Remnants.

We have made a special remnant department in the rear of our store room, and have gathered the accumulated remnants of Dress Goods remaining after our season's business, and have marked them in length and price in plain figures at about one-third the real value. This is the largest remnant sale we ever made, and purchasers of Dry Goods can find some bargains that will repay their attendance.

We are selling an immense quantity of goods, and still have an immense quantity to dispose of. Call and see what we are doing and what bargains we are offering.

Special Drives in Prints and Muslins.

A. W. ERWIN,
172 and 174
Federal St., Allegheny.

LADIES' & CHILDREN'S
Suits, Costumes and Ulsters.

We keep the largest and best assortment of the above goods in the city, and our largely increased sales over any former year is the best guarantee to purchasers that our prices, styles and fabrics are satisfactory.

We have just opened new styles BLACK and COLORED DAMASSE and HAMBURG NET OVERDRESSES; FRENCH FOULARD SUITS AND COSTUMES; EMBROIDERED LINEN SUITS, JACKETS AND OVERSKIRTS; LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S ULSTERS; BLACK HERNANI SUITS; also, another invoice of those STYLISH SILK SUITS at from $33 to $50.

F. H. EATON & CO.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE. 25

BARGAINS FOR 20 DAYS.

To prevent a sacrifice of my property to pay notes endorsed to accommodate a friend, I have filed a bill in Bankruptcy that every creditor

MAY STAND EQUAL.

At the request of creditors for their benefit, I will sell for cash only, for twenty days the large stock of

SUN UMBRELLAS, FANS,
Furnishing Goods,
Trimmings, Hosiery,
RIBBONS, NOTIONS, &C.
Call early and get
GREAT BARGAINS.
J. D. Carlisle's,
37 FIFTH AVE., PITTSBURGH.

BLUE LICK
AND
BEDFORD WATERS
RECEIVED THIS DAY (JULY 24.)

Also, all the principal Imported and Domestic Waters, both on draught and in bottles.

SIMON JOHNSTON
Cor. Third Ave., & Smithfield St.,
Opposite Central Hotel.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
MARKET STREET

Offer special inducements to buyers in every department. Many lines of goods much under value to close.

Dry Goods, Dress Goods,
NOTIONS, SMALL WARES,

Embroideries, Laces, Lace Goods, Hosiery, Gloves, Millinery and Straw Goods.

NEW GOODS OPENING DAILY.

Ladies' Netts and Silk Ties, Palm, Jap. and Folding Fans, Belts, Belting, Mosquito Bars, Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs, Panniers, Corsets, &c.

☞For the 4th of July, large lines Gents' White Cotton and Lisle Gloves.

WHOLESALE ONLY. 77 AND 79 MARKET ST.

MUSSELMAN & CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Manufacturers of all kinds of CHEWING TOBACCO, also the celebrated

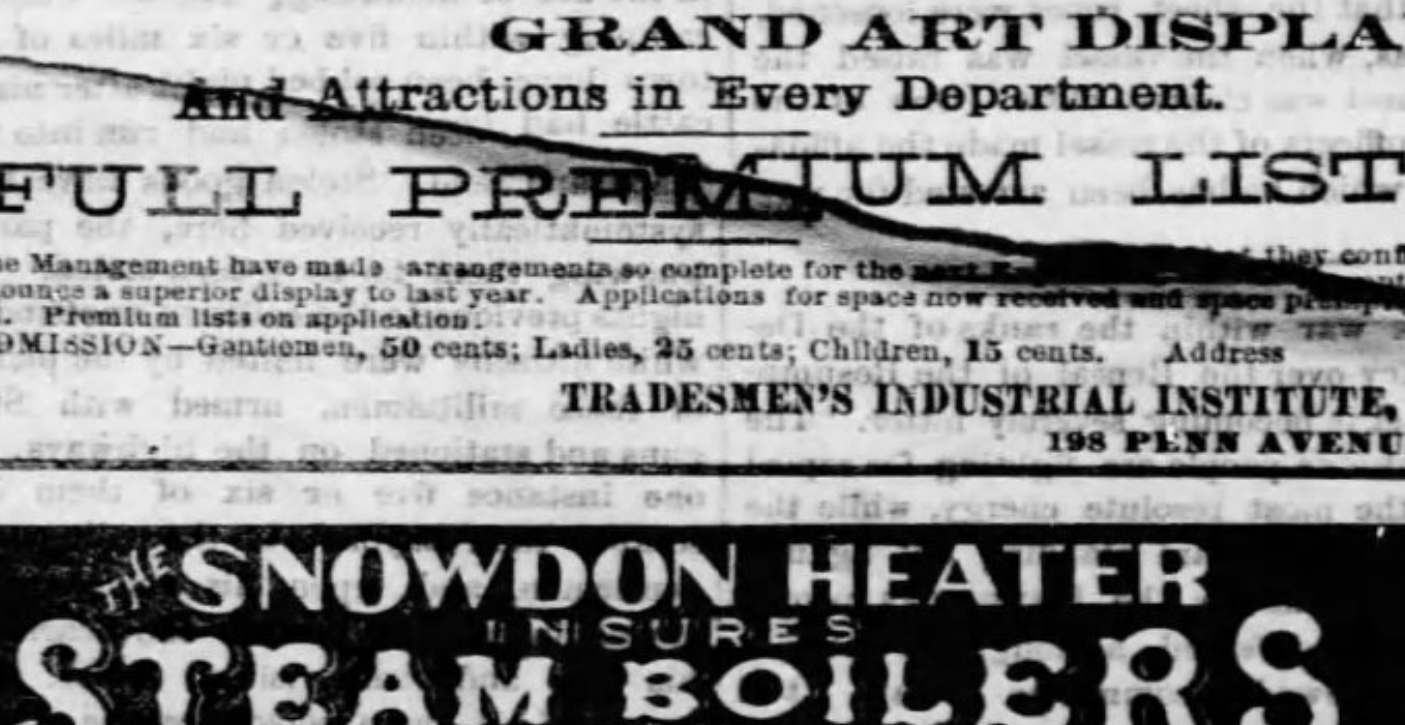
GIANT AND IRONSIDE NAVY,

To be had in Pittsburgh at E. & W. Jenkinson's, John Fullerton & Son, J. W. Taylor, Martin Heyl, T. J. Wallace, J. M. Sichel & Co., E. Poerstell & Co., Carter Brothers, Dilworth Brothers, T. C. Jenkins, Knox & Orr, Herzog & Bachman, Means & Sweeney, also all other Tobacco and Grocery Houses.

1776. OUR CENTENNIAL. 1876.

Second Exposition
OF THE
TRADESMEN'S INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE,

Opens August 16



Closes Sept. 23

NEW FLORAL HALL,
GRAND ART DISPLAY,
And Attractions in Every Department.

FULL PREMIUM LIST.

The Management have made arrangements so complete for the next Exposition that they confidently announce a superior display to last year. Applications for space now received and space promptly assigned. Premium lists on application.

ADMISSION—Gentlemen, 50 cents; Ladies, 25 cents; Children, 15 cents. Address

TRADESMEN'S INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE,
198 PENN AVENUE.

THE SNOWDON HEATER
INSURES
STEAM BOILERS
AGAINST INJURY
CAUSED BY A LOW TEMPERATURE OF FEED WATER.
OVER 2000 BOILERS SUPPLIED THROUGH THESE HEATERS.
CIRCULAR AND PRICE LIST FURNISHED ON APPLICATION.
ATWOOD & McCAFFREY.
50 TO 60 THIRD AVE PITTSBURGH, PA. BET. MARKET & FERRY STS.

FIRST PREMIUM FLANNELS!
At the Pittsburgh Exposition of 1875.
The First Premium was Awarded to
S. BRADLEY & SONS,
FOR
BARRED FLANNELS.
Also, in Process of Manufacture
A superior article of FINE FLANNELS and FANCY KNITTING YARNS.

Wrought Iron Railings and Fences
FOR GARDENS, OFFICES, CEMETERIES, &c.
WIRE WINDOW GUARDS.
LAUDERBACH & CO.,
33 AND 34 WATER STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH HOT AIR FURNACE!
ABSOLUTELY CLEAN! DURABLE! ECONOMICAL!
ADAPTED FOR BITUMINOUS SLACK OR COKE.
INDORSED BY
EDWARD M. BUTZ, Architect.
CHARLES DAVIS, City Engineer.
JOHN MEGRAW, Contractor.
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SAMUEL HASTINGS, Builder.
JAMES LEITCH, Builder.
J. C. PATTERSON, Builder.
JAMES B. CHAMBERS, Builder.
JAMES GILLEAND, Builder.
And Others.
MANUFACTURED BY
L. PETERSON, JR., & CO., 187 LIBERTY ST.

PLUMBING, GAS FITTING AND STEAM HEATING.
The Three Highest Premiums Over All Competitors
AWARDED TO
EDWARD BOURNE,
No. 45 Market Street, Pittsburgh,
For best display of Plumbing work and Steam Heating Apparatus at Pittsburgh Exposition, 1875.

Ben Franklin Insurance Co
INCORPORATED 1866.
OFFICES—41 AND 43 OHIO STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
HENRY IRWIN, President. GEO. D. RIDDLE, Secretary.
SIMON DRUM, Agent.

PICKERSGILL, LYONS & Co.
141 WOOD STREET,
Call attention to their large collection of
Fine Engravings and Photographs,
Many of them appropriately framed. Portrait and Picture Frames, embracing many new styles. Parlor and Table Easels in great variety. Also Pier and Mantel Mirrors of latest designs at very low prices

PITTSBURGH WIRE WORKS,
35 MARKET STREET.

1876. CAMPAIGN. 1876.
Marching Clubs Supplied
WITH
CAPS, CAPES AND TORCHES.
Call and see samples.
R. H. Palmer & Co.,
(LIMITED).
151 WOOD STREET.

THE NEWEST THING OUT.
FOULARD PERCALE SUITS.
IN BLACK,
And the Dark Shades of BLUE, MYRTLE and BROWN.
JUST OPENED BY
F. H. EATON & CO.

CARPETS!
ELEGANT ASSORTMENT.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
29 FIFTH AVENUE.

BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER.
Pier, Dannals & Co.,
SELL THEIR
FINE BOTTLED ALE AND PORTER AT $1.50 PER DOZ., PINTS,
Refunding 70c for the Empty Bottles.
The Best Quality of Ale and Porter
For sale to the trade in Casks or Bott

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING.
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield St.

JOSIAH KING....N. P. REED....GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

Official Paper of Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1876.
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All remittances should be made by Express or in Money Orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.
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Single Subscribers	$1 75
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A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter up of a Club of Ten. Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State also nearest Express Office, in order that ther may be no mistakes in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1876

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

FOR PRESIDENT.
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,
OF OHIO.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.
WILLIAM A. WHEELER,
OF NEW YORK.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 36f.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 108½.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111¾@111½.

JAY COOKE has been discharged from bankruptcy, and is now prepared for business. No objection was made to his discharge.

THE President proposes, in place of the expensive method of fitting out new regiments, that the regular regiments of the army be recruited up to the war standard. This is sensible and necessary.

WE most earnestly hope that WILLIAM M. EVARTS may be selected as the Republican candidate for Governor of New York. He is a man of high and pure character, and a lawyer of eminent ability. Besides, he is popular and his nomination will give strength to the ticket. A better selection could not possibly be made.

THE captain of the yacht Mohawk has been arrested on a charge of perjury. The condition of the mainsail determined the blame for the sinking of the vessel. He swore that the sheet ropes were loosened, whereas, when the vessel was raised the mainsheet was cleated close. One of the under officers of the vessel made the affidavit on which he has been arrested for perjury.

THE war within the ranks of the Democracy over the Repeal of the Resumption act is becoming severely bitter. The HENDRICKS people are fighting for repeal with the most resolute energy, while the TILDEN people are standing out against them. Thus far, the HENDRICKS people have been defeated, although the battle is to be renewed in committee to-day. It is simply a question whether the head or tail of the ticket is most important.

THE re-election of President LERDO DE TEJADA in Mexico looks favorably to the stability of the Republic. As usual, the progress of the canvass was attended by insurrectionary pronunciamentos and armed collisions, but these were less formidable than those heretofore had, and are now speedily giving way before the operations of the Government forces. The Republic is evidently firmly established, and in a few years elections can be held there as peaceably as here.

STANLEY has been heard from. He has traversed large sections of Africa, chiefly those where LIVINGSTONE gained fame but lost his life. STANLEY, however, visited the mountain Gambaraga, and discovered among its uplands a pale-faced tribe, representing a totally different race from the tribes of the plains. He names the large inlet to Albert Nyanza, *Beatrice Gulf*, in honor of the youngest daughter of the Queen of England. He has had an adventurous and stirring march.

THE summing up in the BELKNAP case was in full progress yesterday. Mr. CARPENTER first addressed the Senate, after which Mr. LORD, in behalf of the managers, made the closing speech. There seems to be much doubt as to the result, and particularly as to the amount of time required to be taken by the Senate in reaching a conclusion. It is a very important case, covering points about which there are no precedents, and the Senators are likely to dispute long and fiercely.

As we see it, the bounty bill has small chance of passing at this session of Congress. We cannot think that the majority of the people desire the passage of this bill, taking, as it does, at least $20,000,000 from the Treasury at a time when it is illy able to bear it. We do not doubt that the soldiers think themselves entitled to it, and that the money would do them good. Yet at the present, the people at large, we fear, will oppose the concession, chiefly because of the impoverished condition of the country at large.

THE Indians who have left the agencies to join the SITTING BULL war party have left their women and children on the reservations, to be fed by the Government. It is an open and very important question how far the Government is bound to protect and feed their families, when the warriors go out on the war path. And is there not a defect in our system of dealing with the Indians, when they can run off to war, leaving their families to be protected and supported by the Government? It so seems to us. There is need of a very careful revision of this Indian question.

THE dispatches from Europe relative to the Turkish war and the movements of the great Powers on the subject are so confused and contradictory, that it is only by long and careful examination, comparison and the exercise of sound critical judgment, that any approach to the truth can be reached. The Turks are undoubtedly more formidable against the Servians than any one had expected, and the efforts of Russia to force Roumania into the contest increase daily. The English official diplomatic correspondence submitted to Parliament shows Russia to have been the agent of trouble throughout.

WE wish this freight discrimination issue might be considered by the railroads on the broad issues that are so clearly involved. In place of regarding it as a private grievance, that is complained of on selfish grounds, they can afford to look at it as a question of deep interest to themselves. There is a point beyond which evidence can no further go. But within this it is a question whether double the business, at two-third existing rates, is not better for the railroads than the present amount, particularly if it is rather likely to dwindle than to increase. Pittsburgh palpably must have relief in its general trade, and this the sooner the better.

THE report of Mr. BOUTWELL, of the state of affairs in Mississippi, is the most appalling that has ever been brought to the attention of Congress. While the evidence was being received some of the narrations were so terrible that Senator BAYARD declared he would not receive them under oath. A negro was compelled to support the Democratic party, under a distinct threat of assassination if he flinched. A Philadelphian who moved into Mississippi was deliberately murdered in the presence of his family. And these are but illustrations of outrages perpetrated in all parts of the State. The committee are of the opinion that a strong hand is needed to hold matters right in Mississippi.

THE New York *Herald* goes it strong for MANTON MARBLE, late editor of the New York *World*, for Governor of that State. In urging him, however, we fancy that the *Herald* strikes back blows at TILDEN which it did not intend. "The peculiar fitness of his nomination to succeed Mr. TILDEN as the Governer of New York lies in the fact that he has contributed more than any other individual to Governor TILDEN'S success. During the many years of their intimate association he has influenced Mr. TILDEN more than he was influenced by him, Mr. MARBLE'S strong convictions and unyielding tenacity on questions of principle having operated as a wholesome corrective to his friend's extraordinay skill as a political manipulator. It is creditable to Mr. TILDEN that he appreciated the strong and firm grasp of principles which was a matter of conscience with his friend; but it was Mr. MARBLE'S mind rather than Mr. TILDEN'S that found expression in the bold and masterly Democratic platforms of the last three Democratic State Conventions, which were all of Mr. MARBLE'S composition, and which did so much to put Mr. TILDEN before the country as a staunch advocate of sound political ideas. Each of those State platforms would have been a tame and trimming manifesto on the ordinary commonplace pattern if Mr. MARBLE'S devotion to principle and energy of conviction had not asserted their claims to recognition." If all that is good in TILDEN is from MARBLE, we are glad to know and appreciate the fact. And if TILDEN without him is a mere political trimmer, it is well that we know *that*. The *Herald* seems to speak authoritatively on the subject.

SAMUEL M. C. BUTLER, of South Carolina, and the hero of Hamburg, makes his defense in a public letter which charges upon the negroes many crimes and annoyances, and makes these the reason for the murderous assault on the blacks. We give his indictment of the colored people of Hamburg: "The town had a negro intendent, a negro alderman, negro marshals. It was almost a terror to every white man whose business required him to pass through it. They had harbored thieves and criminals from every direction. They had arrested and fined some of the best and most peaceable citizens for the most trivial offenses against their ordinances—some for drinking out of a spring adjacent to the highway. One young man was fired upon, the ball passing through his hat, arrested, dragged to prison and heavily fined, because his horse shied on the edge of a sidewalk. An old man was arrested, insulted and fined, because his horse turned on the sidewalk as he was in the act of mounting. Market wagons, camping within five or six miles of the town have been robbed night after night, cattle had been stolen and run into this place and sold. Stolen goods have been systematically received here, the parties knowing them to have been stolen. For nights previous to the collision unoffending white citizens were halted by the pickets of these militiamen, armed with State guns and stationed on the highways. In one instance five or six of them had scraped their bayonets on the palings of a gentleman, and upon his remonstrance cursed and abused him in the hearing of his wife and some visiting ladies. The names of all these persons can be given." We suggest that all these petty grievances were such as could be remedied legally; and if their local courts would not do it, appeal could have been taken to the higher courts. But as an excuse for the murders perpetrated, the charges made are puerile and trifling.

THE HIGH SCHOOL.

The trouble experienced by the Central Board of Education in making arrangements to accommodate the increasing demands of the High School, has, we believe, been settled for the present by determining to make the existing building answer, without increasing expense. This is a wise conclusion, as in these times, there is very decided sensitiveness on the part of the people, relative to the cost of the High School. We do not wish to echo unreasonable complaints against any public institution, but at the present it is better to understand and appreciate the popular feeling, and conform to it. The pressure of the times is very heavy on the masses of our people, and the burthens of taxation are particularly severe. In flush times, and for that matter, at any time, our people incline to be liberal toward public education. So marked has this liberality been, that we are not exceeded, as to the quality of our school edifices, by any in the country. The several wards are supplied with the best school edifices, so far as size adaption and quality are concerned, that could be provided. While the location of our High School is in some respects unfortunate, it has been carefully looked after by the Central Board, and its wants generally supplied. We do not mean to intimate that aside from the building, the High School has had lavish expenditures made upon it,—on the contrary, we believe the Central Board has been careful, at least in many departments of expenditure.

Criticism has been called out, once or twice, over the average cost per pupil, in the High School. We have joined in this criticism, and while we have not examined last year's figures, believe it was unreasonably high. This, however, is not the purpose of our present writing. It is to call attention to the fact that there is yet much of the old prejudice against the High School remaining, and that this prejudice is all the more aroused by the prevalence of severe taxation. There are many who declare that it is maintained for the benefit of the few, and that the many should not be burthened with its cost. It is further stated that only those who are able to support their children after they have reached a working age can enjoy the advantages of the High School. Still further, the rich who have no children, or who send them to other schools, complain of the heavy addition to their taxes occasioned by the expensiveness of the High School. We do not justify these complaints, but simply warn the Central Board of a danger which exists. It is essential that in the High School, as well as in all departments of the city government, there should be the most rigid economy. Of course the effectiveness of the school should not be impaired, but no outlays should be made that are not absolutely necessary.

HAYES AS A MAN.

An old and intimate friend of Governor HAYES recently delivered an address, recounting the estimate he had of the Republican candidate for the Presidency, from which several new points are given as to the peculiarities and character of Mr. HAYES as a man. He says that "neither his body nor his mind runs into rickety proportions. Place him on a platform together with one hundred distinguished men, and call in an able connoisseur, who has neither seen nor heard of any one of them, and he will point him out as a model man; neither too large nor too small, nor too tall nor too short, nor too fat nor too lean, nor too old nor too young. A man in the prime and vigor of healthful manhood, with blood in his veins and marrow in his bones; able to endure any labor, either of mind or of body, which may devolve upon him." This is, in itself, a fine and commendable quality. We need a person of evenly balanced mind, rather than an erratic genius in the Presidential chair.

Another qualification dwelt on by the speaker. "In addition to large stores of common sense, and common information, and common honesty, which are the chief qualifications, it is desirable that the Chief Magistrate of the Nation should write and speak the nations language with propriety; and nobody who knows him doubts the ability of Mr. HAYES to do so. But I make no apology for his lack of scholarship. At twenty years of age he took his degree of Bachelor of Arts at Kenyon College, with the first honors of his class. Shortly after he took his degree of Bachelor of Law at Harvard University, and he has been a diligent student ever since, except when the arduous duties of his camp absorbed his time. Of the fifteen Presidents who have gone before, THOMAS JEFFERSON and JOHN QUINCY ADAMS only have surpassed him in scholarship, while neither WASHINGTON, nor JACKSON, nor LINCOLN, were his equals in this respect." This rates Mr. HAYES higher than has been currently done, but not higher than he deserves. It is evident that he has not been appeciated at his full worth. His early scholarship, his after success in whatever position he was placed, and the regularity with which the people of Ohio turn toward him whenever they have a forlorn hope shows that while well balanced and therefore not obtrusive, he is a strong and popular man.

Of his firm adherence to principle, the speaker also gives a clear illustration. He says of him, in this respect: "This man had no natural bent to military life—no fondness for bloodshed. No Quaker ever loved peace and harmony more than he. But when the alternative of live or die, sink or swim, was presented to the country in which he was born and reared—when the glorious fabric of Republican freedom reared by our fathers was assailed by traitor hands, and menaced to be laid in ruin, and the hope of the world blasted; when this broad land, mapped out by the finger of God as the side of freedom's empire, was about to be torn asunder, and a new empire erected on its ruins, with slavery for its corner-stone; when English aristocracy proclaimed the American Republic a failure, then this unpretending young man buckled on his sword and marched to the field, asking no questions what was to befal him, if his country could be saved; and having 'put his hand to the plow,' never for a moment looked back, till he saw the capitol of treason fall, and the traitor chief an exile, hiding in female attire from the vengeance of his country." It might have been further said that his record in the army was a very excellent one. While not dashing or brilliant, he was brave and reliable, and these qualities are quite as important as dash and brilliancy.

His career as Governor of Ohio will be naturally scanned, as furnishing the best clue to his probable success. There he has not been a rigid partisan, but has sought to administer his office to the best advantage of the people of the entire State It has been mentioned that in making up commissions and arranging appointments, he has not hesitated to give the Democrats a fair showing. In making his selections he has sought the highest and best type of men available, and these have been invariably put in office. Yet he has satisfied the party by the evident justice and right judgment displayed in his course. Such is the man put at the head of the Republican ticket. In all that constitutes honest reform, his declarations are as strong as those of any other, and his character, we submit, which is the guarantee of the faith with which those declarations will be given effect, is far better than that of TILDEN. Hence he stands fair and pure, the representative of reform in character and spirit.

SELF IMPOSED BURDENS.

The Penances From Which People Suffer.

Proverbial philosophy and common intelligence unite in denouncing extravagance, profligacy, idleness, and its opposite, reckless overwork, as the sources of a large proportion of all the miseries that affect humanity. Yet a multitude in each generation, failing to profit by the sad examples that its predecessors have afforded, follows in their path and incurs the same fate.

In old and overcrowded countries there must be a great deal of suffering which is avoidable in our own fresher and happier nation. Sickness and misfortunes of various kinds occur everywhere, but aristocratic usurpations, low wages, and land monopoly, are comparatively unknown with us. When a family is long miserable other causes than those which can be denominated visitations of Providence must be generally sought for.

We are not disposed to indulge in sermonizing during this midsummer weather, and accordingly pass over the graver delinquencies in which men display their stupidity. There are lighter forms of infraction—at any rate they are viewed more indulgently by respectable society—that deserve notice. Drunkenness is no longer respectable, but dyspepsia, which is generally as plain an indication of violated hygienic laws as delerium tremens, brings no odium on the sufferer. Conceding that the glutton, or the eater of food that is poisonous, at least to himself, is not such a nuisance as the drunkard, he is often disagreeable on account of his ill temper, and is incapacitated for the full discharge of the duties of the citizen or member of the household. He soon learns by experience that he cannot eat such and such articles with impunity, yet he persists in their consumption. It is not pleasant to be confined to oat-meal, but if such is a man's only healthy aliment he is in duty bound to eschew all other dishes.

As in diet, so in money matters. Micawber bore witness to a great truth when he declared that misery or bliss was to be realized according as one's expenditures were within a shilling above or below his income. One does not require a knowledge of the higher mathematics to discover the true relations of debit and credit; still, lower motives, the chief of which is vanity, are driving tens of thousands to bankruptcy, and the procession of victims will last, we suppose, to the end of time. The man, too, who refuses to take any enjoyment as he goes along, deferring all pleasure until the very uncertain day when he can afford to rest, is scarcely less foolish then the waster of money and time. Both these classes, and others we might instance, are making the journey of life with burdens on their backs, to the weight of which they are constantly making additions.

True Economy of Life.

The true economy of human life looks at ends rather than incidents, and adjusts expenditures to a moral scale of values. De Quincey pictures a woman sailing over the water, awakening out of a sleep to find her necklace untied and one end hanging over the stream, while pearl after pearl drops from the string beyond her reach; while she clutches at one just falling, another drops beyond recovery. Our days drop one after another by our carelessness, like pearls from a string, as we sail the sea of life. Prudence requires a wise husbanding of time to see that none of these golden coin are spent for nothing. The waste of time is a more serious loss than the extravagance against which there is such loud acclaim. There are thousands who do nothing but lounge and carouse from morning till midnight; drones in the human hive, who consume and waste the honey that honest workers wear themselves out in making, and insult the day by their debauch. There are ten thousand idol, frivolous creatures who do nothing but consume and waste and wear what honest hands accumulate, and entice others to live as useless and worthless as themselves. Were every man and woman honest toilers, all would have an abundance of everything and half of every day for recreation and culture. The expenditure of a few dollars on taste is a small matter in comparison with the wasting of months and years by thousands who have every advantage society can offer, and exact every privilege it affords as a right.

Movements of Prominent Braves.

Young Man-Who-Parts-His-Hair-in-the-Middle, of the Swell-head tribe, has gone to Saratoga.

The-Man-Who-Stands-Up-in-the-Car-for-Women, of the Soft-heads, has retired to his reservation.

Hog-Who-Spits-Tobacco-Juice-on-the-Floor, has been choked to death by an old soldier.

Man-Who-Wants-Ten-Cents-to-Pay-His-Fare-Home-on-the-Railway, has gone to the agency for more fire-water.

Snob-Who-Carries-a-Club-for-a-Cane, of the Chuckleheads, has disappeared from his hunting grounds.—*Boston Bulletin.*

The Cause of the Fire.

A fire was caused in Scranton the other day by the sun's rays glancing off a citizen's nose and concentrating on a frame shed. The owner of the nose doesn't belong to a temperance society. He argues that a little wine for the stomach sake will harm no one.

MARRIAGE SUPERSTITIONS.

The Good and Bad Omens of Future Hymeneal Happiness.

Since marriage became an institution there have been certain signs and superstitions that have clung to its celebration through all ages and in all countries. Even to-day in the most civilized nations we have not entirely rid our minds of the superstitions, and warrant there is never a bride but indulges herself in looking for some happy omen. Few people are dauntless enough to be married on Friday, and we all have the most unlimited confidence in that old shoe thrown after the newly-wedded pair. Nearly every bride of to-day wears about her when she is married some trifling thing borrowed from a lady friend, and all know that "Blest is the bride on whom the sun doth shine," and are equally certain that

"To change the name and not the letter,
Is a change for the worse and not for the better."

So on, quite indefinitely, it is wonderful how these ancient signs are handed down from generation to generation, and how impotent reason is to do away with their hold upon the human mind. Let us recall a few of the olden beliefs concerning marriage superstitions. In the earliest weddings we read of among the Jews, we find that the fourth day of the week was considered the unlucky day for virgins to wed, and the fifth for widows. The Romans also believed that certain days were unfavorable for the performance of marriage rites, and these were the Calends, Nones and Ides of every month, the whole months of February and May, and many of their festivals. June was considered the most propitious month of the year for matrimony, especially if the day chosen were that of the full moon or the conjunction of the sun and moon.

The month of May was especially to be avoided, as it was under the influence of spirits adverse to happy households, and for centuries this superstition seemed to prevail in Italy against May marriages, and even to this day prevails in some parts of England and our own country. In China, marriages are positively prohibited at certain times and seasons, on account of their being unlucky.

There was at one time a superstition current in England against marrying on Innocents' Day, the 28th of December, a day of ill omen, because it was the one which commemorated Herod's massacre of the children. And it is still thought unlucky to marry in Lent. "Marry in Lent, and you'll live to repent." An old line also says, "May never was ye month of love," and another, "Who marries between ye sickle and ye sythe will never thrive." The old rhyme that we have all heard tells us to marry on

"Monday for wealth
Tuesday for health,
Wednesday the best day of all,
Thursday for crosses,
Friday for losses,
Saturday no luck at all."

At one time it was thought that all those who married on Tuesdays and Thursdays would be happy. Among the Romans no marriage was celebrated without an augur being first consulted.

In the middle ages it was considered an ill omen if the bridal party, in going to the church, met a monk, priest, hare, dog, cat, lizard or serpent; while all would go well if a wolf, spider or toad were encountered.

It is lucky if the initials of a wedded couple spell a word.

In the south of England it is said to be unlucky for a bride to look in the glass after she is completely dressed before she goes to the church; so a glove or some other article is put on after the last look has been taken at the mirror. Gray horses at a wedding are lucky. It is supposed to be unlucky if a wife does not weep on her wedding day. In Scotland it is considered an unhappy omen if a couple are disappointed in getting married on the day first fixed for that purpose.

In the Isle of Man it is believed that it insures good luck to carry salt in the pocket when going to be married. At Hull it is considered unlucky to go in one door and out at another when a person gets married.

Whoever goes to sleep first on the wedding night will die first.

If there is an odd number of guests at a wedding one is sure to die within the succeeding twelve months.

A Rignold Story.

The "Divine Rignold" is said to be of a frugal mind, and therefore will not object if we treat his female admirers to the following little anecdote, which has the usual advantage of being true. Among "King Henry's" New York admirers was a rich young widow of Fifth avenue. Every evening this infatuated devotee attended Booth's, and regularly engaged all the lower stage boxes, so that no hated rival could be so near the adored object as she. This ran on until one day she presented herself at Business Manager Flanigan's office.

"Sir," she said, her face crimson with blushes. "I will give you $500 to be allowed to stand in one of the stage balconies in the 'Entry of London' scenes for a week."

The matter-of-fact Flanigan assented, and the money was paid. It was arranged that the lady should come every night with the requisite dress under her cloak. At a certain moment she left her box, waved her scarf with the rest during the procession, and then retired. On the sixth evening her maid was replacing her wraps in the box, when the door was flung open and Harry of England clanked in his armor.

"Are you Mrs. ———?," he said excitedly.

His worshipper faltered an assent.

"And did you give Flanigan $500 to let you stand in the balcony?"

"I did," reverently murmured the widow.

"Confuse your simple head, why didn't you give it to me!" and the door slammed after the hero like one of the cannon at Harfleur.

The sequel was a reluctant and illiberal "divvy" by Flaniganet.

A Diplomatic Prima Donna.

The escapade of Miss Emma Abbott, the new American prima donna, is making even more excitement than her London triumphant debut did. Dr. Chapin's rich parishioners, who united and supported her in Europe while she was obtaining her musical education, are inexpressibly shocked and grieved to ascertain that the maiden who was represented as a prodigy of self-denial and truthfulness, has been married, for nobody knows how long, to a New Yorker named Wetherel. Wetherel has for a long time hung upon the verge of journalism, and is a "smart" man with all that the word implies. The announcement is all the more painful because it jostles down a very high castle of personal heroism in which the girl had lived for years, as she herself was always ready to confess. Here was a sort of Casper Hauser tale of poverty and struggle; roving hungry and barefoot, with the guitar for her sole companion, playing here for a dinner, there for a bed, always entrancing by her music, like George Sand's Consuelo in the streets of Venice (and nobody suspecting that she had an Anzoleto), coming to New York with sanguine expectations of an engagement; hope followed by despair; meeting at last Frank B. Carpenter, the artist, who—most sympathetic, tender-hearted and gallant of mortals—took her to his house, sheltered her, gave her a generous brother's care, and introduced her to those from whose patronage she stepped to fame. All the romance of her youthful struggle may be true; but her secret marriage has caused much bitterness among the friends here who formerly believed in her implicitly.—*New York Letter.*

Somewhat Unpleasant.

In a Larnerd street saloon yesterday, says M Quad, a number of men were talking about the Indian war and its horrors. All of a sudden one of them jumped to his feet, threw his hat on the floor, and exclaimed:

"I am for war to the knife! Sound the bugle for patriots to gather! Before another week—aye! before the sun of to-morrow sinks to rest, I shall be on my way to defend my country with my life!"

As the crowd applauded a bare-footed boy with rags around five or six different toes, slouched in, walked up to the patriot, and said;

"Come down to the house, dad. There's a feller there who says he's a constable, and the landlord is there, and there's a big crowd around, and the way our old furniture is being set out of doors is just killing mother."

A True Index.

It is easy enough, in passing along the resident streets to tell where a mother is on an excursion. Just watch the children. One boy will have a pocket full of sugar, another is making a circus tent of the best tablecloth, another has the clock set up in the back yard, and the girls are preparing "tea" with a pint of water, a slice of bread, a broken tumbler and a rolling-pin as eatables, while the sprinkling-pot stands in the centre of the table for an ice pitcher.

How He Decided.

A Norristown gentleman, who couldn't decide to which one of the leading American colleges to send his son, has now concluded to enter him in the one that made the poorest time at the recent boat races at Saratoga. He thinks there is more studying and less boat racing at that institution.

Evils of Early Rising.

The attention of medical men in this great republic, observes *Hawkeye* Burdett, is called to the injudicious and absolutely hateful habit much in vogue in the moral districts and among early risers in the city, of getting up in the night to eat. This nocturnal meal is faintly disguised under the name of breakfast, and there is no doubt that it has much to do with creating, spreading and sustaining the national disease dyspepsia. The custom is sometimes visited by severe judgments, but nothing seems able to deter its votaries from continuing its practices. We once took summer boarding with a man who used to eat in the night and roused up all his household to share the unnatural meal. One night he stirred us all up at 4:30 o'clock to eat. We rose and ate. That very day his best cow immolated herself on a wire fence, one of his horses bit himself with a rattlesnake, a reaping machine ate up his best farm hand, a distant relative sent his youngest boy a drum, his wife took to writing poetry, and one of his most popular, talented and handsome boarders flitted, leaving an unpaid summer's board bill to remember him by. The latter circumstance is indelibly impressed upon our memory, and we often think of it in connection with the somewhat striking coincidence that we have never been in that country since.

A Modern George Washington.

Yesterday morning, remarks the Burlington *Hawk-Eye*, a careless mason dropped a half brick from the second story of a building out on Jefferson street on which he was at work. Leaning over the wall and glancing downward, he discovered a respectable citizen, with his silk hat scrouched over his eyes and ears, rising from a recumbent posture. The mason, in tones of some apprehension, asked: "Did that brick hit anyone down there?" The citizen, with great difficulty extricating himself from the glove-fitting extinguisher into which his hat had been transformed, replied, with considerable wrath, "Yes, sir, it did; it hit me." "That's right," exclaimed the mason, in tones of undisguised admiration: "noble man! I would rather have wasted a thousand bricks than have had you tell me a lie about it." This accident has a centennial moral, and a large reward is offered to anyone who will discover what it is.

How They "Resumed."

They looked sad, and doubtless felt so, remarks the Atlanta *Constitution*, as they stood up against the horse rack.

"Times iz hard!" sighed one.

"Wurs than confedrit!" the other responded.

"An' work's too exhaustin!"

"Hit draws a man down pow'rful!"

"I never did see money so hard to get a fist on."

"Yas, hit's skaser'n hen's teeth."

"But I've got one fifty cent note left, you bet."

"Ah, well; I hain't."

"Let's soak her down for the drinks!"

"Now, that soun's sumthin' like resumshun of buzness, that do!"

And they hid themselves behind the bar-screen in a jiffy.

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Paper Warehouse,
NO. 309 LIBERTY STREET,
Flour Sacks and Grocer's Bags, also, Dealers in Brushes, Woodenware, &c., &c.,
309 Liberty St., Head of Smithfield St.

WALL PAPER!

Be of good cheer
To all good people it doth appear
That spring time housewifery draweth near,
Therefore

W. P. Marshall
Hath received a new collection of
WALL PAPERS
In Leather, Brocade, Gold, Satin Stencil-panels, Pictures, Illuminated Borders and Surbases, in styles old and styles new, at all grades of prices, at
NEW STORE ROOMS,
74 SEVENTH STREET.
(FORMERLY IRWIN.)

FOR THE CENTENNIAL
AND
Summer Excursionists!

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S
Fine Russia and Grain Leather
Traveling Satchels,
LUNCH BASKETS,
Fine Ivory and Rosewood Hair Brushes,
RAZOR STRAPS, CLOTHES BRUSHES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
C. Yeager & Co.
110 MARKET STRETT.

20 BBLS. CHOICE NAVY BEANS For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS. DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

1876. ESTABLISHED 23 YEARS. 1876.

SATURDAY, JULY 22.

NEW GOODS, FRESH STOCK, CHOICE ASSORTMENT AND LOWEST PRICES,
AT
WILLIAM SEMPLE'S, Nos. 165, 167 and 169 Federal Street, Allegheny City

Dress Goods.
On our counters in our Dress Goods Department we have placed some extra good bargains, and respectfully ask attention to a few.
At 5c, a great bargain in wide Black Hernanis.

Grenadines.
At 6¼c, an extra bargain in Silk Striped Grenadines.
At 12½c, choice assortment Striped Grenadines, worth 37½c.
From 15c per yard upward, Striped and Fancy Plaid Hernanis and Grenadines—much less than usual prices.

New Plaids.
At 8, 8¾, 10 and 12½c, new styles Summer Plaids, sold usually at 10, 12½ and 15c.
At 12½, 15, 18¾, 20 and 22c and up to 50c, special good bargains in Colored Alpacas.
At 12½, 20 and 22c, Manchester Debeges, all shades, a bargain.

Mohairs, &c.
At 25 to 50c, extra good value in Brocaded Mohairs and Debeges.
At 37½c, Spun Silk Plaids, worth 50c.
At 45, an extra bargain in Seal Brown Cashmeres, worth 62½c.

New Silks.
At 75c, special bargains in Striped Silks, sold formerly at $1.
At $1 to $2.50, bargains in Colored Dress Silks, and special low prices on Black Dress Silks, all qualities.

New Lawns, &c.
Lowest prices for Plaid and Fancy Lawns, Dress Linens, Batiste Cloths, Chintzes, Plain and Fancy, &c.

White Goods.
Extra good bargains in a full and choice line of White Goods. White Piques from 11c upward. Nainsooks, Jaconets, Swisses, Cambrics, Tarlataines, &c., from 12½c upward, all one-third less than usual prices.

Made-up Suits.
Special good bargains in Ladies' and Misses' Suits. At $2, Ladies' White Suits. Plain, Braided and Embroidered Linen Suits for Ladies and Misses, at special low prices.

Underwear.
Ladies' and Misses' Gauze and light weight Merino Underwear, and a great variety of styles in Muslin Underwear of best make and materials, very low prices.

Waists, &c.
Ladies' Skirts, Waists, Toilet Sacques, Nightdresses and Embroidered Toilet Dresses, very low.

New Shawls.
New Fancy Striped and Plain Shawls of all grades and qualities, choice assortment, at very lowest prices.

New Clothing.
At less than usual prices, a full and complete stock of seasonable Clothing of all kinds, for Gents, Youths, Boys and Children.

Boots and Shoes.
The best possible value in Boots, Shoes, Gaiters and Slippers, for Gents, Youths, Boys, Ladies, Misses and Children, all grades and sizes.

Domestic Goods.
Our Domestic Goods Department is always attractive. New fresh stock at all times, and always the lowest prices.

Sheetings.
At 4½, 5, 6¼, 7 and 8c, good heavy Unbleached Sheetings.
At 6¼, 7c and 8½c, fine soft-finish Bleached Muslins.

Muslins.
At 10 and 12½c, best and oldest makes of Bleached Shirting Muslins, much better value than usual.
At 12½c, 46-inch Bleached Pillow-Case Muslins.

Towelings.
Extra good bargains in all-Linen Towels and Towelings. Loom Linens and Table Damasks, Shirting and Furniture Checks, Cheviot Shirtings, Ginghams.

Bed Quilts.
Special good bargains in White Bed Quilts at from 25c to $1 each less than former and usual prices.

Table Covers.
At $1, extra large Wool Embossed Table Covers, worth $1.50.
Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings and Upholstery Goods of all kinds at our usual low prices.

Traveling Trunks.
Much lower prices than usual for Ladies' and Gents' Traveling Trunks, all sizes and styles, from $1.25 each upward.

New Parasols.
At reduced prices, a few Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas, Plain and Twilled Silk, in a choice variety of handles, much less than former prices.

Straw Hats.
Ladies' and Misses' Straw Hats from 5c upward. Pamela Bonnets at 12½c and Misses' Leghorn Hats from 12½c up.

Edgings, &c.
Hamburg Edgings and Insertings, a beautiful variety of designs from 5c to 75c, fully one-third to one-half less than value.
Special bargains in Ladies' all-Linen Handkerchiefs from 5c upward.

Embroideries.
Linen Embroideries and Insertings at very low prices.
New Shapes in Hats and Bonnets, new Flowers, Feathers, Tips and Wings, new Ribbons, all shades and widths.

Dress Shirts.
We still invite the attention of our patrons to the extra good value offered in Gents' Dress Shirts. At 75c, full and well made unlaundried Shirt, 3-ply Linen Front and Cuffs, sold usually at 90c and $1.

For One Dollar.
At $1, Unlaundried Shirts, made of and guaranteed Wamsutta Muslin, 3-ply Linen Cuffs and Fronts, an extra good bargain.

The "Progress."
At $1, the "Progress" Shirt, two in one, worth $2.50; all should see this novelty.

New Goods Arriving Daily and Extra Good Bargains in Every Department.

BARGAINS!!
TUESDAY, JULY 25th.
B. AND B.
DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

Yard wide fine Brown Muslin 6¼c. Yard wide fine Brown Muslin 7c. Yard wide fine Brown Muslin 8½c. Yard wide Bleached Muslin 8½c, soft finish, a good bargain. Brown and Bleached Sheeting Pillow Case Cottons. New Table Linens, Bleached and Half Bleached, Turkey Red, &c. Towels and Towelings at low prices. New Prints, dark work. New Foulard Chintzes in Navy Blue, Browns and Blacks; just opened, styles very choice.

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.

Plaid Dress Goods 6¼, 8¾, 10, 12½c and up, about one-half the price of same goods a few days ago. Linens for Dusters and Suits, 36-inch wide, 22½, 25, 28 and 31c, former price 25, 31 and 37½c; these are prices well worthy an examination.

Black Silks! Black Silks!

We will offer some special bargains in Silks for the next ten days, having made same recent large purchases at exceedingly low prices. Gros Grain Silk $1, $1.20, $1.25, $1.50 and up. Also, a full line of our celebrated "Hand-Loom" Silk, $1.50, $1.75, $2, $2.25, and up to $4. Also, new Colored Silks in the new fall shades, purchased by one of the firm now in the Eastern markets.

BLACK CASHMERES!

Would call particular attention to the celebrated Black Cashmere de Ecosse, new importation, at 75, 85, 90, 95c and $1. New Alpacas, Mohairs, Brilliantines, &c. Silk Warp Henriettas and Cashmeres. A careful examination of quality and prices earnestly solicited.

BOGGS & BUHL,
128 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

N. B.—New Hamburg Edgings at 5c per yard and up, very handsome styles

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS.
CARPETS. OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, Window Shades, AT LOWEST PRICES. CARPETS.
D. & F. S. WELTY,
115 and 117 Federal St.,
ALLEGHENY.

CALDWELL'S NEW BUILDING.
CARPETS.
There are Three Reasons Why Everybody Should Buy from
M'FARLAND, COLLINS & CO.,
NO. 101 FIFTH AVENUE.

1st—Our sales room being on Second Floor, our expenses are less than any other house of the same class.
2d—We buy everything from Manufacturers, so that our customers have but one profit to pay.
3d—We sell for Cash, avoiding thereby losses by bad debts, and are offering goods at the LOWEST PRICES.

NEW
SPRING PATTERNS
JUST OPENED.
Next to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice.

ARCHITECTS.

BOYD & GAMBLE
ARCHITECTS
GERMANIA BANK BUILDING,
Corner of Wood street and Diamond alley.

T. D. EVANS,
ARCHITECT,
Has returned from Europe.
OFFICE—56 FIFTH AVENUE,
b65 PITTSBURGH.

BARR & MOSER,
ARCHITECTS
HAVE REMOVED to the GAZETTE building,
Cor. Sixth avenue and Smithfield street.

E. M. BUTZ, Architect,
64 and 66 Federal street, Allegheny,
has designed and superintended the erection of the Penna. Reform School Buildings, German Evangelical Lutheran Church, Second Ward Public School, Allegheny, Seventh U. P. Church, 44th street, Pittsburgh, City Hall, New Castle, Pa., Boyle Block, Federal street, Allegheny, and numerous public and private buildings.

JOSEPH MCNAUGHER......SAM'L MCNAUGHER.
PAVING.
We are prepared to pave, repave or repair streets, side-walks and yards with stone, brick or flags, furnishing and setting curbstones at lowest prices to justify good work.
We will furnish contractors and others with curbstones, cut or rough. Orders prompty attended to. Address
McNAUGHER & CO.,
322 Federal street, Allegheny City.
Office hours 11 to 1 and 4 to 6 P. M.

DUFF & CAMPBELL,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Window Glass
And dealers in French and Enameled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, w be prep ared to fill all orders from a single light up wards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER STREET, between Wood and Smithfield.

CEMENT—100 BBLS. CHOICE PORT LAND Cement. For sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
June 8, 1876. 116 Water street.

INSURANCE.

ÆTNA INSURANCE CO.
INCORPORATED 1819.
Charter Perpetual. Capital, $3,000,000. Losses Paid in 55 years, $44,500,000.
JANUARY 1, 1876.
ASSETS.
(At Market Value.)

Cash on hand and in bank	$ 538,559 74
Cash in hands of agents and in transit	436,501 63
Real Estate	365,000 00
Mortgage bonds	1,418,960 00
Bank and Trust Company stocks	1,330,150 00
Railroad Stocks	579,686 00
Loans on bond and mortgage	81,500 00
Loans on collaterals	13,727 00
United States, State and city stock and other securities	1,969,465 61
Total	$6,792,649 98
LIABILITIES.	
Claims not due and unadjusted	$ 246,385 50

S. S. CARRIER, AGENT,
59 Fourth Avenue.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH. Incorporated March 1849.
CAPITAL $225,000.
FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE.
Losses Promptly adjusted and Paid.
Office First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street.
DIRECTORS.

Alex. Nimick,	Reuben Miller, Jr.,
Alex. Speer,	Andrew Ackley,
Wm. Morrison,	David M. Long,
Charles J. Clarke,	John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Evans,	John Wilson,
Philip Reymer,	John R. Jackson,

H. Sellers McKee.
ALEX. NIMICK, President.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

PENNSYLVANIA INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, No. 8 SIXTH AVENUE, Bank of Commerce Building.
This is a Home Company, offering good security to the insured. Risks taken at reasonable rates and losses promptly settled and paid.
DIRECTORS.

C. Yeager,	James Graham,
L. Walter,	Geo. W. Evans,
W. W. Patrick,	Jas. P. Brewer,
C. C. Boyle,	Louis J. Aaron,
J. C. Lappe,	J. C. Fleiner,
Jacob Painter,	J. S. Reymer.
Thomas Mellon,	

C. YEAGER, President. L. WALTER, Vice President.
W. W. PATRICK, Treasurer. THOS. D. KELLER, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.
OFFICE, NO. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.
Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.
JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
JAS. S. McCORD, Vice President.
C. C. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.
DIRECTORS.

John Irwin, Jr.,	W. H. Everson,
C. G. Hussey,	Geo. W. Cochran,
Harvey Childs,	Hugh S. Fleming,
Charles Hays,	James S. McCord,
Capt. Wm. Dean,	T. H. Nevin,
B. L. Fahnestock	John F. Robinson.

Delaware Mutual Safety Insurance Co.,
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Incorporated 1835. Established in Pittsburgh 1844
Assets Nov. 1, 1874, over $2,000,000.
F. A. MADEIRA. Agent,
Company's Building,
No. 63 FOURTH AVENUE.

CHINA, GLASSWARE, &c.

Best Bargains
EVER OFFERED IN PITTSBURGH.

In order to reduce stock and make room for new importations, will sell for
THIRTY DAYS,
At the following
LOW PRICES.

Best Stone China Tea Sets, 46 pieces, $4.00.
Best Stone China Dinner Sets, 101 pieces, $15.00.
Best Stone China Chamber Sets, $3.75.
Decorated China Tea Sets, 44 pieces, $8,00.
Best China Dinner Sets, $30.00.
Decorated Dinner Sets, very low.
Vase and Mantle Ornaments.
Silver and Britannia Ware.
All Reduced!
100 WOOD ST.
GEO. H. GARBER.

FRENCH GLASS SHADES!
For covering Wax Flowers, Clocks, Stuffed Birds, Goods in Show Windows, &c. Extra heavy Shades for Cemetery use.
W. C. ARMOR,
No. 16 Sixth Street, near Suspension Bridge.

ICE.

ICE! ICE!
ICE.
KEYSTONE ICE CO.,
NEGLEY BROTHERS & CUNNINGHAM.
GOOD ICE AND PLENTY OF IT.
Our customers are guaranteed a full supply during the entire season. Ice delivered by the pound, cwt., ton or car load, at lowest market rates. Send to or leave orders at offices, 109 Fourth avenue, or Beatty street, near Hiland avenue, East End. P. O. Box 404. e19

$10 TO $500 IN WALL STREET often leads to fortune. A 72 page book entitled "Men and Idioms of Wall Street," explaining everything.
Sent Free. JOHN HICKLING & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 72 Broadway, N.Y. d38-3m-TTs

REMOVALS.

REMOVAL
CAYWOOD & LEWIS,
General Produce Commission Merchants,
Have removed to 335 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. Agents for TWIN BROS. YEAST.

REMOVAL.
Watt, Lang & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
FLOUR DEALERS
HAVE REMOVED TO
331 LIBERTY STREET.

REMOVAL.
THE CLOTHING AND
Merchant Tailoring House
OF
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.
Has been Removed to
No. 42 Fifth Avenue,
Between Wood and Market Sts.

In opening our NEW ROOMS we offer to our friends and the public the largest and most complete stock of Goods ever displayed in our city. Patrons of our house will believe us when we say we are determined to keep our prices as low as any house in the country. In our removal we have reduced our rent and other expenses, at the same time having better facilities for doing business. Our efforts are to keep the best quality of Goods to be sold at the very lowest prices. Our

Ready-Made Clothing Departments
Are complete with all the latest styles of CHILDREN'S, BOYS' AND MEN'S CLOTHING of the best fabrics and finest workmanship. In the

Merchant Tailoring Department
We have a large and varied stock of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., consisting of all the very latest styles.
With the well-known reputation of our Cutters, we defy competition, either in style, fit or prices of our garments.

CALL, EXAMINE AND CONVINCE YOURSELVES.
Our determination is to do business to suit the times, giving you the best quality of Goods at the very lowest prices.
URLING, FOLLANSBEE & CO.,
Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,
No. 42 Fifth avenue.

HARDWARE.

LANE BROTHERS
POCKET KNIVES,
Knives and Forks,
SPOONS, SCISSORS,
AXES, SHOVELS, LOCKS,
Hinges, Nails, Files, etc
Carpenter's, Blacksmith's, and
AGRICULTURAL TOOLS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Cor. Liberty & Sixth Streets.
WHOLESALE HARDWARE

PATENTS.

PATENTS.
JOHNSTON & DONN
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
AND
Solicitors for American and Foreign Patents,
Offices, No. 16 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, Pa., and corner of F and 8th St., Washington, D. C.
JOHNSTON & DONN make examinations as to the patentability of inventions; give opinions as to value of Patents; prosecute infringements and defend Patents. Established 1852.

PROFESSIONAL.

SAMUEL M'MASTERS,
Alderman,
EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE,
NO. 190 GRANT STREET,
OFFICE, OPPOSITE THE CATHEDRAL.

PAINTING.

WESLEY COULTER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTER,
No. 236 Penn Ave., Pittsburgh.
All orders by mail promptly attended to.

PITTSBURGH
ODORLESS
Excavating Comp'y,
LIMITED.

Cesspools Cleaned Without Offensive Smell.

Orders can be left at 221 Liberty street, or 168 First avenue.

CURES GUARANTEED
For ALL FORMS of Chronic, Venereal and Nervous Diseases, at the Girard Medical Dispensary, No. 83 Sixth ave., Pittsburgh, Pa. The proprietor is a regular graduate of medicine and surgery, as his diploma at office will show, and is acknowledged to be the most successful, as his extensive practice will prove.
Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic and Mercurial affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones, are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, or excess in maturer years, and which produces some of the following effects: As emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, coughs, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, and which unfits the victims for business or marriage, are thoroughly and permanently cured. A medical circular relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelopes for one stamp. All communications confidential. Address
GIRARD MEDICAL DISPENSARY,
83 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M.; Sunday from 5 P. M. to 7 P. M.

CIDER—25 BBLS. CHOICE REFINED CIDER just received and for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD,
116 Water street.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

DISSOLUTION—THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned under the firm name of J. & W. FAIRLEY has been dissolved this day by mutual consent.
JOSEPH FAIRLEY,
WILLIAM FAIRLEY.
Pittsburgh, July 25, 1876. h88

NOTICE---DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned under the style of FAIRMAN & VOGT, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts of the late firm will be settled at the main office, Nos. 133, 135 and 137 Sandusky street, Allegheny, Mr. FRANK VOGT being authorized to settle the same.
JOHN A. FAIRMAN,
FRANK VOGT.
Allegheny City, July 18, 1876.

In retiring from the firm of FAIRMAN & VOGT, I return thanks to our friends for the patronage so liberally bestowed upon us, and heartily recommend the new firm of McCLINTON & VOGT to a continuance of the favors bestowed upon the late firm.
JOHN A. FAIRMAN.

COPARTNERSHIP.

The undersigned have this day entered into copartnership in the LIVERY AND UNDERTAKING BUSINESS, at the old establishment of Messrs. FAIRMAN & VOGT, at Nos. 133, 135 and 137 Sandusky street, Allegheny, where they will give careful attention to UNDERTAKING, EMBALMING, LIVERY in all its branches, &c. Mr. H. SAMSON, of the late firm of Fairman & Samson, also, as heretofore, will continue his main office for Allegheny in the establishment, and all orders left for him will be promptly forwarded. We respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage bestowed upon the late firm, and guarantee satisfaction in all cases.
W. H. McCLINTON,
FRANK VOGT.
Allegheny City, July 18, 1876.

LEGAL.

JOHN H. KERR,
ATTORNEY,
NO. 85 GRANT STREET.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of R. C. SNOWDEN.
No. 118 December Term, 1874.
And now, to-wit, July 8, 1876. The within account of assignee presented in open Court and approved absolutely, unless exceptions are filed before Saturday, August 5, 1876, at 10 o'clock A. M., and the Court direct that notice of the filing the account be given by publication once a week for three successive weeks in the *Legal Journal* and the Pittsburgh DAILY GAZETTE.
By the Court,
SEAL From the Record.
Attest: B. F. KENNEDY, Pro.
h79

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT Letters Testamentary upon the estate of ANDREW WATSON, late of Allegheny City, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will present them duly authenticated to
SUSAN WATSON,
No. 252 Locust street,
g93-TH Allegheny City.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT an application will be made to the Honorable Board of Pardons, at its session on the first Tuesday in August next, for the pardon of ROBERT J. GRIER for all offences committed while acting as Cashier of the Nation Trust Company of Pittsburgh.
L. M. MORRIS,
h73 Secretary of Board of Trustees.

THE PATENT SPRING OSCILLATOR.

Jas. Loughridge,
Buy direct from the Patentee and Sole Manufacturer,
No. 171 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

JOHN M'CULLOUGH
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Old Monongahela and Pure Rye
WHISKIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC WINES AND LIQUORS,
No. 127 Liberty St.,
Foot of Fifth avenue, near Hare's Hotel,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

JAMES LITTELL,
Senior Member of the Firm of
LITTELL & MECHLING,
WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALER
NO. 237 LIBERTY AND 244 PENN STREETS.

MILLER, FORSE & CO.,
Late Miller & Ricketson,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
OLD MONONGAHELA RYE WHISKIES,
IMPORTERS OF
Fine Wines, Brandies, Ales, Cigars, &c.
211 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

DR. WHITTIER,
Founder and Proprietor of the
Keystone Dispensary
302 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
Continues to afford reliable special treatment in all Private, Nervous and Urinary Diseases.
Spermatorrhœa or Seminal Weakness, resulting from self-abuse or sexual excess, producing nervous debility, night emissions, despondency, dizziness, dimness of sight, pimples on the face, weakness of mind and body, and finally impotency, loss of sexual power, sterility, &c., unfitting the victim for marriage or business, and rendering life miserable, are permanently cured in shortest possible time. Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, all urinary diseases and Syphilis (all forms), consisting of skin eruptions, ulcers, &c., are perfectly cured, and the blood poison thoroughly eradicated from the system. Cures guaranteed.
Dr. WHITTIER is a regular graduate of medicine, as his diploma at office shows; his life-long special experience in all private diseases, with purest medicines prepared by himself, enables him to cure difficult cases after others fail—it is self-evident that a physician treating thousands of cases every year acquires great skill. Consultation and correspondence private and free. Pamphlet sent sealed for stamp. Medicines sent everywhere, by mail or express.
Office-hours—9 A. M. to 4 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M. Sundays, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. only.
TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE,
144 pages, fine illustrations. Cloth and gilt binding. A book for private, careful reading, by both sexes, married or single, explaining wonders, sexual system, reproduction, marriage impediments, &c., causes, consequences. Price 50 cents at office, or by mail, sent securely sealed. Address,
KEYSTONE DISPENSARY,
No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

QUEEN OLIVES—PINTS AND QUARTS—Crosse & Blackwell's and Gordon & Dilworth's; also, Motett's Olive Oil, pints and quarts, received and for sale by
JNO. A. RENSHAW & CO.,
Corner Liberty and 9th streets.

FINANCIAL.

SHOE AND LEATHER BANK

Cor. Diamond and Wood Streets,

In Germania Bank Building,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - - $200,000

D. R. DAVIDSON, President.
JOHN D. FRAZER, Cashier.

Deposits received and 6 per cent. interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, July 27, 1876.

A better feeling prevails in our home market, and our manufacturers are quite hopeful in the outlook for trade. The banks are pursuing the same policy as heretofore,—that is, they are cautious about the negotiation of new paper, requiring the very best material, but they are generally carrying their customers, and are acting liberally toward iron men who have good standing, but are short of ready money. In general business, a very hopeful future is expected, and a feeling of encouragement is arising. At the present, with business quite close in every department of trade, we are not surprised that many find the struggle wearisome; but the prevailing view is that a revival of business is now near.

—At the present time there is nothing so effectually demonetized in the United States as gold. It is not the money of the country. It is not the basis of banking. It is not the required legal tender in the payment of debts. It is not in circulation among the people. The law requires no gold reserve in the banks, and the only gold kept by the banks is for the uses of foreign commerce. For all practical purposes the greenback dollar is the standard of value, and has been so ever since it was issued. It rates above the silver coin. It is the entire medium of business. It is legal tender to any extent; and the longer the gold premium continues and the more carefully it is excluded from common use by the people, the more wedded the people become to the national currency. Hence the very worst enemies of resumption are those who seek to prolong this state of things by the exaggerated and artificial value of gold. By preventing the coinage of the silver dollar we have not helped to make gold any nearer to the people, or got one step nearer to resumption. We have simply confirmed the established legal-tender supremacy of greenbacks, and left them, as before, without any metalic basis. If the aim of all these movements is the repeal of the legal-tender act without resumption, it might as well be abandoned, for it is hopeless. No matter what party triumphs in the elections, that measure cannot succeed. Resumption must precede the repeal of the legal-tender act. At the presnet time gold is simply an article of merchandise. The greenback dollar is the standard of value.—*Philadelphia North American.*

It is a fact worthy of notice that for several weeks before the Congressional conference in regard to the silver resolution the price of silver in London ranged from 47½ to 48 pence per ounce. On the day before the Conference Committee were to discuss the proposition of restoring the Federal silver dollar as a full legal tender for all debts the London price of silver was quoted at 46 pence per ounce, and great stress was laid by the opponents of the bill on the "rapid decline of silver." But now that the conference is over there seems to be a very significant "reaction" in the price of silver in London, and the London *Times* in its financial article of the 21st says: "Silver was rather excited yesterday. It is reported that sellers might have obtained 48⅛d, but no transactions occurred. The rate is purely nominal. Indian exchanges are firmer." These "conclusions" point to the probability that the San Francisco fight between the Bonanza people on the one hand and the Bank of Nevada clique, aided by European bondholders, on the other, was temporarily transferred to the silver market in London, and that much of the fluctuation in the value of silver is due to artificial depression.

—How would you resume specie payments? inquires an intelligent friend at our elbow. We have never sat down to analyze the several propositions that have been presented by the many professing wisdom in the solution of financial problems, but we have asked what was the difficulty now in the way of paying our paper money in specie on demand, and have never obtained any other truthful answer than that the amount of such paper money was too largely in excess of the gold at command with which to pay it. To bring these two points together seems to us the only purpose to be attained, and there are but two ways to accomplish this much-desired result. The amount of gold must be increased or the amount of paper money payable on demand must be lessened. The former cannot very well be effected without trade intercourse with foreign nations—it is not a matter wholly within ourselves. The other proposition, the lessening of the amount of demand paper money, is wholly a home question, easy of accomplishment, and as effectual in the desired result as easy. This could be done independent of all other plans, and would bring the notes to par in gold very steadily, probably before 1879, and certainly rapidly enough to admit of resumption at that time.—*Phila. Ledger.*

—The detailed statement of the Philadelphia national banks for the past week presents no features of importance, but reflects the continued stagnation in all branches of business. The changes are unimportant, except in showing an increase in all the items which make up the strength of the banks, there being an increase of $1,817 in loans and discounts, $403,369 in deposits, $22,275 in specie, $202,251 in the lawful money reserve, and $181,403 in the legal tenders. The items showing a decrease are: Circulation, $73,428; due to banks, $85,319; and due from banks, $242,522. Between the banks the business was more active, there being an increase of $1,910,637 in the clearings and $233,720 in the balances.

—The grain and produce movement from Chicago to the East is lighter than usual at this season. The grain markets—and especially the wheat market—are in a disorganized and irregular condition. It is well known that the wheat of last year's crop is not of a quality that would stand hot weather, and shippers have, therefore, been afraid to take hold of it to any considerable extent.

—The stock market generally in all the leading money centres is very quiet, for the reason that all good, dividend-paying stocks are held out of the market. The holders would not know what to do with the money if they sold.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

R. H. Fife, Sheriff, to Geo. Warner, July 15, 1876; interest of Caspar Wilhelm to lot on North Canal street, Sharpsburg $18
Modern Life Insurance and Improvement Trust Company to Ed. F. Kelly, June 23, 1876; lot on Railroad avenue, Chartiers borough $500
Same to same, June 26, 1876; lot on Hardy street, Chartiers borough $300
R. H. Fife, Sheriff to Wm. Thompson, July 18, 1876; interest of Robert Crooks to lot on Lacock street, First ward, Allegheny $50
John P. Bowers et ux. to J. B. D. Meeds, June 5, 1876; two lots in Verona borough $300
A. H. Rowand to Wm. Fiacca, July 7, 1876; four lots on Arch street, Verona $2,000
A. J. Armstrong to Sarah M. C. Rowand, June 7, 1876; 22 lots in Verona $12,000
R. H. Fife, Sheriff, to the Pennsylvania Insurance Co., June 24, 1876; interest of Fraser Brothers to lot on Pennsylvania avenue, Fifth ward, Allegheny $7,500
Martin Kraus to Henry Snyder, July 1, 1876; lot on Brownsville road, Lower St. Clair township $1,600

Robinson Bros., Brokers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	111⅞	5-20's 1865-coupons	121¼
U. S. 6's 1881, coup	120⅝	10-40's	118⅜
" 1865	116	Currency 6's	125½
" 1865 new	117⅛	New 5 per cents	117½
5-20's 1867	119⅞	10-40's coupons	1.9

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Central	105	Ohio & Mississippi	12
Erie	13⅝	Union Pacific	60⅛
I. C.	92⅛	Toledo & Wabash	2⅛
C. C. & I. C.	3⅛	Harlem	138⅛
St. Paul	37⅝	Adams Express	110⅛
Do. Pref	69⅛	American Express	59⅛
Michigan Southern	53⅞	U. S. Express	73
Do. Central	44⅞	W. Fargo & Co. Ex	83⅛
Northwestern Com.	40	Quicksilver	13½
Do. Pref	64⅛	Fort Wayne	101⅞
Rock Island	108⅛	Hannibal & St. Jo.	11⅛
Cleve. & Pitts.	93⅛	Panama	135
Pacific Mail	23⅛	Iron Mountain	17
Western Union Tel.	70⅛		

Robinson Bros. furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board.

P. R. R. (S)	52⅞	Cen. Trans. (B)	46¾
Reading (B)	44⅛	Empire do. (A)	10
U. Cos. of N. J. (S)	140	A. V. R. R. 7.30 (A)	101
Oil Creek (B)	10⅞	P. C. & St. L. 7's (A)	67⅛
Lehigh Valley (B)	57⅛	N. Pacific bonds (A)	—

NEW YORK, July 26, 1876.

Money closed easy at 1½@2; prime mercantile paper 3@4. The customs receipts were $480,000. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $230,000. The clearings were $16,000,000. Sterling was weak at 488@490. Gold was steady at 111⅞@111⅞. The carrying rates were ½@1, and borrowing flat. Governments were steady. Railroad bonds closed firm. State securities were better. The day opened on the Stock Exchange with renewed depression in coal stocks and a further break. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western was conspicuous in the decline, and tumbled 4⅝ per cent., from 100⅛ to 95⅞. New Jersey Central followed with a decline of 1⅞ per cent., from 64⅛ to 62⅞. These figures are the lowest made for these shares for many years, and are the result of a fear that the coal combination will be broken. Delaware & Hudson Canal went off to 100⅛, in sympathy with the other coal shares. After midday there was a rally in these stocks, which was not fully sustained. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western recovered to 97⅞, and New Jersey Central to 64, with a subsequent reaction to 96½ and 63¼ respectively. During the morning the general market cut loose from coal stocks and advanced ¼@1½ per cent. Lake Shore advanced from 53 to 53⅜, Northwests preferred from 64⅜ to 65, St. Paul from 37¼ to 37½, preferred from 69¼ to 70, and Western Union from 69⅝ to 70⅜. Ohios went off from 11⅛ to 10⅞, and later rose to 11⅛. At the second call the whole list became weak, and outside of coal stocks the market declined ¼ to 1⅜ per cent., the latter St. Paul common. Toward the close of business there was a sharp change for the better in stock speculation, prices advancing ⅛ to ⅞ per cent. St. Paul common rose to 37 1-8, preferred to 69½, Northwest common 40 1-8, preferred to 64¼, Ohios to 12, Pacific Mail 23 1-8, Western Union to 70⅜, and Lake Shore to 53⅜. There were some exceptions to the general improvement. New Jersey Central declined to 62¼, and closed at 62⅞. Michigan Central fell off to 44½, and closed at 44 7-8. Hannibal & St. Joe common declined to 12, and preferred to 22. U. S. Express declined to 74. Delaware, Lackawanna & Western closed at 97 1-8. The transactions aggregated 168,000 shares, of which 7,000 were Pacific Mail, 13,000 Western Union, 5,500 Northwests, 19,000 St. Paul, 3,000 Erie, 38,000 Lake Shore, 26,000 Ohios, 9,000 Michigan Central, 26,000 Delaware, Lackawanna & Western, and 9,000 New Jersey Central.

Governments.—United States Coupons 1881, 120½; 5-20s '65, 116; do. new, 117⅞; do. '67, 119⅞; do. '68, 121½; new 5s, 118⅜; 10-40s, 118⅜; do. coupons, 119; currency 6s, 125⅜.

State Bonds.—Tennessees old, 44¾; do. new, 44½; Virginia new, 27¼; do. old, 28; Missouri 6s, 105½.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph Company, 70½; Quicksilver, 13½; do. preferred, 15; Pacific Mail, 23; Mariposa, 6; do. preferred, 6½; Adams Express, 110½; Wells, Fargo & Company's Express, 83; American Express, 59½; United States Express, 73½; New York Central, 106; Erie, 13⅝; do. preferred, 20; Harlem, 138½; do. preferred, 133; Michigan Central, 44⅞; Panama, 33; Union Pacific, 60½; Lake Shore, 53⅜; Illinois Central, 92½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 95½; Northwestern common, 40; do. preferred, 64⅝; C. C. C. & I., 41; New Jersey Central, 63⅞; Rock Island, 108; St. Paul, 37⅝; do. preferred, 69½; Toledo & Wabash, 2; do. preferred, 3; Fort Wayne, 102⅞; Terre Haute, 106; do. preferred, 113½; Chicago & Alton, 101½; do. preferred, 106; Ohio & Mississippi, 11⅞; Delaware & Lackawanna, 97⅛; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Co., 18½; Missouri Pacific, 6; Atlantic & Pacific preferred, 2¼; Indiana Central, 3⅞; Burlington & Quincy, 16⅞; Hannibal & St. Joseph, 11½; Central Pacific bonds, 109½; Union Pacific, 104⅜; Union Pacific land grant, 104; Union Pacific Sinking Fund, 94½.

LONDON, July 26.—The amount of bullion gone into the Bank of England to-day was £267,000. Silver 50½d. Consols 96⅞ money and account. United States bonds 10-40s, 108⅜; Erie 12⅝.

PARIS, July 26.—Rentes 107f. 5c. for account.

FRANKFORT, July 26.—United States new 5s 103½.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 26, 1876.

The leading merchandise markets continue dull, and present no new features deserving of special notice.

APPLES—The receipts have fallen off somewhat within the past few days, but the supply continues in excess of the demand and prices are no better; quotable at 50a$1.50 ₶ bbl.

BERRIES—Black, Rasp and Whortle berries, 75c a$1 ₶ bucket, as to quality and condition.

BEANS—No demand, and in the absence of sales we omit prices.

BUTTER—There is a very fair inquiry for good table Butter, but common and medium grades continue dull, as there is no demand for them. Prime to choice solid packed, 18a20c.

CHEESE—Unchanged. Prime Ohio Factory quoted at 8c to the trade, and 9c in a jobbing way.

DRIED FRUIT—There is little or nothing doing in either domestic or foreign dried fruits, and in the absence of sales prices are entirely nominal.

EGGS—Some dealers report a little more inquiry, but the market, as a general thing, is dull, and holders are anxious to keep stocks down as low as possible. There is a margin, according to the latest advices from the seaboard, but it is risky to make consignments at this season of the year. Fresh receipts, guaranteed as such, 13a14c.

FLOUR—Market quiet, and prices unchanged. Quotations may be given as follows: Spring wheat flours, $5a6,50, the outside figure for choice Minnesotas; red winters, $6,50a7; ambers, $7,25a7,50; patent process and fancy white wheat, $8,50a9,50. Rye Flour, $4,50a5.

GROCERIES—The Sugar market has stiffened up again, and an increased trade in refined goods is expected. Stocks at nearly all the leading points of distribution in the west are reported light, and an increased consumption, in view of the heavy fruit crop, is almost certain. The stock of raw Sugars is reported much less than at this date during the past two years. Coffee continues dull and weak, and the general outlook is unfavorable to sellers.

RICE.

Carolina	6½a7½	Louisiana	6½a6¾

SUGARS.

Cut Loaf	12a⅛	Standard B	11⅛a
Crushed	12⅛a	Standard Ex C	11⅛a
Granulated	11⅞a	Ref. Yellow	9⅞a10⅛
Powdered	12⅜a	N. O. new crop	8⅛a 9⅛
Standard A	11⅝a		

SYRUPS.

Choice	65 a70	Fair	55 a58
Prime	60 a63	Dark	45 a50

MOLASSES.

N. O. Choice	65	N. O. strictly prime	62
Fair	60	Demara	50a55

TEAS.

Young Hyson	35a0 85	Japan	40a85
Gunpowder	45a0 90	Oolong	35a85
Imperial	40a 75	Souchong	35a75

COFFEES.

Fancy Rio	23 a	R Rio (lb pkgs)	26⅜
Prime Rio	21½a22	R Rio (loose)	26
Good Rio	20 a21	Roasted Java	36
Old Gov Java	32		

GRAIN—There is no movement in Wheat, and prices are nominal at $1,10a1,15 for fair to good red winter. While the stock here is small it is sufficient to supply the demand, which is very meagre; millers are apprehensive that prices will rule still lower, and buy as little as they can possibly help. The Oat market is offish, in consequence of increased receipts and offerings, but prices remain about as last quoted: mixed, 32a33c; white 34a35c, on track, according to quality. The receipts have been increasing for some days. There does not appear to be much inquiry for Corn, and with slightly increased receipts, the market is easer but unchanged—Shelled 58a60, free in elevator. Rye dull; quotable at 70a73.

HAY—Baled quoted on track at $15a16, for No. 1 timothy, and dull in consequence of increased offerings of loose from country wagons.

MILL FEED—Bran quoted on track at $11a12; middlings and chopped feed, $18a20.

OILS—Extra and No. 1 Lard oil is off a trifle, while No. 2 is firm. Miners oil dull at former figures. Linseed dull and lower. Carbon, standard brands, 14¼a14½c.

POTATOES—Quoted at $1,25a1,50 ₶ bbl.

PROVISIONS—Winter Sugar-cured Hams, the stock of which is becoming light, are in steady demand and firm at quotations, but with this exception the general tone of the market is easier, if anything. The Cincinnati *Commercial* of Tuesday says: There has been but little spirit in the trade. The Southern consumptive demand has been unusually light for the season of the year. Buyers generally are holding off for a decline, but holders stimulated by the very large exports of Hog products, are indisposed to yield to the demands of buyers. They feel satisfied their stocks will be wanted at paying rates. Had they been disposed to make concessions to meet the views of buyers a much larger trade would have been the result. Stocks of all kinds are being reduced. Sugar-cured Meats and Lard in light supply, with limited offerings.

Hams—Ex S C ₶ lb	—	Mess Pork ₶ bbl	$21,25
Do. Canvassed	15	Short Cut do	21,25
Shoulders Ex S. C.	—	Lard, prime leaf, tcs	12¼
Do. Canvassed	10¾	Lard, Ref for summer use—in trcs	12¾
B'fast Bacon S. C.	—	Do. ½ bbls	12¾
Do. Canvassed	15¼	Do. bkts	13¾
Dried beef Ex S. C.	—	Do. 3 lb caddies	15
Do. Canvassed	15¾	Do. 5 lb do	14¾
Beef Tongues S. C. per doz	$6¾	Do. 3 lb pails	15¼
Bacon Shoulders	9¾	Do. 5 lb do	15
Short Rib Sides	12½	Do. 6 lb do	14¾
Clear Sides	12¾	Ham Sausage	—

RAGS—Steady at 3c ₶ lb for good country mixed.

TALLOW—Dull and inactive at 7¾a8c ₶ lb for country rendered, and 8¼a8¾c for choice city rendered.

The Louisiana Sugar Crop.

A gentleman who has lately returned from a visit to some of the sugar plantations on the Teche, in St. Mary's parish, says the New Orleans *Picayune*, reports that the sugar crops in that region are generally very fine, and that the prospect is that the yield will surpass that of last year. Investments made in sugar planting by Northwestern capitalists promise to prove highly remunerative. In some cases 10 ₶ cent on the purchase money paid for the plantation will probably be realized from the present crop. These capitalists have found the industry to yield a very handsome profit when under charge of efficient and experienced managers.

Exports from the Seaboard.

The following were the exports from the leading cities of the Atlantic seaboard for the week ending on the dates named:

	July 22, '76.	July 15, '76.	July 28, '75
Flour, brls	55,127	56,726	79,224
Wheat, bu	557,408	768,085	1,205,000
Corn, bu	1,221,739	1,475,651	542,683
Oats, bu	332,233	238,101	......
Rye, bu		46,697	......
Pork, brls	4,766	5,130	3,678
Lard, lb	2,008,265	3,551,600	1,891,290
Bacon, lb	6,657,193	10,706,460	3,296,23 1

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 26, 1876.

ARRIVALS.

Following shows the aggregate receipts for the week, as well as those of preceding week also:

	This week.	Last week.
Cattle	471 cars.	403 cars.
Hogs	97 "	137 "
Sheep	79 "	55 "
Total	647 "	595 "

Briggs, Dock & Drum, Commission Merchants for the sale of live stock, at the East Liberty Stock Yards, report the market as follows:

CATTLE.

There has been considerably more business thus far than there was during the corresponding time last week; the best evidence of this is that the sales aggregated 2,697 head against 1,862 last week. However, notwithstanding the increased business, the market was less favorable for sellers, as prices declined 20 to 25c on common and medium, and 10 a12½c on best grades; the supply consisted largely of common and medium, and this explains why these shrink more in value than the better grades. There has been a full attendance of buyers, both from the seaboard markets, particularly Philadelphia, as well as from interior points in the eastern part of the state, and the market has been fairly active at the decline to which reference has been made. The run of local stock has been the largest we have had for several months, 174 cars; and of through consignments there was no falling off, 297 cars; taking this into consideration, trade has been all that could reasonably be expected.

QUOTATIONS.

Prime 1,300a1,400 Steers	5,25a5,50
Good 1,100a1,200 Steers	4,75a5,00
Good 1,000a1,050 Steers	4,00a4,50
Cows, Bulls and Stags	3,00a4,00
Stockers, as to quality	3,00a3,50

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

On Monday the offerings, although light, were equal to the demand, and the market was a little tame at about last week's prices. On Tuesday the supply was again light, and with an increased number of buyers, thereby stimulating the demand, trade was more active, and that, too, at an advance of 25c ₶ cwt on best grades. Common stock was dull, as it has been for some time past. To-day (Wednesday) trade was active at yesterday's prices, and as we close our report there are very few remaining unsold.

QUOTATIONS.

Prime 95a100 lbs	5,00a5,25
Good 85a90 lbs	4,60a4,80
Good 75a80 lbs	4,25a4,50
Fair 70a75 lbs	3,75a4,00
Common 70a75 lbs	3,25a3,50
Indianas, according to quality	4,00a5,25
Lambs, 50a60 lbs	5,00a5,75

HOGS.

The arrivals continue light, and with cooler weather, which possibly stimulated the demand somewhat, the market has ruled firmer, and prices, as compared with last week, are 10a15c ₶ cwt higher. Trade was steady to-day, with very few, if any, unsold at noon, and unless they come in more freely or the weather turns oppressively hot again, we should not be surprised if prices went up still higher within the next day or two. Good, light hogs, are more inquired for and sell more readily than heavy weights, which is owing to the low price of lard.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra Philadelphia Hogs	7,15a7,25
Fair Philadelphia Hogs	7,00a7,10
Extra Yorkers	6,90a7,05
Fair Yorkers	6,70a6,80
Roughs	5,00a6,00

All drafts must be attached to the original shipping bill, and in no case drawn for more than two-thirds of stock. Please telegraph amount of draft and car Nos.

J. B. Sedwick is our solicitor at Indianapolis, Ind.

BRIGGS, DOCK & DRUM.

PITTSBURGH DRUG MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, July 27, 1876.

Corrected by HARRIS & EWING, Wholesale Druggists, corner Liberty and Tenth streets.

Acac., sorts ₶	22a 25 lb	Oil, Anise	$3.50a3.70 lb
2d select	35a 40 lb	Bergam	5.50a6.00 lb
1st select	40a 45 lb	Cassia	2.00a2.20 lb
Acid. Citric.	98a1.04 lb	Castor	11 a16 lb
Oxalic	17a 20 lb	Lemon	4.50a5.00 lb
Tartaric	54a 59 lb	Linseed R	55a57 gal
Alcohol	2.22a2.35 gal	Linseed B	60a62 gal
Aloes, cape.	20a 22 lb	Neatsfoot.	90a1.25 gal
A Barb	40a 50 lb	Olive	1.25a2.00doz
Socot	22 lb	Qts	6.25a6.50doz
Alum	3½a 4½ lb	" Pts	3.25a3.50doz
Amm., Aq.	7a 11 lb	Orange	3.75a4.00 lb
Carb	19a 21 lb	Origanum	50a60 lb
Arnica, Flor	20a 22 lb	Pennyroyl	3.70a3.90 lb
Assafoetida	25a 30 lb	Pepperm't	4.30a4.60 lb
Bals. Copaib	75a 85 lb	Sassafras	70a80 lb
Canada	50a 60 lb	Winterg'n	3.75a4.00 lb
Bay Rum	2.75a4.00 gal	Pot. BiCarb	35 lb
Bis. Sub car	2.75a3.00 lb	Bi Chrom	22a24 lb
Sub nit.	2.00a2.25 lb	Bromide	50a 55 lb
Blue Mass	58a58 lb	Chlorate	35a 40 lb
Vitriol	10½a11½ lb	Iodid	2.85a3.00 lb
Borax, ref'd	14a 16 lb	Quinine	2.30a2.40 oz
Brim., Roll.	4a 5½ lb	Root, Gent.	8 a12 lb
Flor. sulp.	5a 6 lb	Gin. E. I.	16 lb
Buchu	15a 20 lb	Gin. Jam.	24 lb
Calomel Am	92a 98 lb	Ipecac P.	1.40 lb
Camphor ref	33a 36 lb	Jalap P.	75 lb
Camwood	5a 9 lb	Rhubarb	2.00a2.50 lb
Chamo. Ger	50 lb	" Pow	2.02a2.50 lb
Rom	36 lb	Sar. Hond	58 lb
Chloral. Hyd	2.25 lb	Sar. Mex.	28 lb
Chlorofor	97a1.08 lb	Senega	80a1.00 lb
Cincho. Pale	70a 80 lb	Spigelia	48 lb
Red	1.20a1.30 lb	Val. Eng.	45 lb
Yellow	20a 40 lb	" Ger.	25 lb
Cochineal	70a 80 lb	Saffron Am.	50a 60 lb
Copperas	2a 3 lb	Sal Ammon	16a 18 lb
Cream Tar.	41a 44 lb	Epsom	3a 5 lb
Cubebs	15a 20 lb	Glauber	2¾a 4 lb
Dovers Po'd	1.50a1.60 lb	Rochelle	29 lb
Ergot	1.50 lb	Soda	2a 3½ lb
Ether, Nit.	38a 46 lb	Seed. Can'y	9½a10½ lb
Sul.	70a 75 lb	Cardam	2.50 lb
Ex. Logw'd	13½a14 lb	Hemp	7½a 8 lb
Liqu. Cal.	35a 45 lb	Mustard	8a 10 lb
" Ital	25a 30 lb	Senna, Alex	30a 32 lb
Fustic	3a 4 lb	E. I.	24a 26 lb
Glycer, Pure	20a 30 lb	Tinney	28 lb
Bowers'	65 lb	Shellac	40a 50 lb
Indigo, Man	1.00a1.20 lb	Soap, Castile	11a 14 lb
S. F. I.	1.00a1.25 lb	White	18a 21 lb
Iodine	4.10a4.40 lb	Soda Ash	4a 5 lb
Iodoform	86 oz	Bi Carb.	4½a 5½ lb
Juniper Ber	7a 9 lb	Strych. Cry.	2.55a3.60 oz
Logwood	2½a 3½ lb	Pulv.	2.30a2.75 oz
Madder	12a 17 lb	Sugar Lead.	24a 26 oz
Magnes, Cal	80a1.00 lb	Turpen, spts	37a 40 gal
Carb	45 lb	Var. Coach	1.65a2.50 gal
Manna, Fla.	1.00 lb	Copal	1.00a1.40 gal
Morph. Sul.	4.70a5.00oz	Damar	1.25a1.60 gal
Nit. Silver.	94 oz	Japan	65a1.25 gal
Opium	7.85 lb	Venet. Red	2½a 4½ lb
Powd	10.50 lb	Whiting	1⅛a 2⅛ lb

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, WEDNESDAY, July 26, 1876.

The market for Crude was very firm to-day, and prices were still further advanced; United, $2,42½a2,45; immediate shipment, $2,62½a2,65. Refined also strong but unchanged as compared with Tuesday; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 17¾; oncars here, 14¾.

The total amount of petroleum exports in full cargoes from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Richmond this year up to July 18th, was in crude equivalent to 2,046,441 barrels, against 2,985,991 bbls. same time last year, the difference only being 60,456 bbls. The full cargo exports from these ports during the week ending July 18th this year, were 242,446 bbls, a daily average of 34,635 bbls. Next month the home trade in refined oil will begin, which will make a heavy draught upon the stocks.

Oil Barrels firm; countries, $1,40; city make, $1,60.

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL VIA. A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
N. W. Stevenson	Central o w	961
N. W. Stevenson	Peerless o w	643
S Craig	Penn o w	480
J. Bushnell	Liberty o w	478
J. Bushnell	Model o w	456
G. M. Robinson	Excelsior o w	74
Total		3,092

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST VIA. A. V. R. R.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
Brilliant O W	Warden, F. & Co...Balt.	745
Vesta Oil Co	Warden F & Co...Balt.	591
Total		1,336

The Wheat Outlook From a Chicago Stand-point.

The wheat problem is still the leading object of commercial interest. The cooler weather of the past three days gives hope to many that there will be no further trouble about the condition elsewhere, or fear of it here; and the effect was seen yesterday in a narrowing down of the premiums on future deliveries, with an irregular advance in prices. The great feature of the day in wheat circles was, however, the rumor that a corner on August wheat was being run in Milwaukee. It was ascertained that certain parties controlling the lines of rail which radiate from Milwaukee are interested in keeping the wheat back from that city, and are doing so—to the discomfiture of the shorts. The rumor is probably a canard; but it seems to us that the said parties would have been doing a sensible thing if they had pursued the conservative policy during the recent hot weather. The warehousemen in Milwaukee have had all they wanted to do in keeping the wheat in store in good order, and are understood to have run some of it out to Racine, while offering special inducement to the owners to ship it East. Of course, the grain received by rail during the heated term was subject to all the disadvantages of the season, and the parties interested would only have consulted their own welfare if they had kept as much back as possible till the thermometer should register a little farther below blood heat. A glance at the inspection lists of this city during the past two weeks indicates that a good deal of wheat has been inspected here into the lower grades which would probably have passed as No. 2 in cool weather. It is difficult to find a good reason for the cry of "combination" in the fact that a man who is able to hold his wheat back will do so under such circumstances. A difference of 9c ₶ bu is ground enough for deliberation and delay, and if, owing to the pursuance of such a conservative policy, a portion of the recent decline in prices should be recovered, that fact would be a balm of consolation to the thousands of "hearts that would ache" otherwise under the receipt of not enough money for their wheat to pay the cost of raising it.—*Tribune.*

First Receipt of New Crop Rice at New Orleans.

The New Orleans *Price Current* says: The lower coast steamer Martha came in on the 14th inst. and brought a lot of five sacks new crop rice, in the paddy, the first this season. It was raised on the plantation in the parish of Plaquemines. We learn that it is of fine quality and form, and well developed, indicating a favorable yield. Last year the first received was on the 21st of July, a week later, from the upper coast, Parish of St. Charles, comprising 15 sacks new rough rice, producing two barrels and 20 lbs. A barrel of it classed choice and sold by auction for 16¼ for shipment for St. Louis.

Chicago Seed Market.

Prime timothy was in demand and salable at $2,40 a2,45. A sale of fair was reported at $2,30; for poor the market was lifeless and prices nominal. There was nothing done in clover and prices were nominal—quotable at about $9,50 for prime medium. For flax the demand continues fair; sales ranged at $1,10 a1,20. Hungarian and millet were both nominal at 25a35c for common to good and about 40a50c for prime. From store a shade over the prices given was obtained.

Cincinnati Horse and Mule Market.

The usual dullness of the season continues to characterize the Fifth street Horse Market. Sales for the week foot up 235 head; 2 car-loads of chunky drivers were shipped to West Virginia—prices ranging from $75a110. One buyer is on the market to purchase for shipment to Wisconsin. He wants good draft horses, and is paying $110a125.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 26, 1876.

FLOUR—Dull.

GRAIN—Wheat unsettled, but generally higher; No. 2 Chicago spring 91c spot; 91¾c August; sales at 94a95¾c September; closed 94¼c bid September; No. 3 78c; rejected 72c. Corn unsettled, but generally higher; No. 2 45½c spot; 45¼c bid August; 45½c bid September. Oats active and a shade higher; No. 2 29¾a29¾c September; rejected 21c. Rye quiet and unchanged. Barley firm; 48c asked spot; 70c September.

PROVISIONS—Pork quiet and steady; $18,60a18,65 spot; $18,60 August; $18,72½a 18,75 September. Lard dull and unchanged. Bulk meats quiet and unchanged.

WHISKY—Dull and unchanged.

On call board wheat closed easier; 98¼a 98¾c August; 94¾c September. Corn unchanged. Oats 29¾c. Pork lower; $18,05½ August; $18,60 September. Lard easier; $10,75a10,80 August; $10,90 September.

New York.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Flour 5a10c better on shipping grades and fair export and home trade; receipts 9,000 bbls.; superfine western and State $3,25a3,90; common to good $4,20a4,70; good to choice $4,65a4,85, white wheat extra $4,75a7,75; extra Ohio $4,35a7,75; St. Louis $4,75a8,50. Rye flour unchanged. Corn meal quiet at $2,60a3. Wheat quiet; receipts 77,000 bushels; No. 2 Chicago spring 80a84c; No. 2 northwestern 95c; No. 1 spring $1,17a1,18; ungraded spring 91¼c@$1,07. Rye quiet at 50a55c. Barley nominal. Malt quiet. Corn active with an export demand; receipts 90,000 bushels; western mixed hot and heated 42½a52½c; steamer ungraded mixed 52¼a 54c; steamer yellow 56c. Oats: receipts 34,000 bushels; more doing; western mixed 28a42½c; white 35¾a46c. Hay and hops quiet. Coffee quiet; Rio in cargoes 14¾a 17¾c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8⅛ a8¾c; prime 9c. Molasses and rice quiet. Petroleum firm; crude 9⅞c; refined 17¾a 17⅞c; high test refined 18⅜c; naphtha 10¾c. Pork dull at $19,75. Beef quiet. Cut meats: long clear western 10⅜c; city 10⅜c. Lard dull; prime steam $11,17½a 11,20. Butter firm; western 12a23c. Cheese dull at 3a9c. Whisky quiet and steady at $1,12½.

Metals—Manufactured copper steady at 31c; new sheathing ingot dull; lake 20a20½c. Pig iron dull and irregular; Scotch $27,50a 29,50; American $19a23; bar quiet; English and American unchanged; sheet 12c gold for Russia. Nails steady; $3,10 for cut; $4,60a5,30 for clinch; 20a26c for horse shoe No. 8.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Petroleum higher; refined 17½a17¾c; crude 13⅛a13¼c. Flour good request; $4a4,45; Minnesota extra family $4,90a5,75; Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana $5,75a6,50; high grades $7a 7,50. Rye flour $4,25a4.50. Wheat steady; new red $1,15a1,18; amber $1,22a1,22½; western sprouted 70a75c; old western white $1,25. Rye dull; 60a65c. Corn fair request; yellow 59c; mixed 54a56c; damaged and heated 45c. Oats firm; western white 40a48c; Pennsylvania do. 34a37c. Provisions firm; mess pork $21a21,50. Lard 11⅛a12c. Whisky: western $1,14. Butter good demand; western extras 20a22c; firsts 18a19c; rolls western extra 25a26c; firsts 20a23c. Cheese: dull, weak; western fine 8a8⅛c. Eggs good demand; western 16a17c. Receipts: flour 2,730 bbls; wheat 6,400 bush; corn 53,900 bush; oats 8,400 bush. Exports: wheat 26,386 bush; corn 41,074 bush.

Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Cotton steady and firm; middling 11⅛a11¼c. Flour unchanged. Wheat active, but firm; western red on track $1a1,08. Corn: western opened lower, but closed firmer and higher; western mixed 56¼a56¾c. Oats unchanged. Rye quiet and firm at 60a65c. Provisions dull and unchanged. Lard quiet; refined 12½c. Butter quiet; western good to prime 16a18c; extra fine 19a21c. Petroleum strong; crude 9¼a9⅝c; refined 17⅜c. Coffee dull and nominal. Whisky dull; $1,12½. Receipts: flour 3,000 bbls; wheat 20,000 bush; corn 39,000 bush; oats 6,000 bush; rye 600 bush. Shipments: corn 76,000 bush.

Boston.

BOSTON, July 26.—Flour steady; western superfine $3a3,75; common extras $4,25a 4,75; Wisconsin and Minnesota $4,75a6,50; winter wheat Ohio, Indiana and Michigan $5,75a6,75; Illinois $6a8; St. Louis $6,25a 8,50; fancy Minnesota $7a8,50. Corn quiet; new mixed and yellow western 59a63c; rejected 55a58c. Oats: moderate demand; 36a43c mixed No. 2 white; 31a37c rejected; 46a47c No. 1. Rye 90a95c. Receipts: flour, 43,095 barrels; corn, 22,400 bushels; wheat, 800 bushels; oats, 2,140 bushels; barley 2,100 bushels.

Foreign.

LONDON, July 26.—Refined petroleum 13½d. Turpentine 23s 6da23s 9d.

LIVERPOOL, July 26.—The cotton market is quieter; middling uplands 5 15-16d; Orleans 6 1-16d; sales 10,000 bales, including 2,000 for export; receipts 7,300, of which 800 are American, and futures 3-2d cheaper. Of the sales to-day 7,600 were American. Cheese: American choice steady at 46s 6d. Other articles are unchanged.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26.—Flour firm; superfine $3,75; double $4,50a4,75; treble $5a6,50. Corn firm at 61a62c. Oats quiet; St. Louis 40c; Galena 43a45c. Corn meal $2,75. Hay firm; prime $16; choice $23. Provisions dull. Pork $21a21,50. Lard 12¼a13¼c. Bacon quiet; shoulders 9⅛c; clear rib 11⅛c; clear 11⅞a12c. Coffee quiet; Rio cargoes 15a17¾c. Sugar firm at 8 3-4a9 3-4c. Molasses firm; fair to choice 45a65c.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, July 26.—Flour steady. Wheat quiet and steady; No. 2 white Wabash $1,32; No. 1 white Michigan $1,21½; No. 2 $1,12, new $1,23; amber Michigan $1,07¾; seller August $1,08; seller September $1,08½; No. 3 red 91c. Corn steady; high mixed spot and seller August 50½c; seller September 51¼c; low mixed 49c; no grade 47c; damaged 39c. Oats steady; No. 2 and Michigan held at 33½c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—Cotton quiet; 11c. Flour dull and drooping. Wheat in fair demand, but at lower prices; red 88ca$1,03. Corn dull; 45a46c. Oats dull; 25a36c. Rye dull; 65c. Barley in fair demand; 63a66c. Pork dull; small sales at $19,50. Lard dull; steam 10⅞a11c; kettle 12¼a13c. Bulk meats dull and nominal. Bacon only order trade; 8⅜a10⅞a11¼a11¾c. Whisky steady; $1,10. Butter steady and unchanged.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, July 26.—Flour quiet and steady. Wheat opened firm and closed quiet; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,08; hard $1,12; No. 2 95¾c; No. 3 84c. Corn steady; No. 2 fresh 45¼c. Oats higher; No. 2 30c. Rye quiet; No. 1 63c. Barley steady; No. 2 spring 62c.

St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Cotton steady and unchanged. Flour firmer; $2,75a5,50. Wheat dull; $1,23½a1,24. Corn quiet; 40⅛ a41c. Oats dull; 28c. Rye dull; 48c. Whisky steady; $1,10. Pork steady; $19,50. Bacon quiet; 8¾a10 5-8a11a11 1-4c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, July 26.—Cotton dull at 11c. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull; amber $1,02a1,04. Corn: mixed and white 49a50c. Oats 32c. Pork $20. Bulk meats 7¾a10⅜a10⅝c. Bacon 8⅜a10½a10⅞c. Lard dull; 14¼a14¾c. Whisky quiet; $1,12.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, July 26.—Cotton steadier at 10⅞a11c; sales 3,000 bales; receipts 118; shipments 710. Others unchanged.

Oswego.

OSWEGO, July 26.—Wheat firmer; No. 1 white Michigan $1,35. Corn dull; 55c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—Petroleum firm; S. W. 110 test 14¾c; P. W. 150 test 16⅜c.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Beeves: receipts 3,211 head, against 2,970 same day last week; quality about medium; demand moderate at former prices. Sheep: receipts 3,150 head, making 5,550 for two days, against 3,200 same time last week; sheep scarce and firmer; 4½a5¼c for ordinary to good lots; 5½a5 3-4c for prime; lambs selling fairly at 5¼a6 3 4c for common to medium; 7a8c for good to extra. Swine: receipts 4,380 head, making 6,640 for two days, against 8,480 same time last week; none offered alive.

BUFFALO, July 26.—Cattle: receipts 1,313 head; total for the week 8,787; market active for all offered; only 18 cars fresh receipts being the sole stock; balance through consignments; prices strong at the opening rates of the week; yards bare of stock; sales of 35 cars. Sheep and lambs: receipts 4,400; total for the week 13,000; market for lambs active and strong at an advance of ⅛c, all offerings finding ready sale; sheep: demand light; the few sales made were at ⅛c off the opening rates of the week; sales 7 cars. Hogs: receipts 2,000 head; total for the week 8,700; market slow; sales 1 car medium Yorkers at $6,60; 4 cars heavy at $6,70a7,15.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Cattle: receipts 6,000 head; yesterday 5,600 head; shipments 1,950 head; market fairly active and prices sustained; quotations unchanged. Hogs: receipts 10,000 head; shipments 3,560 head; in moderate demand and easier; sales of good to choice light and heavy at $6,60@ 6,75; fair to good $6,50@6,60; mixed and rough $6,25@6,35; culls $5,50@5,75; choice Philadelphias $6,80@6,85. Sheep: receipts 430 head; in fair demand, and market steady and firm.

BALTIMORE, July 26.—Cattle fairly active; prices a shade higher; very best 5⅛a 5¾c; first quality 4¼a5c; medium or good fair quality 3½a4½c; ordinary thin steers, oxen and cows 3½a3¾c; most sales 4¼a 5½c; receipts 1,294; sales 1,144. Hogs in moderate demand; prices a shade lower; range 9a9¾c; receipts 3,077. Sheep more active; prices ½c higher; range 4a4½c; receipts 5,623; lambs $1,50a3,50.

ST. LOUIS, July 26.—Hogs steady; Yorkers $6,10a6,35; bacon $6,10a6,25. Cattle in fair demand for all grades; prices unchanged.

CINCINNATI, July 26.—Hogs dull; fair to good light $6,40a6,65; do. heavy $6,50a6,75.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 26.—Hogs: receipts 800 head; prices $6,15a6,30.

Cotton.

NEW YORK, July 26.—Cotton steady at 11 11-16c; futures steady; July 11 11-16a 11 23-32c; August 11 11-16a11 23-32c; September 11 19 32c; October 11⅝a11 13-32c; November 11 15-16a11 11-32c.

CHARLESTON, July 26.—Cotton: middling 11c, receipts 176 bales; sales 25.

SAVANNAH, July 26.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅞c; gross receipts 156 bales; exports coast 182.

GALVESTON, July 26.—Cotton: middlings 11c; net receipts 22 bales, sales 46.

MOBILE, July 26.—Cotton quiet; middlings 10⅜c; net receipts 42 bales; sales 50; exports coast 255.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, July 26.—The great auction trade sale of flannels and blankets was concluded to-day. The prices realized were a shade better than those obtained at last week's sale. Cotton goods were quiet in first hands, but steady. Medium and dark prints were more active. Men's wear woolens were in moderate demand. Hosiery was fairly active.

Wool.

BOSTON, July 26.—Wool: demand good and market firm; X and XX Ohio and Pennsylvania 34a37c; Michigan and Wisconsin 30a32c; combing fleeces in fair demand at 40a42 1-2c; fine delaine 36a38c; unwashed combing 30a35c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.—5 buts tobacco, M. K. McMullen; 10 cads do, T. J. Wallace; 16 pails do, S. M. Borchardt; 1 case s do, H. Kennerveg; 1 bx mdse, A. Jackson; 1 do castings, Kelly & J; 10 bbls hams, F. Sellers & Co; 25 bbls whisky, J. Littell; 14 bbls potatoes, A. Austin & Son; 19 do, 11 do onions, Vangorder & G; 1 s machine, W. J. Morgan; 7 trces beef, R. Owens & Co; 10 do, E. H. Myers & Co; 2 do 5 bxs bacon, F. Sellers & Co; 10 bbls whisky, H. Evert; 20 do, Casey & F; 1 car staves, C. A. Wermcastle; 1 do and heading, C. Strott; 1 do, C. F. Eberle; 1 car beer, J. Bruenning; 50 bbls whisky, Schmidt & F; 11 pkgs p bags, Godfrey & C; 13 sks rags, McCullough & S; 3 bbls c cement, S. Ewart & Co; 15 do, Watt, L. & Co; 4 bxs mdse, U. Baird; 12 bbls potatoes, R. Dickey & Co; 1 do vinegar, T. & J. Heinz; 5 do whisky, R. Rosenburg; 2 do f c cement Ward & F; 1 car staves, H. Schmidt; 1 do, Aug Depp; 1 do, F. Kober; 1 do flour, Johnson & F; 1 do, Hitchcock McC & Co; 1 do shoulders, M. M. Fried & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R. CO.—1 car 1 beer, L. Leisey & Co; 2 bxs cheese, Weisbrod & W; 2 do, P. Schlegel; 299 sks oats, J. Graham; 323 do, Laing & McK; 2 cks e ware, M. W. Sackett & Co; 230 bdls paper, A. McClure; 5 bbls grease, W. Flaccus & Son; 3 do eggs, Mechling & McB; 2 do, Knox & O; 100 do flour, B. H. Voskamp; 1 do wire, W. P. Townsend; 20 do potatoes, H. J. McCracken; 3 do apples, H. Rea; 8 do onions, R. Harvey; 5 do oil, H. M. Graham; 50 do flour, S. S. Marvin & Co; 116 s pipes, W. F. Taggert; 108 o bbls, S. B. Thompson; 10 pails tobacco, J. W. Taylor; 2 pkgs mdse, T. Birney; 41 tcs hams, Walker, D. & Co; 10 do, F. Sellers; 29 cases c fruit, G. S. Whiting; 8 cks b beer, J. C. Buffum.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R. CO.—22 cars coal, Sable Coal Co; 14 do, Geo. W. Glass; 8 do stone, Isabella Fur; 1 do, Lucy Fur; 1 do, J. Megraw; 1 do lime, W. J. Baughman; 3 do cinders, Carnegie Bros; 2 do clay, Harbison & W; 1 do, Star F. B. Co; 1 do bark, W. Flaccus & Son; 5 do ice, Chaut. Lake Ice Company; 1 car lumber, Heath & S; 1 do oats, S. B. Floyd & Co; 9 cars coal, Vesta O. Wks; 8 do, Standard O. Wks; 5 do, Brilliant O. Works; 1 bbl meat, Shomaker & Co; 1 bx butter 1 bbl eggs, H. Gerwig & Son; do, J. C. O'Donnell; do, J. A. Dietz; do, Scott & Co; do, G. Wright; 5 calves, W. Hoffman; 1 bx butter 1 bbl eggs, Geyer & M.

ALLEGHENY STATION.—2 cars lime, Holmes & Co; 3 do cooperage, J. M. Hemphill; 1 do oats, W. C. Brown; 1 do, Johnston & McF; 1 do, S. Crawford; 100 bdls paper, L. H. Smith; 7 cases eggs, S. McCain; 9 do, 17 tubs butter, A. Ketler; 16 bbls apples, 23 bbls potatoes, F. Owens; 6 do tallow, W. & H. Walker; 25 do crackers, J. McClurg; 10 cases matches, J. F. Nichols; 10 bales cotton, Eagle Cotton Mills; 1 ck e ware, J. Reno; 1 car bran, James McFerron; 1 do flour and feed, Hack & S; 1 do stone A. Beggs; 13 pkgs baskets, Balsley & L; 2 cars pig lead, T. H. Nevin & Co; 1 do, Penna Lead Co, 38 bxs cheese, A. W. Bedell; 16 do cement, Harrold.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R.—1 car hams, E. H. Myers & Co; 145 bxs cheese, N. J. Bradan; 1 car flour, Houck, McC & Co; 1 do, R. H. Voskamp; 1 do oats, Keil & R; 9 bdls hides, J. Callery & Co; 1 car malt, Franenheim & V; 15 sks rags lot s iron, J. B. Jones & Bro; 194 bdls paper, J. Harrison; 4 bbls eggs, Wently Bro; 5 pkgs g ware, Union F G Co; 5 do, Campbell & J; 1 do, Gallinger & Co; 20 do, E. P. Wallace; 10 do, Cavitt & P; 1 car m feed, S. B. Floyd & Co; 1 do ice, Keystone I Co.

RECEIPTS AT PITTSBURGH GRAIN ELEVATOR—1 car oats, J. Matthews; 2 do, J. Frick; 1 do, Roberts & S; 1 do, M. Meek.

Receipts of Blooms, Ore, Pig Metal and Scrap Iron.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R R.

Carnegie Bros i	1		

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Shoen'r B & Co o	6	W. Clark & Co o	1
Isabella Fur m	6	Maloney & L s l	1
Lewis O. & P m	3	Lewis D. & Co o	10
Total			27

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO R. R.

J. Painter & Son m	2	Isabella Fur o	30
Lewis O. & P s	1	Nimick & Co m	3
W. Mullins s l	3	E. Thompson S Wk	4
Pgh F. & I. Co s l	2		
Total			45

RIVER NEWS.

State of the Rivers, Movements of Steamboats, &c.

THE water, both in the Monongahela and Allegheny, continues to recede at headwaters.

CAPT. H. A. DOHRMAN is still lying quite ill at St. Louis.

THE Hornet No. 2, with a tow of empty barges, was due last evening.

THE Iron Mountain is double tripping it from Pomeroy to Marietta.

THE Exchange was advertised to leave Cincinnati for this port yesterday.

PILOT JNO. HANDLON was to have been married in Covington, on Tuesday night.

THE I. S. Keefer, if she did not get out last night, will depart for Huntington to-day with a tow of refined oil.

CAPT. GEO. L. KOUNS, of New Orleans, is on the Arlington, coming with his family to his father's place on the Ohio river, near Ironton.

A DAUGHTER of Capt. Laurence Carter, of the U. P. Schenck, was to have been married at her father's residence, in Newport, Tuesday night.

THE new steamer, E. O. Stanard, left New Orleans Saturday for St. Louis. Among her cargo was 600 hhds sugar, 2,000 sks salt and 200 tons miscellaneous freight.

LEV. MCGEARY, late of the Shreveport, shipped at St. Louis, last Saturday, as mate of the Jo Kinney. Wash Martin, of the Jo., is now on the Nellie Peck.

THE water in the river at this point continues to recede with 2 feet 3 inches by the marks. Heavy rain Tuesday night. Weather yesterday cool and pleasant.

CAPT. TIFF STRICLER, who is building a boat at Madison, Ind., will name her David Sinton, in honor of a wealthy and well-known gentleman of Cincinnati.

THE Chieftain, of the Brownsville packet line, has been ordered out of service by the local inspectors until repaired. The John Snowden will probably be put in her place.

A LATE Evansville paper says: The snagboat Woodruff is now working in the bend below French Island. She has removed quite a number of obstructions in the way of logs and snags in the channel below Louisville.

THE Fanchon arrived from Cincinnati last evening, and as will be seen by card, she is announced for a return trip, leaving on Friday at noon. She is an A1 low-water boat, and is in every way qualified for the trade between here and Cincinnati.

CAIRO dispatches report that Capt. Hite, of St. Louis, is probably the purchaser of the steamer Bruno. Also that Pilot Henry Woods, in the hospital at Cairo suffering from some lung trouble, seems to be getting along very well and may be out again soon.

CONSIDERABLE corn in the valley of the Arkansas has been destroyed by the recent overflow. In many places the stench arising from the dying and decaying stalks is so offensive that families have been compelled to leave their homes and seek more endurable quarters. The Upper Arkansas country and valley of the streams flowing into it are reported to have suffered greater injury by far than the country below Little Rock.

A ST. LOUIS dispatch under date of Monday says: Business opened fair for Monday. The Yaeger got considerable freight and expects to leave for New Orleans to-morrow. The John F. Tolle—another Kountz Liner, follows the Yaeger. Then comes the City of Alton. The Ike Hammitt and Barnard are loading barges at the ore pile. The Fearless will not come in this week. Capt. I. R. Whittaker and G. W. Vandergrift leave for Cincinnati to-morrow. Com. John A. Scudder and family leave for Rye Beach to spend the balance of the summer to-morrow evening.

SMITH & SHEPLER,
CELEBRATED
Feed Water Boiler Washer.
PATENTED FEBRUARY 29, 1876.

This Improved Heater and Washer has been approved by the National Board of Supervising Inspectors, in session February, 1876, and also by practical Engineers on the steamboats Whale, Rover, Seven Sons, Maggie Smith, Ironsides, and others.

J. B. SHERRIFF & SON,
Manufacturers,
68 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

RIVER PACKETS.

For Cincinnati and Louisville.

FRIDAY, July 28—12 M.
THE FINE LIGHT DRAUGHT PASSENGER STEAMER
FANCHON.
T. C. SWEENEY .... Commander
J. T. HAMBLETON .... Clerk
Will leave as announced above.
For freight or passage apply on board.
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, and
CAPT. SAM. SHEMAN, Agents.

Regular Ironton and Pittsburgh Weekly Packet.
Leaves Ironton every Thursday.
Leaves Pittsburgh every Monday at 4 P.M.
THE NEW AND LIGHT DRAUGHT
SALT VALLEY.
SAM. DeWOLF .... Master
JNO. KIRKER & CHAS. M. BUCHANAN, Clerks

Passengers by the "Salt Valley" with through Tickets, will be transferred to the R. R. Packets and arrive at Cincinnati Thursday morning.

Freights and passenger rates as low as the lowest. For freight or passage apply on board, or to
GEO. H. GHEIEST,
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, or
S. R. & W. J. PATTERSON.
Wharfboat, foot of Wood St.

STEAMSHIPS.

CONSULATE.

KAISERLICH KÖNIGLICH OESTERREICHISCH-UNGARISCHES CONSULAT IN PITTSBURG

European Exchange, Collection and Steamship Office, No. 163 Smithfield street,
MAX SCHAMBERG,
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STOVES, RANGES, GRATES.
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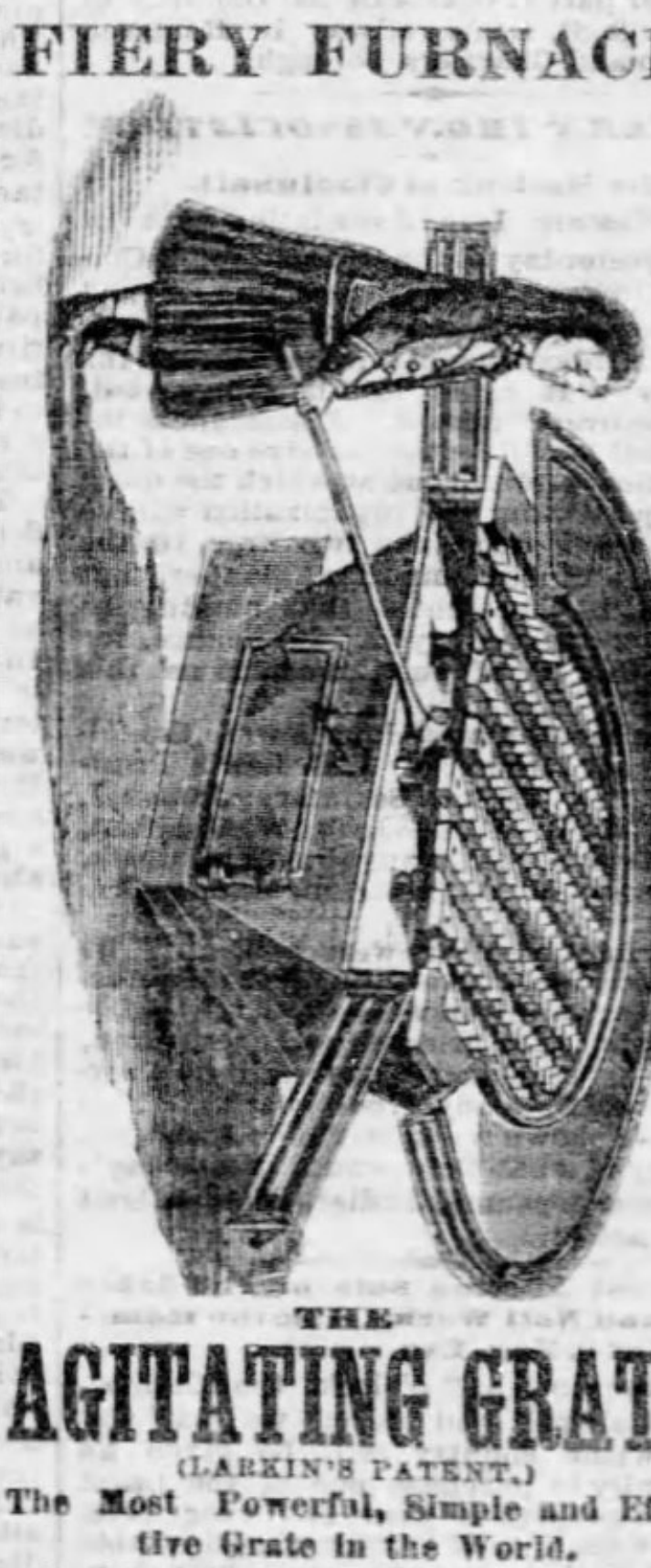
FOR THE
FIERY FURNACE.



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(LARKIN'S PATENT.)
The Most Powerful, Simple and Effective Grate in the World.

The FIERY FURNACE is adapted for Churches, School Houses and all kinds of public and private buildings.

MANUFACTURED BY
GRAFF, HUGUS AND CO.
Who are also the Manufacturers of the
IMPROVED DOUBLE-OVEN
Boston Cooking Range,
PARLOR AND COOK STOVES, Etc.
206 AND 208 LIBERTY STREET.

FIRE BRICK, SEWER PIPE
A. HARTUPEE,
MANUFACTURER OF
FIRE BRICK,
Of any desired size and shape. Also
Every Variety of Tiles,
For Gas Works, Refineries, Stoves, Steamboat Boilers, Fire Beds and Furnaces.
Finely Ground Fire Clay always on hand
OFFICE,
CORNER FIRST AVE. AND SHORT ST.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOR SALE—SUNDRIES.
6 cars Wheat.
1 car Corn Meal.
1 car Ground Corn and Oats.
25 bbls choice White Beans.
2,000 of those heavy, large, India Bags, cheap.
1,000 Cotton Seamless 2 bushel sacks.
HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.,
349 Liberty St., office up stairs.
March 17, 1876.

SCRAP IRON, &c.
W. J. HAMMOND
DEALER IN
WROUGHT AND CAST IRON,
Wrought Turnings, Cast Turnings, Old Railroad Locomotive Tire, Old Car and Driving Wheels, Old Boilers,
Brass, Copper, Lead and Zinc,
W. J. Hammond,
Cor. Eleventh and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c
BROWN & BLACK,
PRODUCE
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
And dealers in all kinds of Produce, Flour, Grain, Feed, &c.
No. 193 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.
Special attention given to consignments.
REFERENCES—R. Patrick & Co., Bankers, Pittsburgh; C. Yeager & Co., Dry Goods and Notions, Pittsburgh.

The Only Grain Warehouse in Pittsburgh with Steam Elevator and Track Connections.
LAING & M'KALLIP
Commission Merchants,
And dealers in Grain, Feed, Flour, Hay, Straw, Lime, Cement, Plaster and Anthracite Coal.
357 Liberty St., 134 Fifth Avenue, and cor. 31st St. and A. V. R. R.

W. H. MECHLING .... L. McBRIDE.
MECHLING & McBRIDE
GENERAL PRODUCE
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 207 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!
We are constantly receiving the very
BEST FLOURS MADE
In the United States, and which we guarantee to give entire satisfaction.
Storekeepers, Bakers and Families
In want of something choice will find it in our stoc at all times. Our New Process Flour is superior to anything in market and at moderate price.
S. LINDSAY, Jr., & CO.,
No. 157 Liberty Street.
March 14, 1876. c39

PETER KEIL .... JAS. F. RITCHART.
KEIL & RITCHART,
Commission Merchants,
And dealers in Flour, Grain, Seeds, Mill Feed, &c.
349 LIBERTY STREET,
Patterson's Block, PITTSBURGH, PA.

ARCHIBALD WALLACE,
WHOLESALE
GROCER & PRODUCE DEALER
No. 6 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

H. M. CALDWELL & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
And Dealers in
HAY, GRAIN AND PRODUCE,
305 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders for Shipments and Consignments solicited and promptly attended to.

JOHN PORTERFIELD & CO.,
FAMILY GROCERS,
And dealers in best brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR,
No. 15 MARKET STREET,
Corner of First avenue.

AIKEN, WALLACE & POLLOCK,
185 LIBERTY STREET,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
Apples, Apple Butter, Pickles, Jersey Seed Sweet Potatoes, Onion Sets, Brownell Beauty Seed Potatoes, Beans and Produce generally. Advances made on consignments and prompt returns guaranteed.

HOSE, COUPLINGS, &c.
HYDRANTS HOSE,

HOSE PIPES
AND
Couplings,
Bailey, Farrell & Co.
167 SMITHFIELD ST.,
PITTSBURGH.

OILS, &c.
LUBRICATING OILS
AND
ALL OTHER VARIETIES,
Manufactured and Sold by
B. TRIPP, JR., & CO.,
369 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh.
ttbs

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,
Iron Bank Block,
corner Sixth avenue and Wood street,
PITTSBURGH.
CASH CAPITAL $200,000
Stockholders Individually Liable.
BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.
JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.
DIRECTORS.
Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Murtland,
James Musgrove, Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott, James D. Kelly,
Charles E. Leech, Wm. Floyd,
John Floyd.
Collections made to all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents. te10:h41

CENTRAL BANK,
No. 47 FIFTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.
CAPITAL $100,000
Incorporated by Legislature.
Bank of Discount and Deposit.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
Collections made on all the principal cities of the United States and Canadas.
DIRECTORS.
Thomas Fawcett, D. W. C. Carroll,
James H. Hopkins, Julius Adair,
James Bown, J. H. Walter,
Madison Bailey, J. H. Denniston,
George Bingham, Abram Hayes,
Paul H. Hacke, James Wilson.
THOMAS FAWCETT, President,
MADISON BAILEY, Vice President,
M. HUNNINGS, Cashier.

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,
OF ALLEGHENY,
No. 171 Federal Street.
CAPITAL, $200,000.
DISCOUNT EVERY DAY.
Stockholders Individually Liable.
Six per cent. interest allowed on time Deposits.
GEO. K. RIDDLE, President,
J. W. HALL, Vice President.
Simon Drum, D. Macferron,
Geo. D. Riddle, E. H. Knox,
R. W. Cartwright,
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.

Allegheny National Bank,
OF PITTSBURGH.
No. 33 Fifth Avenue.
CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.
J. W. COOK, President.
S. W. MACKEY, Vice President,
W. McCANDLESS, Cashier.

N. Holmes & Sons,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.
Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of
United States Securities.

STEEL WORKS.
LABELLE STEEL WORKS.
Smith, Sutton & Co.,
SUCCESSORS TO
REITER, SUTTON & CO.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of
STEEL.
ALSO,
Springs, Axles, Rake Teeth, &c.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Ridge, Lighthill and Belmont Streets, and Ohio River,
ALLEGHENY.
Postoffice address, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.
ESTABLISHED IN 1845,
ANDERSON & WOODS,
Manufacturers of
Best Refined Cast Steel,
Of every description; also
Best Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.
CORNER ROSS STREET and FIRST AVENUE, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Manufacturers of every description of
Cast and German Steel,
Steel Fire Box and Boiler Plate,
Elliptic and Platform Springs,
Axles, Steel Tire, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE—83 Water street and 100 First Ave.

Black Diamond Steel Works.
PARK, BRO. & CO.
Manufacturers of all descriptions of
STEEL.
Office and Warehouse—30th, 31st and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.
Miller, Metcalf & Parkin,
OFFICE, NO. 339 LIBERTY STREET
PITTSBURGH, PA.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.
Drs. Jordan and Davieson

Principals of the Institution of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Lecturers on Anatomy, Physiology and Science, inform their friends and patients that they have again opened a branch office for the practice of their profession at No. 2 EIGHTH STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA., where one of the firm may be confidentially consulted, more especially in all those cases of diseases and debility, for the treatment of which they are so justly celebrated. It is too well known that hundreds, nay thousands suffer from the effects of early indiscretion and seek in vain for relief, for none but the educated physician who has made these subjects a specialty is likely to succeed in restoring the patient to health and strength. To all such Drs. Jordan and Davieson offer certain and speedy relief, and undertake no cases but those in which they are able to guarantee a safe, certain and permanent cure. Their important Medical Work may be had from their office, No. 2 Eighth street, on receipt of 25 cents, and as usual from their head establishment, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia. Hours of consultation from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M., and from 5 P. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. Every case is strictly confidential. d&S

☞ KEYSTONE DISPENSARY,
No. 302 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa., a special institution, having a Union-wide reputation for the reliable and successful treatment of Private and Urinary diseases, Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Impotence, etc. Everybody should read TRUE MARRIAGE GUIDE, 144 pages; illustrated; cloth and gilt binding; about wonders of reproductive system, marriage, proper age and condition, marriage impediments, causes and consequences. Price 50 cents. Address as above, or call DR. WHITTIER. d&S

☞ PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also, seminal weakness, impotency and all other diseases of the genital organs, and their prevention. A cure warranted or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of 20 years standing in this city, and has cured over 10,000 cases. For Circulars and Book, 10c., address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays excepted.

IRON AND STEEL.
McKEESPORT IRON WORKS.
W. D. WOOD & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PATENT PLANISHED
AND REFINED SHEET IRON.
Office—111 WATER STREET, Pittsburgh.

ALEX. NIMICK, President. SAML. H. JACOBUS, General Manager and Treasurer.
Jacobus & Nimick Manuf'g Co.
PROPRIETORS OF
PITTSBURGH NOVELTY WORKS,
Formerly J. K. Moorhead & Co., founded A. D. 1833, and
PITTSBURGH VARIETY WORKS,
Formerly Jones & Nimick Manufacturing Co., founded A. D. 1855, manufacturers of the well-known J. & N. and Novelty Brands of Locks and Latches, Fairbanks' Patent Platform and Counter Scales, Paint and Coffee Mills, Builders' and Domestic Hardware generally.
Diamond Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WAYNE IRON
AND
STEEL WORKS.
BROWN & CO.,
Manufacture of the
WAYNE AND "U. S." BRANDS OF
IRON AND STEEL.
Bar, Rod, Hoop, Sheet and Tank Iron, Extra Horse Shoe Iron, Wagon Box Iron, Iron Plow Beams, Flanged Landside Iron, Light T Rails, 12 to 18 lbs. per yard, Splice Bars, "U. S." Boiler Plate and Fire Box Iron, and Boiler Heads, all Flanging, Boiler and Tank Rivets, extra quality; Wayne and "U. S." BEST REFINED STEEL and Cast Steel. Also, Iron Centre Cast Steel for plows and cultivators, Tire Steel, Lay Steel, Grain Drill Steel, Flanged Landside Steel and Steel Plow Beams. All descriptions of Iron and Steel made to order for Agricultural Implements, Plow Moulds, Shares, Cultivator Shovels, Rolling Coulters, &c., cut to any desired pattern. Near Union Depot. Office and Works,
COR. DUQUESNE WAY AND TENTH ST.
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Our "U. S." Brands warranted to be unexcelled.

Pennsylvania Iron Works.
EVERSON, MACRUM & CO.,
Manufacturers of every description of
SHEET AND BAR IRON,
Flat, Bar, Round, Square, Band, Hoop, Tank and Boiler Iron, Fine and Common Sheet Iron.
Office at Works, SECOND AVENUE, immediately above upper Monongahela bridge,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

MONT BLANC FOUNDRY.
A. TOMLINSON & CO.
Manufacturers of COAL PIT CAR WHEELS, BRIDGE, ROLLING MILL, BLAST FURNACE and MACHINERY CASTINGS of every description. RAILROAD STREET, between 29th and 30th streets, PITTSBURGH, PA.

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO.,
IRON CITY FOUNDRY.
Manufacturers of BRIDGE, ROLLING MILL, BLAST FURNACE AND MACHINERY CASTINGS. CORNER OF LIBERTY ADN TWENTY-THIRD STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

FOUNDERS & MACHINISTS.
JOHN W. HAY, CHAS. SHINKLE, W. J. MILLER, JR.
MONONGAHELA FOUNDRY
And Machine Works.
HAY, SHINKLE & MILLER,
Successors to W. J. ANDERSON,
Machinists and Iron Founders.
Grist and Saw Mill Work a Specialty.
Turbine Water Wheels.
Agents for Defour & Co. Bolting Cloths, and John A. Wafner's Coil Springs for Mill Spindles.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
No. 39 Water Street,
PITTSBURGH.

Industrial Machine Works.
Hugh M. Bole, Proprietor,
Manufacturer of Stationary Steam Engines used in Saw, Grist and Planing Mills; Engines for Coal Mines and Inclined Planes, either single or double. We also make a specialty of manufacturing Machinery for Crushing and Washing Coal, Coke Oven-Pushing Machine, Elevators, Screens, &c. All work warranted first-class.
Shop—Corner of Point Alley and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Robinson, Rea & Co.,
FOUNDERS and
MACHINISTS,
12 SMITHFIELD ST.,
PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.
A. GARRISON & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Chilled and Sand Rolls
Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
ORE AND CLAY PULVERIZERS,
ROTARY SQUEEZERS,
Haskins Patent Double Spiral Pinions,
AND
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
Office and Warehouse:
No. 33 Wood Street, Cor. Second Avenue.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.
FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank Works.
D. W. C. Carroll & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Tubular, Double-flued Tubular, Fire Box and Cylinder Steam Boilers,
Oil Stills and Oil Tanks,
Chimneys, Breeching and Ash Pans,
Settling Pans, Salt Pans and Condensers.
Steam Pipes, Gasometers and Iron Bridges.
Prison Doors and Coal Shutes.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

COAL, COKE AND LIME.
S. C. GRIER & CO.,
DEALERS IN
ANTHRACITE AND BITUMINOUS
COAL.
Railroad Yard, corner Grant avenue and Ft. W. R. R. Crossing, and River Yard, corner Rebecca and Ridge streets, Allegheny City, Pa.
Prompt attention given to filling orders.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Miners, Shippers and Dealers in
FAMILY, NUT AND BLACKSMITH
COAL.
OFFICE and Yard, 567 LIBERTY STREET.
Particular attention given to filling orders of above Coal.

BRIDGE WORK.
KEYSTONE BRIDGE COMP'Y
BUILDERS OF
Iron and Wooden Bridges,
Wrought Iron Turn Tables, Roofs, &c.
OFFICES—Cor. Forty-first and Harrison streets Pittsburgh; No. 218 South 4th street, Philadelphia

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD—On and after SUNDAY, April 16th, 1876, Trains will leave Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows:
CITY TIME.
MAIN LINE EASTWARD.

PACIFIC EXPRESS daily, except Monday, at 2:36 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:30 a. m., Philadelphia 3:30 p. m., New York 6:45 p. m.
MAIL TRAIN daily, except Sunday, 7:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 8:15 p. m.
DAY EXPRESS daily, at 8:26 a. m., arriving at Harrisburg 3:55 p. m., Philadelphia 7:20 p. m., New York 10:20 p. m., Baltimore 7:35 p. m., Washington 9:07 p. m.
ATLANTIC EXPRESS daily at 12:51 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 11:05 p. m., Philadelphia 3:10 a. m., New York 6:50 a. m.
PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS daily, except Sunday, 4:31 p. m., arriving at Harrisburg 2:40 a. m., Philadelphia 7:00 a. m., New York 10:10 m.
FAST LINE daily at 7:51 p. m.; arriving at Harrisburg 3:45 a. m., Philadelphia 7:35 a. m., New York 10:25 a. m., Baltimore 7:35 a. m., Washington 9:02 a. m.
JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION 3:41 p.m.
WALL'S ACCOMMODATION 6:41, 10:21, 11:46 a. m., 2:41, 5:46, 6:11, 11:31 p. m. Sunday 12:56 p. m.
BRINTON ACCOMMODATION 6:06 a. m., 5:01 and 9:26 p. m. Sunday 9:26 p. m.
WILKINSBURG ACCOMMODATION 9:21 a. m., 1:41, 3:11, 5:21, 7:11 and 8:11 p. m.
TORRENS ACCOMMODATION 10:11 p. m.

MAIN LINE WESTWARD.
Trains arrive at Union Depot (city time) as follows:
Mail Train daily, except Monday .... 1:01 a. m.
Fast Line daily, except Monday .... 1:26 a. m.
Pittsburgh Express daily, except Monday 7:56 a. m.
Cincinnati Express daily .... 8:11 a. m.
Pacific Express daily .... 1:41 p. m.
Limited Mail daily .... 5:41 p. m.
Way Passenger daily .... 8:51 p. m.
Jonstown accommodation .... 10:36 a. m.
Wall's Accommodation 6:36, 9:01 a. m., 1:21, 2:41, 5:51 and 7:56 p. m. Sunday 10:01 a. m.
Brinton Accommodation 7:41 and 8.16 a. m., 7:06 and 11:11 p. m. Sunday 7:06 p. m.
Wilkinsburg Accommodation 11:46 a. m., 3:06, 4:41, 7:31, 9:21 and 10:01 p. m.
Torrens Accommodation 7:11 a. m.

SOUTH-WEST PENN. RAILWAY.
NO CHANGE OF CARS.
Youghiogheny Express, except Sunday, 8:31 a. m.
Connellsville Express daily, except Sunday 4:36 p. m.
Trains arrive from Connellsville at 9:41 a. m. and 6:46 p. m.

WEST PENNSYLVANIA DIVISION.
From Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, (city time):
MAIL TRAIN, connecting for Butler .... 6:46 a. m.
EXPRESS, connecting for Butler .... 2:26 p. m.
FREEPORT ACCOM. 9:16 a. m. and 4:56 p. m.
SPRINGDALE ACC. 11:26 a. m., 6:16, 8:41 and 11:31 p. m. On Sunday at 12:51 and 9:21 p. m.
MARKET TRAIN FOR BUTLER .... 3:51 p. m.
Trains arrive at Federal Street Depot (city time):
Express, connecting from Butler .... 9:56 a. m.
Mail Train, connecting from Butler .... 5:26 p. m.
Freeport Accom .... 8:11 a. m. and 1:36 p. m.
Springdale Accom., 6:58 a. m., 3:46, 7:16 and 11:11 p. m. On Sunday at 9:51 a. m. and 7:01 p. m.
Market Train from Butler .... 9:11 a. m.

The Excelsior Baggage Express Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences. Time cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue and the Union Depot.
D. M. BOYD, JR.,
General Passenger Agent.
FRANK THOMSON, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY, CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.
On and after April 16, 1876, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
Fast Line	1:57am	Atlantic Ex	2:22am
Erie & Asht. Ex	7:12am	Wheeling Ex	10:47am
Cl. & Wh'g Mail	8:32am	Chicago Ex	12:27pm
Chicago Ex	9:12am	Erie & Ash. Ex	3:42pm
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	1:52pm	Chicago Mail	3.42pm
Pacific Ex	2:12pm	Cleveland Ex	5:52pm
Wheeling Ex	4:17pm	Ch. & St. L. Ex	7:17pm
Erie & War Ex	4:37pm	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	7:27pm
Thro. Ml., limit	6:02pm	Erie Ex	11:27pm
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
Beaver FallsAc.	8.47am	Leetsdale Ac	6:42am
Leetsdale Ac	10:27am	Leetsdale Ac	7:27am
Leetsdale Ac	12:07pm	Beaver FallsAc	8:12am
Sharpsville Ac	1:12pm	Enon Accom	8:47am
Enon Accom	3:42pm	Sharps. & War Ac	10:12am
Leetsdale Ac	5:12pm	Leetsdale Ac	12:52pm
Beaver Falls Ac	6:22pm	Beaver Falls Ac	2:12pm
Leetsdale Ac	9:27pm	Leetsdale Ac	4:27pm
Leetsdale Ac	11:27pm	Leetsdale Ac	7:37pm
Fair Oaks Sunday Church	12:42pm	Fair Oaks Sunday Church	9:52am

Fast Through Mail, leaves daily. Pacific Express leaves daily. Chicago Express arrives daily. Atlantic Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted. All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.
F. R. MEYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. D. LAYNG, General Manager.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, (Panhandle Route.)
On and after SUNDAY, June 25, 1876, Trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh as follows, Pittsburgh time:
DEPART.
Fast Line .... [illegible]
Pacific Express .... [illegible]
Dennison Accommodation .... [illegible]
Washington Accommodation .... [illegible]
McDonald's Accommodation .... [illegible]
Columbus Accommodation .... [illegible]
Washington Accommodation .... [illegible]
Limited Mail .... [illegible]
McDonald's Accommodation .... [illegible]
Mansfield Accommodation .... [illegible]
Sunday Church Train .... [illegible]
" " .... [illegible]
ARRIVE.
McDonald's Accommodation 6:47am
Cincinnati Express 8:02am
Washington Accommodation 8:22am
Dennison Accommodation 9:42am
McDonald's Accommodation 2:02pm
Washington Accommodation 3:57pm
Columbus Mail 5:32pm
Fast Line 7:27pm
Southern Express 2:12am
Mansfield Accommodation 7:12pm
Sunday Church Train 10:02am
Pacific Express and Limited Mail leave daily. Cincinnati Express Fast Line and Mansfield Accommodation arrive daily.
Fast Line leaves daily, Sundays excepted.
All other trains will run daily, except Sundays.
Sleeping Cars without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.
D. W. CALDWELL, General Manager.
W. L. O'BRIEN,
Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.
S. M. FELTON, Jr., Gen. Supt.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD.
PITTSBURGH DIVISION.
ON AND AFTER JULY 10th, 1876, trains on this road will depart from and arrive at Depot, corner of Grant and Water Sts., as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Connellsville Ac	6:15am	McKeesport Ac	6:45am
Through Mail	7:45am	Through Express	7:15am
McKeesport Ac	9:15am	McKeesport Ac	7:40am
McKeesport Ac	11:20am	W. Newton Ac	8:30am
McKeesport Ac	3:15pm	Uniontown Ex	9:40am
Uniontown Ex	3:45pm	McKeesport Ac	12:40pm
McKeesport Ac	4:15pm	McKeesport Ac	2:00pm
W. Newton Ac	5:10pm	Uniontown Ex	5:35pm
McKeesport Ac	6:20pm	McKeesport Ac	6:05pm
Through Ex	8:00pm	McKeesport Ac	7:30pm
McKeesport Ac	11:15pm	Through Mail	7:40pm
Church Train	12:45pm	Church Train	10:05am

Mail trains daily. Through Express departs daily, except Sunday. Through Express arrives daily, except Monday. Accommodation trains and Uniontown express daily, except Sunday. Church train Sunday only.

75 MILES THE SHORTEST TO WASHINGTON and the only line via the National Capital to the Eastern Cities.
Pullman Palace Coaches and magnificent Day Cars through to Washington and Baltimore without change.
Ticket Offices, Corner Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, and Depot, corner Grant and Water streets.
L. M. COLE, Genl Ticket Agent.
E. K. HYNDMAN, Superintendent.
W. E. REPPERT, Passenger Agent.

PITTSBURGH, VIRGINIA & CHARLESTON RAILWAY,
On and after SUNDAY, April 16, 1876, and until further notice, Trains will arrive and depart from the New Depot, corner Fourth avenue and Try street, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh time:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Monongahela City Mail	5:55am	Homestead Ac	6:50am
Monon. City ac	9:42am	Pittsburgh Ac	8:30am
Elizabeth ac	11:30am	Pittsburgh Mail	10:25am
Monongahela ex	3:57pm	Elizabeth Ac	3:03pm
Homestead Ac	5:52pm	Pittsburgh Ex	5:47pm

CHURCH TRAIN leaves Monongahela City every Sunday at 8:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:40 p.m.
Through connections daily (except Sunday,) to and from Brownsville as follows: leave Brownsville at 5:00 a. m. and 12 m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:25 a. m. and 5:47 p. m. Returning, trains leaving at 9:42 a. m. and 3:57 p. m., connect with Packets, reaching Brownsville at 4:00 and 9:15 p. m.
Leave orders for Baggage at General Office, on Fourth avenue.
WM. J. ROSE, Gen. Frt. and Pass. Agt.
JOHN M. BYERS, Ch. Eng. and Supt.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD—On and after SUNDAY, JULY 2d, 1876, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, as follows, Pittsburgh Time:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Arnolds Park Accom	6:50am	Night Express	6:25am
Buffalo Ex	8:30am	Arnolds Park ac	6:40am
S. Works Ac	10:15am	S. Works Ac	8:10am
Freeport Ac	12:20pm	Arnolds Park ac	9:55am
Titusville Ex	2:05pm	Emlenton & Reynoldsville Ac	11:15am
Emlenton & Reynoldsville Ac	3:20pm	S. Works Ac	1:45pm
Arnolds Park Ac	5:00pm	Titusville Ex	2:35pm
S. Works Ac	6:15pm	Freeport Ac	6:00pm
Night Ex	8:25pm	Buffalo Ex	7:30pm
Arnolds Park ac	11:10pm	Arnolds Park ac	9:55pm

All Trains Daily, except Sunday.
Church Train leave Soda Works at 8:40 a. m., arriving at Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m.; returning, leaves Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., arriving at Soda Works at 2:15 p. m. Stopping at all stations.
Sunday Special—Leaves Pittsburgh at 7:40 a. m., arriving at Emlenton 11:45 a. m., returning leaves Emlenton 3:15 p. m., arriving at Pittsburgh 7:25 p. m., stopping at all stations.
Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars on Night Express between Pittsburgh and Mayville.
Buffalo Express north connects at Red Bank with train on Low Grade Division for Brookville and Driftwood, making connections at Driftwood with trains on the P. & E. R. R. eastward to Williamsport, westward to Emporium, Olean and points on B. N. Y. & P. R. R.
Buffalo Express north and south, connect at Red Bank with trains on Low Grade Division for Sligo, Brookville and Reynoldsville.
Buffalo Express, north and south, make close connections at Brocton to and from Buffalo.
Orders can be left with Excelsior Baggage Company, 78 Fifth avenue, for baggage to be checked from hotels or residence to destination.
Ticket office, No. 78 Fifth avenue and Union Depot.
J. MORTON HALL,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent.
DAVID McCARGO, Gen. Superintendent.

PLOW WORKS.
ALEX. SPEER & SONS,
SUCCESSORS TO HALL & SPEER,
Globe Plow Works,
DUQUESNE WAY,
Below Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh
Plows, Cultivators, Road Scoops, Shovel Moulds Road and Grading Plows.

Keystone Nut and Bolt Works.
F. M. HASLETT & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
PLOW, CARRIAGE
And Machine Bolts, &c.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Corner Main and Cherry Sts., Allegheny

HOME NEWS.

The probabilities for to-day are clear or fair weather, and a slight rise in the temperature, with east to south winds, and stationary or slowly falling barometer.

Officers Elected.

At a meeting of Company E, Duquesne Greys, last evening, Chris. Seibert was elected Captain; C. W. Anshutz, First Lieutenant, and Henry H. Frick, Second Lieutenant.

Reunion.

The reunion of the Ninth Pennsylvania Reserves, which takes place at New Brighton, to-morrow, Friday the 28th inst., promises to be one of the most interesting meetings the Association has held since its organization. All the soldiers in Beaver and adjoining counties will, it is thought, participate in the reunion, and ample arrangements have been made for all who desire to attend. The train will leave the depot at 8:40 A. M. See card under the head of "Attention," in another column.

A Constable and an Alderman in the Lock-up.

The Allegheny lock-up contained an Alderman and a constable last night. About seven o'clock in the evening market constable Murphy arrested Alderman McHendry for acting disorderly and being drunk, and removed him to the lock-up with considerable difficulty and not until his clothing had been badly torn. Soon after, officer Cowell arrested Constable Chas. Stewart, of the Fifth ward, who was intoxicated and was behaving very badly at his house. He also was safely deposited in the lock-up. Both parties will have a hearing this morning.

Fall of a House.

About noon yesterday an accident occurred in Allegheny which came very near proving a serious one. A man was engaged in tearing down a two story frame house at the corner of Benton and Middle alleys, and was in the inside of the house taking down some timbers when he noticed the chimney moving and the house shaking. As quickly as possible he made his way towards the door and just stepped out of it when the whole house fell down with a crash. One of the timbers struck him upon the arm, bruising him somewhat. Some person raised a report that a boy had been buried under the debris and a number of men set to work to rescue him. They soon found that there was no one under the ruins.

THE SPRUCES.

Henry Coulter's Challenge.

The following challenge from Henry Coulter, of this city, to row any man in America two races, one of three and one five miles, for $1,000 a side, is published in the New York *Clipper* of yesterday:

FRANK QUEEN, ESQ.—*Dear Sir:* Inclosed you will find one hundred dollars as a forfeit to row anybody in America, one or two races—one five miles, the other three; the latter to be straightaway, and the former two and a half miles around stakeboat and return. The races to be rowed at Philadelphia, within thirty days from signing articles. The amount to be rowed for, $1,000 a side, $500 each race, to take place on two successive days. The precise date of rowing to be decided upon at the signing of articles of agreement. Hoping this challenge will meet an early acceptance from some of our prominent scullers, I remain yours, etc. HENRY COULTER.

BUTCHER'S RUN.

The Residents Afraid of Another Flood.

The recent very heavy rains in Allegheny, and the arrival of the second anniversary of the great flood in the Butcher's Run district, in Allegheny, caused the revival of the project for the opening of a street through that district running along the bed of the run. During the rain on last Tuesday afternoon O'Hara street was filled with several inches of water in a very short time by the sewer drops becoming closed with dirt; thus showing that if great care is not exercised to keep open these drops during [illegible] heavy rain falls there is a possibility of another disaster similar to that of two years ago. This matter was discussed several days ago, and it was concluded to ask the city Councils to open the street—Valley street—through this district, as at first proposed, and therefore petitions to the Councils to that effect were prepared, and are now being circulated for signatures. It is thought that these petitions will be ready for presentation at the next meeting of Councils.

THE GALLITZEN MURDER.

Arrest of William Young, Who is Implicated in the Murder of Patrick O'Brien.

Sheriff Bauman, of Cambria county, officer Seth Wilmont, of this city, and constable Orlando Bell, of Noblestown, arrived in the city last evening with William Young, who is charged with complicity in the murder of Patrick O'Brien, at Gallitzen, on the 25th of May last. Young was arrested in Washington county about two miles south of Noblestown. He will be taken to Ebensburg by Sheriff Bauman this afternoon. There were three persons engaged in the murder, which was one of the most fiendish ever perpetrated in this section of the country, and was at the time credited to the "Molly Maguires." It was alleged that the Mollies had determined to take the life of an acquaintance of O'Brien, and he overhearing the plot to kill him, warned him of his danger, and thus frustrated the murderers in their designs, and for this O'Brien, who was a switch tender at Gallitzen, was set upon by three men, and beaten with clubs and stones until, as they supposed, life was extinct, when they carried him to the railroad track and laid him across it, and waited to see the express train east, which was about due, pass over the body. The engineer of the train, however, saw the body on the track in time to stop his train before it reached the body, and when he got off the engine to remove the man he saw three persons running away. O'Brien was removed to his home and a surgeon summoned who dressed his wounds, after which he became conscious and recovered sufficiently to speak, and from his statement the charges were made against Wm. Young, Patrick Leonard and Wm. Leonard. The Leonards were arrested sometime since, and it is probable that they will be tried at the next term of court.

THEIR TROUBLE.

The Democrats Making Ready for Slaughter—Meeting of the County Executive Committee Yesterday.

As has been stated in these columns, the Democrats have been in a quandary for some time whether to make their county nominations in one convention or in two. To settle it a meeting of the County Executive Committee was held in St. Charles Hotel yesterday forenoon.

John D. Bailey, Esq., called the meeting to order at 10 o'clock. After the call of the roll he announced the object of the meeting.

Mr. Bigley offered a resolution providing for two conventions, one to meet on August 8th to nominate Congressmen, Prothonotary and Coroner, and the other on the 9th of August to choose Treasurer and Jury Commissioner.

Another member offered an amendment to the effect that there be but one convention, and that it meet at 8 o'clock A. M., instead of 10. Mr. Bigley accepted the amendment.

Chris. Magee objected, on account of that hour being too early for the country delegates to get in.

It was finally decided to hold but one convention, as originally called, but to meet at 9 o'clock.

In order to give abundance of room for the display of impassioned oratory on the day of the Convention, it was decided to hire a hall. For this purpose a collection was taken and the amount raised immediately.

Several questions were raised but no action taken upon them. One of these was to have the Chairman of the Convention appoint the Executive Committee for next year.

The committee after deciding to rent Lafayette Hall, adjourned. The Convention will therefore meet in that place on next Tuesday two weeks.

"MOLLY MAGUIRES."

Trouble at Buena Vista—Some of the Rioters Still Belligerent—A House Riddled with Buck Shot.

Ever since the riot at Buena Vista nearly two years ago, where several Italians were murdered, there has been a bad feeling excited against the farmers in that locality by the "Molly Maguires," which is liable at any time to result in bloodshed. Mr. Frank Patterson, of Buena Vista, a gentleman highly estemed in the neighborhood, appears to have incurred the displeasure of the union miners in that locality, or if not the union miners the "Molly Maguires," and several demonstrations have been made against his property, and doubtless would have been made against his person, but for the well known courage of that gentleman. A few weeks since, during his absence from home, his house was visited by two of the miscreants who effected an entrance and ransacked it completely, and then attempted to carry off a pair of fine vases that were sitting in the yard in front of the house. A neighbor seeing them at the house and thinking it was their intention to fire the premises, took his gun and went out to watch them, and when he saw them making off with the vases he fired at them and they dropped the vases and took to their heels.

Monday night another attack was made on Mr. Patterson's house, and a number of shots fired at it by persons who kept themselves concealed from view. What the object in firing at the house was could not be ascertained, unless it was done for the purpose of drawing out the gentleman who had fired at the scamps a few evenings previous. On examining the premises the next morning, it was found that several windows were broken, and there were the marks of over eighty buckshot against the side of the house.

The people of that neighborhood are becoming heartily tired of such villainy, and unless it is stopped, some means will be adopted to check it.

Marvin's Biscuit and Crackers have always been the best that could be made.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

....School houses on the South Side are undergoing repairs.

....Seven burial permits were issued yesterday by the Board of Health.

....This is splendid weather for picnics. No wonder the epidemic is increasing.

....A special car containing a number of Pittsburgh sporting men left for the Cleveland races yesterday.

....The factory of Meyers, Adams & Co, South Side, has been lit up, and the furnaces will soon be going full blast.

....His Honor, the Mayor, is not deterred by *certioraris* and *habeas corpuses* from keeping his commitment mill in operation.

....An evening paper publishes a sensational story of a burglary at Fayette, Pa., taken from the New York *Herald*. Where is Fayette?

....William Flaccus, a lad residing at Millvale, fell off a wall and received a severe cut on the head. He is convalescing under Dr. Allen.

....The Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, Westmoreland county, and Allegheny City Poor Directors will visit the Allegheny City Poor House to-morrow.

....George Mason, the burglar, remains in the lock-up, the Wellsboro officer not having put in an appearance yet. He is expected to arrive to-day.

....The Printing Committee of Pittsburgh Councils meets this afternoon. The question of alleged overcharges by the *Dispatch* will be examined. Daniel will be there.

....Roger O'Mara has recovered judgment in the sum of $50 against R. C. Hollett, of Erie, Pa., the amount of the reward offered for the arrest of James Clark, the burglar.

....Medlinger, the man who was so badly burned by the explosion of molten metal in a mill at Milvale about a week ago, died at his home on Troy Hill early yesterday morning.

....A stranger from Philadelphia was picked up at the railroad depot in Allegheny last evening, as he was suffering with *delirium tremens*. He was removed to the lock-up.

....The State Board of Public Charities is inspecting the public institutions of the county. They have so far visited Dixmont, the county jail, the Penitentiary and the Reform School.

....A Hayes and Wheeler mass meeting was to have been held in the school house at Brooksville, Union township, last evening. The Republican club of that place numbers eighty-six members.

....A German saloon keeper, Boniface Hoehn, residing at 131 Spring Garden avenue, hung himself in his garret Tuesday night. An inquest was held and a verdict of suicide by hanging was rendered.

....Harry Rogers, a resident of Carson street, corner of Twenty-first, South Side, had his saloon entered early on Tuesday morning, and a valuable revolver and five dollars abstracted. No clue as to the night prowlers has come to light.

....Henry Graff, an employe of the Straub brewery, Bloomfield, fell from the upper floor of the factory through the hatchway, near the elevater, a distance of seventy-five feet, broke his right leg in two places, and received injuries in his back. He is gradually recovering.

....The Howard Street Investigating Committee of Allegheny Councils will meet on Howard street to-morrow morning at eight o'clock, instead of this morning, to hear the statements of the property holders in regard to the amount of dirt removed from the street.

....The Fourteenth Regiment will, it is thought, have a better turn out at the Centennial encampment than any other regiment in the division. They will be accompanied by the Fourteenth Regiment Band, (the Great Western) which is acknowledged to be one of the best military bands in the State.

....The Natural Gas Company connected their new gas well with the main line yesterday, which caused an increase of ten pounds pressure at the mill of Spang, Chalfant & Co. The indications are that this addition of gas will give a bountiful supply for two or three mills at Millvale and Sharpsburg.

....The Lawrence band, numbering sixteen pieces, has been engaged by the Lawrence Boat Club for the Centennial regatta, which is to take place on the Allegheny river, at the Forty-third street bridge, on Saturday next. Ten entries have been made, and the affair promises to be the event of the season.

....An inquest was held yesterday on the body of Patrick Kernan, the man killed on the Pennsylvania railroad near Twenty-eighth street, Tuesday night. He had been an inmate of the West Pennsylvania Hospital for about three months and only left the institution a few days since. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

....Samuel Robinson, a colored resident of Webster street, died suddenly on Tuesday from palpitation of the heart. The deceased was an old and well known citizen of this city, having kept a restaurant at the Court House for some time, and acted as caterer of the Pittsburgh Club for [illegible] years. The deceased was fifty years of age, and leaves a wife and four children.

....Sometime after eleven o'clock Tuesday night, burglars visited the hotel of V. J. Voelker, at Verona. Eighty dollars were taken out of the safe, five dollars from the money drawer of the bar-room, and four or five bottles of whisky. The proprietor is positively certain that he locked the safe up and thinks the burglars must have had a key to it. The thieves obtained entrance through a window at the back of the hotel, which was left open.

....On Tuesday evening as B. M. Hampshire, an aged man, was traveling along East Liberty with a carpet bag in his hand, he was accosted by Joseph Knox, a colored man, who offered to relieve him of his burden. They went along together for a short distance when suddenly Knox vanished. On information laid before the police the thief was captured. The prisoner, who frequently served a term at Claremont for burglary, was sent back for sixty days.

....A woman and child in a destitute condition are at the Union Depot. She says that she came to this city in search of her husband's father, and not finding him called upon the Mayor for assistance. He sent her to the Guardians of the Poor. The officer at the office offered to send her to the Poor House, but declined to give her a pass back to Washington City, where being known she thinks she would have a better chance of living. Her name is Mrs. Kamberly, and she is young and good looking. At present she is subsisting on the charity of strangers.

....Joseph Gorden, residing on the Morningside road in the Tenth ward, died at 11 o'clock yesterday from injuries received the night previous on the Allegheny Valley railroad track near McCandless avenue. Gorden it appears has been drinking for some days and was very much intoxicated on the evening previous to his death. It is presumed that he laid down on the track and was run over by the train which passes that point at 11 o'clock. He was found by the police about 1 o'clock with both legs serevered. Medical aid was summoned but the shock was too great and he died at the time stated. The Coroner held an inquest and the jury returned a verdict in accordance with the above facts.

....Fred. Rivers tells an amusing story of his arrest on Tuesday evening of a man he was after. Fred. saw him riding up toward the depot in a street car, and boarded the car himself. At the Union Depot entrance he tapped the man on the shoulder, and remarked: "The Chief of Police wants to see you." "What?" asked the man; "Well, I don't know as I want to see him; besides I'm in a hurry, and don't want to go back just at present." As Fred. says: "I says to him, 'We'll argue this,' and while he leaned up against the post, I took his umbrella, drafted resolutions with it on the pavement, Charley McGovern seconded them, we put them to a vote, and they were carried with but one dissenting voice. The majority ruled, and this being a Republican country, the minority had to accept, and accompanied us to see the Chief."

PERSONAL.

***Judge Hawkins is back from his Bedford Springs trip.

***J. C. Lewis, Esq., of this city, is President of the Western Iron Association, which is now in session in Cincinnati.

***Captain C. J. Arms, formerly connected with the press of this city, but late with Philadelphia papers, is now on the Lancaster *Examiner*.

***James Y. Irwin, of the Ninth ward, entertained the Germans at the pic-nic at the Friendship park, Monday, with "Wacht en Rhine" and "Sweet Bye and Bye."

***Dr. J. O. Flower, of this city, left here last evening for Philadelphia, where the Convention of Dentists from all parts of the United States meet on to-morrow.

***Capt. John A. Fox got home from Erie yesterday. He is much bronzed by his duties as U. S. juror, and speaks in glowing terms of the glorious time they had. He thinks Erie is the most hospitable city in the State.

***Mrs. R. C. Walker, wife of the Hon. R. C. Walker, formerly of Elizabeth, and sister of Hon. James G. Blaine, has been visiting the family of Jacob H. Miller, Esq., of Allegheny. She is on her way home from a visit to ex-Speaker Blaine, and reports him as slowly recovering.

Look out for the price list of the Eagle shoe store, 85 Smithfield street, to-morrow.

Removal.

The firm of J. R. Reed & Co., who have been engaged in the jewelry business for the past twenty-five years at No. 68 Fifth avenue, have removed from the old stand to occupy the store of John Stevenson, deceased, No. 93 Market street, where, with increased facilities, they will continue, as heretofore, to keep the finest stock of Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Bronzes, &c., in this city. They will also make a specialty of repairing.

Look out for the price list of the Eagle shoe store, 85 Smithfield street, to-morrow.

Fine Note Papers and Envelopes.

Stationery my specialty.
GEORGE W. BACKOFEN,
No 161 Smithfield street, above Sixth avenue.

Look out for the price list of the Eagle shoe store, 85 Smithfield street, to-morrow.

AN ALDERMANIC DIVORCE.

A Justice of the Peace Usurping the Powers of Court.

In the public press mention is occasionally,—we might say frequently—made of cases wherein Pittsburgh and Allegheny city Aldermen, for the sake of a fee, or from a woful lack of knowledge of their powers and jurisdiction, undertake to adjudicate cases with which they have no more right to meddle than has a common citizen upon whose shoulders the mantle of dignity and corporeal suggestiveness of the title have not fallen. For instance, mention was made a day or two since, of the case of a woman applying to an Alderman to assist her in obtaining redress in a common case of breach of promise of marriage. The Alderman not only entertained the complaint, but *issued a warrant for the arrest of the offender*. What he would have done with the man after he had him in his power is a matter "further along," since it does not appear that the terrible felon has yet been apprehended.

But the legal acumen and superabundance of arrogance possessed by the breach-of-promise Alderman is thrown into shade deeper than cimmerian darkness by the dazzling splendor of the gigantic attainments of another Allegheny dispenser (good word) of justice, whose crowning feat was only yesterday made known for the admiration of a startled community. Briefly and modestly stated, the facts are these:

Yesterday afternoon a colored woman called upon Alderman D. L. Smith, of Allegheny, and stated that about four years ago a colored woman who was then residing in Allegheny, had called upon an Alderman to obtain relief from certain conjugal infelicities. The Alderman, after listening to the woman's story, had granted her a divorce from her dusky-hued husband. Some time after procuring the document the woman removed to Ohio, and there married again. After being established in the affections of her new lord, she heard incidentally that a divorce granted by an Alderman was not exactly a paper which would be recognized as binding by the laws of the country. She had accordingly, before returning, written to her friend, who called on 'Squire Smith, to get her to ascertain how the matter stood as she (the divorced woman) wanted to return to Allegheny. 'Squire Smith told the inquirer that a divorce granted by an Alderman was perfectly worthless; that should the woman return she would be liable to arrest and prosecution for bigamy. The much-married woman will therefore remain where she is.

PREPARING FOR BATTLE.

Further Meetings of the Republican Sub-Committees Yesterday.

Three Republican County Sub-Committees met yesterday afternoon.

NATURALIZATION.

This committee was presided over by Mr. Charles Jeremy, with J. N. Neeb Secretary. There was a very good attendance. A number of parties reported themselves as good Republicans who wanted to get naturalized.

Mr. McGonnegle, of the sub-committee appointed to make arrangements with the Courts, reported that at least one Judge will sit every Saturday from ten o'clock and hold Court for the purpose of naturalizing those who want to become citizens, and would sit as long in the day as the business required.

It was decided that the Naturalization Committee meet every Saturday morning at nine o'clock promptly, to attend to getting the necessary papers ready, and all desiring to become citizens are notified to call on the committee at that time at the Head Quarters of the general committee, corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street.

Adjourned.

ORGANIZATION.

S. P. Fulton, Esq., presided at the meeting of this Committee, and Mr. W. D. West was chosen Secretary *pro tem.*

A committee consisting of Messrs. Fetterman, Butler and Fulton was appointed to attend to the matter of having assessors appointed in all districts where there are none.

A circular is to be prepared to be sent to the Republicans of the county urging complete organization.

Adjourned to meet on Wednesday, Aug. 2, at 2 P. M.

REGISTRATION.

This Committee met also, W. J. Diehl presiding and Theo. Myler acting as Secretary.

Considerable discussion took place on the matter of the necessity of having every Republican registered, and work is to be started immediately.

Adjourned to meet every second Wednesday of each month at 2 o'clock, P. M.

BASE BALL.

Alleghenys vs. the Buckeyes—Games to be Played.

A very pretty game was played yesterday between the Buckeyes and the Alleghenys, on the grounds of the latter resulting in a victory for the Alleghenys by a score of seven to two. While there were quite a number of errors made on both sides, there were a corresponding number of good plays made. The Buckeyes appear to be heavier batters than the Alleghenys, but the latter are certainly superior players in the field, and better base runners. The score was as follows:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Alleghenys	3	0	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	—7
Buckeyes	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2

Base hits—Alleghenys 9, with total of 11. Buckeyes 9, with a total of 10.
Flys caught—Alleghenys, 12. Buckeyes, 8.
Passed balls—Alleghenys, 3. Buckeyes, 3.
Wide pitches—McKelvey, 1. Nolan, 1.
Fielding errors—Alleghenys, 4. Buckeyes, 5.

FLY CATCHES.

The Prothonotary's nine and the Sheriff's nine will play on Friday, unless the Fifers plead *surprise*, and ask for a continuance, or it may be that Kennedy's boys will plead *nolo contendere*, in which case a rule to show cause why they should not pay all costs will issue forthwith.

An effort is being made to get up a game between the news gatherers of the morning and evening papers. If the afternoon gentlemen have grit enough to come to time the morning papers will as usual have a "big beat" on them.

Streif, of the Covington Stars, has signed with the Buckeyes, and will play with them the remainder of the season. He takes second base, and is quite an acquisition to the Buck's nine.

A BURGLARY FRUSTRATED.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Rob a Fifth Avenue Saloon—An Ex-Constable One of the Thieves.

About half past one o'clock this morning two or three young men standing in front af Stevens & Hancock's saloon, on Fifth avenue, between Wood and Smithfield streets, saw through the front door three men jump into the saloon through a window in the back part. They immediately informed Lieut. Cronin, who rushed to the rear of the saloon on Virgin alley, giving a rap for assistance as he went. Officers Sol. Coulson and Bumbaugh answered it, and also went down the alley. Lieut. Cronin at first mistook the rear of McKelvy's saloon for that of Stevens & Hancock's, but soon discovered his error. About the same time a couple of women in an upper part of the building cried out, "There he is!" and pointed to a shed back of the saloon. Upon it was stretched out a man pretending to be asleep. The Lieutenant took hold of him, and told him he was wanted. The other officer saw a man jump in the cellar, and grabbed him before he could secrete himself. The third man escaped, owing to the Lieutenant's mistake.

The two men arrested proved to be Wm. Richardson and James Crilly. Richardson is an ex-constable, having been elected in the Eleventh ward; latterly he was in Alderman Butler's office. Crilly is an old and well-known thief, and has already served two or three sentences. They were both locked up in the Central Station, and will have a hearing to-day.

Modern Women.

It is a sad commentary upon our boasted civilization that the women of our times have degenerated in health and physique until they are literally a race of invalids—pale, nervous, feeble and back-achy, with only here and there a few noble exceptions in the persons of the robust, buxom ladies characteristic of the sex in days gone by. By a very large experience, covering a period of years, and embracing the treatment of many thousands of cases of those ailments peculiar to Women, Dr. Pierce, of the World's Dispensary, Buffalo, N. Y., has perfected, by the combination of certain vegetable extracts, a natural specific, which he does not extol as a cure-all, but one which admirably fulfills a singleness of purpose, being a most positive and reliable remedy for those weaknesses and complaints that afflict the women of the present day. The natural specific compound is called Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The following are among those diseases in which this wonderful medicine has worked cures as if by magic and with a certainty never before attained by any medicines: Weak back, nervous and general debility, falling and other displacements of internal organs resulting from debility and lack of strength in natural supports, internal fever, congestion, inflammation and ulceration and very many other chronic diseases incident to women, not proper to mention here, in which, as well as in the cases that have been enumerated, the Favorite Prescription effects cures—the marvel of the world. It will not do harm in any state or condition of the system, and by adopting its use the invalid lady may avoid that severest of ordeals—the consulting of a family physician. Favorite Prescription is sold by dealers in medicines generally.

Look out for the price list of the Eagle shoe store, 85 Smithfield street, to-morrow.

The shades of night were falling fast
As through the city's streets there passed
A lovely maid—her cheek was bright,
Her breath was sweet, her teeth were white,
And in her hand, as was her want,
She bore aloft her SOZODONT.

Look out for the price list of the Eagle shoe store, 85 Smithfield street, to-morrow.

"CROOKEDNESS."

Information Against Another Tipstave—Fallbush Explains.

Information was made yesterday by Controller Warner, before Alderman Butler, charging Ed. W. Timmony with obtaining money from the County Treasury under false pretences. The offense is the same as that charged against Officer Fallbush, an account of which appeared in the GAZETTE of yesterday. There are so far discovered but three cases in which Officer Timmony has collected double fees, and in the case of Fallbush but seven, instead of nine, as reported yesterday.

Officer Timmony, in an interview yesterday with a GAZETTE reporter, stated that there may be three cases in which he collected double fees, but if so, it was through mistake. He says that very frequently persons upon whom he had served processes would say they had not sufficient money to pay the fee, but would promise to pay it again, and in all such cases, unless he knew the persons, he would return the process and have the costs taxed, and it may be possible that some of those persons have afterwards paid him, and that he has also collected the amount from the county, as it would be impossible for an officer to remember the cases in which he had served processes, and the name of the defendant in the case, and not the party upon whom the process was served, appears on the cost book in the Controller's office.

Officer Fallbush makes the following explanation of his case: He said that shortly before the adjournment of the court for the summer he obtained a leave to go to Lexington. Just before leaving the city he gave into the hands of his partner, another tipstaff, Mr. Ed. Timmony, certain attachments which he had served on delinquent witnesses, in order that he might collect the fees. Among these were seven attachments in which cases the fees had been paid, and Fallbush says he did not notice these when he gave Timmony the others. Timmony filed these in the Clerk's office. Upon the latter's return, he says he receipted for the fees, without the slightest knowledge of the fact that he was being paid a second time for these seven attachments.

This may all be true, yet the return on these processes, or two of them at least, is in the handwriting of officer Fallbush, and it is from that return that the Clerk of Courts taxed the costs. The case will be heard on Friday.

BUTCHERS' PICNIC.

Immense Gathering at Butchers' Grove—Splendid Success of the Roast Bullock—The Greatest Bovine Event Since the Days of Milo—An Amusing Time Among the Votaries of the Terpsichorean Art.

Picnics, being the order of the season, have become so numerous and monotonous that a report of one, with a mere change of name and location, would serve for any other. This remark, however, is far from being applicable to the butchers' picnic held at Butchers' Grove yesterday. The conventional picnic, with its tables spread on the grass, and its gossip, would probably still retain its popularity, were it not for the dearth of the latter enjoyment. To the butchers of the South Side, under the supervision of Messrs. T. W. Lindsey, George Cramer and Nausser Bros., is due the credit of having originated the most improved idea in picnic circles. The grove comprises a four-acre piece of beautiful woodland, situated on the McLean farm, near High Bridge station, and has been leased by a company of butchers for picnic purposes. The announcement that a large bullock would be roasted on the ground attracted a large number of citizens to see the curiosity.

The animal dressed six hundred pounds, and was specially prepared for the occasion by Mr. George Cramer, of Mt. Washington. A large open oven was built of brick under the special direction of Mr. Lindsay, with a windlass, which supported the roast in any desired attitude with respect to the heat. The inside contained a peck of salt and three pounds of pepper, which were absorbed into the beef during the roasting process; and so gradual was the beat that it took fifteen hours to complete the cooking and absorbing operations. The quality of the beef was of the finest and tenderest texture, and the roast did not fail to suit the most delicate and fastidious tastes. A commodious platform was erected in a well shaded part of the grove, and dancing to the music of a section of the Eighteenth Regiment Band, Duquesne Greys, was carried on until a late hour of the night.

The picnicers having greatly relished the roast and all the edibles of the season, and having spent a very orderly and enjoyable day, returned to their homes.

THE COURT RECORD.

Orphans' Court.

(Before Judge Hawkins.)

Thomas P. Howard was appointed guardian of Wm. Watson.

Estate of John Koch, deceased. Petition for sale of real estate and order of sale made.

In the matter of the estate of Susan Donnell, deceased, a rule to show cause why an attachment should not issue for contempt was granted on Dr. J. Corst, administrator, a citation having been issued against him to appear on the 12th inst., and show cause why he should not file his final account, and he having failed to appear.

In the matter of the partition of the estate of Samuel Mawhinney, deceased, an amendment of the petition was allowed.

Mary Knorr was appointed guardian of Annie Keho Durkin.

In the matter of the petition of Joseph Walthhour, guardian of Laura T. Gould, for leave to sell real estate, an order of sale was made.

In the matter of the estate of Ephraim Buffington, deceased, report of sale was confirmed *nisi*, and bond of trustee approved.

Estate of Michael Hagmaier. Orders heretofore made regarding the mortgaging of real estate, vacated and set aside because of incorrectness of statements in the petitions and of descriptions of property, a petition to this effect having been made by the administrators, who filed the former petitions.

Court Brevities.

R. H. PALMER et al filed a petition for the adjudication in bankruptcy of William Lockhard, of Davidstown, Green county.

SIX of the Allegheny butchers against whom judgment was given by Alderman Edgar for the amount of the Mercantile tax which they refused to pay have appealed the case to the Common Pleas Court.

AN action of ejectment was brought by Thos. Mellon in Common Pleas No. 1, against F. C. Negley and John D. Negley to recover part of coal land on the line of the P. C. & St. Louis railway in Robinson township and Chartiers borough.

WESTERN IRON ASSOCIATION.

The Meeting at Cincinnati.

The Western Iron Association was in session yesterday at the Grand Hotel, Cincinnati. The call for the meeting, signed by the Secretary, Jas. D. Weeks, sets forth that "the importance of this meeting and the necessity that every mill be represented cannot be overestimated. Appearances indicate that it will be the decisive one of the Association, and the one at which the question of perfecting the organization will be finally passed upon, and we urge, in the strongest and most important manner, that each mill be represented, that nothing be allowed to prevent your attendance, for nothing can be of such moment as this meeting."

Among those in attendance were the following from Pittsburgh: J. C. Lewis, President; J. D. Weeks, Secretary; James I. Bennett, W. D. Wood, John W. Chalfant, D. B. Oliver, G. M. Laughlin, Wm. Clark, D. Borland, E. A. Macrum, James McCritchen.

About fifty members were present. The Association includes all the mills manufacturing merchant iron west of the Alleghanies. It fixes the prices of merchant iron, with the arrangement of a forfeit of a certain deposit from any firm deviating. Two mills have shown a disposition to stand out. Harmony is what they want. Yesterday's session was consumed in discussion, without definite action.

The Great Auction Sale of the Sable Iron and Nail Works, Also the Homestead of C. Zug, Esq.

This afternoon at 2 o'clock, the Capitalist of Pittsburgh, and indeed we may say of the whole country will be given an opportunity to purchase one of the finest business properties that has ever been offered in the City of Pittsburgh. The Sable Iron and Nail works is one of the first of its kind in this country, and is located at Thirteenth and Etna streets, Pittsburgh. It comprises the mill, nail factory, office, tenements and ⅝ interest in the Sable Coal Company. This sale is to be peremptory to the highest bidder for cash and is divested of all liens, excepting a ground rent of $75 per annum on one of the tenement lots. At the same time and place will be offered the homestead of C. Zug, which is situated in the Fourteenth ward, direct on and fronting Fifth avenue. This is one of the finest suburban residences in this section of the country. It comprises thirteen acres of ground, a fine mansion, outbuildings, grapery, green houses, &c., and as this property was once before offered at public sale, and not sold for the reason the trustees did not have a bid that was thought sufficient by law without letting it go at too great a sacrifice. But the sale to-day must be positive to the highest bidder, and we would advise capitalists to attend if they want the greatest bargain that has been offered in this vicinity for some time.

Stocks at Auction.

The following stocks will be sold at Thos. F. Stewart's Real Estate and Stock Sales Rooms, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street, Friday evening, 28th inst., at 8 o'clock:

10 shares Mechanics National Bank.
25 shares Fourth National Bank.
9 shares Citizens National Bank.
10 shares West End Savings Bank.
75 shares Columbia Oil Company.
15 shares Monongahela Slackwater.
25 shares Allegheny National Bank.
5 shares Germania Savings Bank, $1,000 each.
37 shares Enterprise Savings Bank.
20 shares Enterprise Insurance Company.
40 shares Pennsylvania Insurance Company.
5 Old shares Allegheny Savings Bank.
25 New shares Allegheny Savings Bank.
40 shares American Insurance Company.
31 shares Manchester Savings Bank.

THOS. F. STEWART,
Auctioneer.

THE EXPOSITION.

Flattering Prospects—What Has Been Done by the Managers.

The prospects for the approaching Exposition of the Tradesmen's Industrial Institute of this city, are becoming brighter and more flattering every day. The arrival of every mail brings in applications for space from some exhibitor, who having discovered the advantages of placing the result of his labors on exhibition in this city where there is a market at a good price for every article of utility is coming here to reap the benefits of his discovery. And our own merchants and manufacturers having been convinced of the advantages to be derived from a first-class Exposition, are doing all in their power to make the coming Exposition a successful one, and from present indications we feel confident that their labors in that direction will prove eminently successful. The department devoted to machinery will, in the approaching Exposition, be far in advance of that of last season, and the display will be vastly superior in every respect. The manufacturers of the two cities are taking a more general interest in the matter than at any time previous, and there will be a much larger and more varied display of the many different articles manufactured in this locality than were on exhibition last year. The iron men will have specimens of manufactured iron in all the different branches of the trade, from the largest boiler plate to the smallest tack and finest wire, and from the heaviest mill casting of many tons weight to the smallest casting made; and the glass trade will be fully represented in all its departments. In addition to these two, which are considered the leading interests of Pittsburgh, there are hundreds of other branches of industry, all of which will be fully represented.

As to what has been done and what is being done by the managers, we can say that everything calculated to insure the success of the enterprise that could be done has received the attention of the gentlemen in charge of the matter; many necessary repairs and improvements have been made to the building, and others are being made, and will be completed before the 16th of August next, at which time the Exposition opens. The ceiling and walls of the entire building have been beautifully calcimined, adding wonderfully to the appearance of the place. And all other needed improvments will be completed in good time.

A LOST LUNCH.

How a Party of Young Men Had Their Saturday Night Pleasure Spoiled.

In our police brevities mention is made of the issuance of a warrant by 'Squire Smith, on oath of John Marberger, for the arrest of Eva Poleman, of Reserve township, on the charge of keeping a disreputable house. Behind this seemingly common-place item one more readable lies.

The charge against the woman Poleman is the result of a cross suit. She keeps a house in the locality mentioned, in which reside a number of women whose virtue is not of the irreproachable character considered essential to the welfare of social life. To her abode it is the custom of a number of fast men of the town to occasionally hie. On last Saturday evening in accordance with the custom, several young men "adjourned" to the establishment, taking with them a quantity of choice liquors, a goodly lay out of delicacies of the season and out of season, and a stock of imported and fragrant cigars. Hardly had they reached the house and transferred to its welcoming interior the contents of their equine propelled argosies, until another party of young men, greater in numbers and in prowess, who had heard of the start and intentions of the first party, arrived. Party No. 2 were bent on having a good time also, and not inclined to be at much expense to get it. Accordingly, the members of party No. 1 were ejected, not, however, without some resultant effects similar, if not quite like, to broken heads, torn clothes and general dilapidation. Party No. 2 being masters of the situation, like other conquerors decided that "to the victor belongs the spoils," and proceeded to appropriate the liquors, edibles, cigars and the frail feminine smiles. The proprietress of the house, however, was not altogether pleased with the performance, and on Monday made information against the young men of party No. 2, among whom was Marberger, for entering her house with intent to commit a felony. This was more than they had bargained for, and to get even with Eva, Marberger made information against her as mentioned.

Look out for the price list of the Eagle shoe store, 85 Smithfield street, to-morrow.

Look out for the price list of the Eagle shoe store, 85 Smithfield street, to-morrow.

Life Insurance.

Before insuring your life, examine the merits of the CONVERTIBLE LIFE POLICY of the *United States Life Insurance Company* of New York, which presents features suited to all ages and conditions. Full particulars given by
J. PALMER O'NEIL, Manager,
66 Fifth avenue.

Look out for the price list of the Eagle shoe store, 85 Smithfield street, to-morrow.

ADDITIONAL TELEGRAMS.

THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

Report of the Minority of the Investigating Committee — Secretary Robeson's Administration Endorsed.

WASHINGTON, July 26.—The views of the minority of the Committee on Naval Affairs, signed by Representatives Harris, Danford and Hays, was presented to-day in the House. The minority severely criticise the majority report, alleging that it is unfair in its statement, fallacious in its conclusions, is evidently promoted by a partisan spirit, ignores entirely testimony favorable to the Navy Department, and perverts other portions in such ways as to inflict gross injustice upon the Secretary and other officers. In reply to the charge of the majority as to the alleged deterioration of the navy under the present administration, the minority shows that the navy is to-day in a more efficient condition than it has been at any time since 1868, notwithstanding the limited means placed at the disposal of the Secretary. The policy of rebuilding vessels that would have soon become useless is defended by the minority as economical, prudent and judicious, and they say instead of censure for this, as the majority propose, the Secretary deserves the thanks of the entire country. With regard to contracts and purchases, for which the majority severely censure the Secretary, implying corrupt action on his part, the testimony of all witnesses is entirely concurrent, proving that in no single instance has the Secretary ever endeavored to influence any purchase or contract, either directly or indirectly, by intimation or otherwise.

The charge by the majority that the Secretary had used Government materials and the labor of employes for his own private benefit is pronounced by the minority as frivolous and unsupported by testimony. In respect to the speculations of E. G. Cattell and his levying percentages on contractors, the minority shows these operations were carried on without the knowledge of the Secretary, and that as soon as he was advised of such practices he interposed vigorously to check them. Whatever abuses or frauds exist in connection with contracts for purchases of the Navy Department are the result of defects inherent in the system long established, and for which the law-making power, and not the department, is responsible, and for which the majority suggest no adequate remedy, although they have been engaged in the investigation for six months. The minority say as to the political influence exercised in the Navy Yard appointments, that the evil is one which originated under and was fostered by all previous Democratic administrations, that the only effort to check it has been made under the present Republican administration, and that such political appointments are attributable chiefly to the importunities of members of Congress, and not to the action of the Secretary and the respective Chiefs of Bureaus.

The minority enter fully into an examination of the foreign navy account in London, showing that the action of the Secretary was entirely legal and its results beneficial to the Government, as not a dollar of the funds has been or can be lost. The minority reviewed generally the position taken by the majority, in order to show in many respects the wrong conclusions drawn from, if not perversions of, the testimony of witnesses. The minority say that the proposal of the majority to refer the whole subject to another committee of the House for final disposition indicates either a disposition to evade the responsibility imposed upon the Naval Committee by the House, or a conscious inability to dispose of the subject committed to them in a satisfactory manner. The views of the minority conclude with a resolution declaring that no evidence has been adduced during this investigation tending to show that Secretary Robeson has been guilty of any official misconduct or corruption, or any willful violation of law.

How the Majority Report was Made.

The minority say we find ourselves confronted with a report agreed upon by a majority of the committee of 160 pages of printed matter, elaborately prepared, and we are compelled to submit a minority report without opportunity or time for that careful preparation which the subject demands. This investigation has extended over a period of six months, during the first four of which the Secretary of the Navy and subordinates of the department, the persons likely to be the most affected by it, were carefully secluded from the committee room and the seal of secrecy was placed upon the lips of members of the committee. Hundreds of witnesses were examined and discharged, not only in Washington, but at various navy yards on the Atlantic coast, and when the committee had completed the testimony, a mass of nearly 3,000 pages was placed in the hands of the Secretary of the Navy, and he was told that he might have the privilege of replying. The committee held no consultation in relation to a report. The matter of the report was never talked of in the committee room, and no one was authorized by the committee to prepare one. No sub-committee was appointed and no general discussion had as to what it should contain, but members of the committee were notified to be present on the morning of the 18th in the committee room to hear a report. When the committee was assembled the Chairman produced a report, and was proceeding to read it, when a Republican member inquired of the Chairman by what authority the report had been prepared, the matter never having been brought to the attention of the committee. To this question the Chairman replied: "I recognized my political friends on the committee, and have consulted them only," and proceeded to read the report. During the reading of the report it became apparent that it had been already agreed to and passed upon by the majority of the committee. Its reading having consumed the entire day of the 18th, the Republican members of the committee on the next day proposed to take it up *seriatim*, discuss and amend it. This proposition was voted down by a party vote in committee, thus depriving the minority of any influence in determining the conclusions and character of the report of the committee of which they were members.

Perverting the Evidence.

The minority further say that facts and figures are perverted and parties misrepresented. Everything is assumed against the department and the Secretary, and nothing in their favor. *Ad captandum* statements and assumptions are given as facts, while testimony which wholly refutes them is entirely ignored. Speculations of single witnesses, who are supposed to establish some wrong or abuse, are quoted, while sworn and legal testimony of many which contradicts and destroys these speculations is never mentioned. The malignant givings out of malicious enemies are assumed as true, while the testimony of honest witnesses is garbled and wrested from its intended meaning throughout the whole report. Every single thing which has occurred during the last seven years, with which the majority think they can find fault, is characterized as a "great abuse and fraud," and every exercise of legal authority about which they can find room for doubt or dissent is declared to be a violation of law.

THE SPORTING WORLD.

The Cleveland Races.

CLEVELAND, July 26.—The weather was clear, bright and pleasant, the track in fine condition, and the attendance large. Fully 8,000 people were present.

First race—2:29 class, with nine entries, seven starters; Lady Monroe and Geo. Aayer drawn. In the pools Mattie was the favorite at $100, General Grant the second choice at $65, Marion the third at $25, and the field $15. In the first heat the horses got off on the seventh score, Grant at the pole, Coleman second, Trio third, Mattie fourth, Marion fifth, Banquo sixth, Lady K. outside. At the turn Trio went to the front, four lengths ahead of Marion, Banquo third, Gen. Grant fourth. There was no change till making the last turn, when Trio broke badly, General Grant coming to the front and winning the heat, Marion second, a length behind, and Banquo a good third. Time 36, 1:10¾, 1:48¼ and 2:23¼. In the second heat the word was given on the third trial, with Grant and Marion off their feet at the score. Banquo took the lead, Mattie second, and the rest in a bunch well up, except Coleman, who fell behind. This order was kept to the home stretch, when the first six came down together, Grant winning the heat by half a length, Banquo second, crossing the score on a jump, for which he was set back. The second place was given to Trio, Mattie third. Time 37, 1:13¼, 1:50 and 2:25¾. In the third heat the horses got off on the first trial, Grant breaking after leaving the score, Banquo leading, Trio second, the rest bunched, three lengths back. At the three-quarter pole Trio lapped Banquo, who broke, falling to the rear, Grant coming up from fourth to front, winning the heat and race by a length, Trio second, Mattie third. Time 38, 1:14¼, 1:50¼, and 2:25¾. Summary—2:29 class, purse $2,500; first, $1,250; second, $625; third, $375, and fourth $250. Gen. Grant, 1, 1, 1; Trio, 5, 2, 2; Marion, 2, 6, 5; Mattie, 4, 3, 3; Banquo, 3, 4, 6; Lady K, 6, 5, 4; Coleman, 7, 7, drawn. Time 2:23¼, 2:25¾, and 2:25¾.

The next race was the 2:22 class, five entries, four starters, Prospero drawn. Cosette was the favorite, and Badger Girl the second choice. In the first heat the horses got off on the third score, Badger Girl at the pole, Cosette second, Sam Purdy third, and Joe Brown outside. Purdy took the pole at the turn, Brown close up, Cosette third. At the three-fourth mile Cosette broke, making Badger Girl third. On the home stretch Brown broke. Badger Girl came forward to Purdy, passing under the wire with him neck and neck, making a dead heat, Brown third, Cosette fourth. Time 35¾, 1:11¼, 1:47¾ and 2:23¼. In the second heat a start was made on the third score. Badger Girl broke after leaving the score. Purdy went to the lead on the first turn. Badger Girl and Cosette both broke, and the sulkies collided, breaking that of Cosette down and throwing the driver out, not injuring him. The horse was caught at once, unhurt. Joe Brown hung to the wheel of Purdy throughout, crowding him all the way home, Badger Girl ten lengths back, Purdy winning the heat by one-half a length, Brown second. As the collision was decided an unavoidable accident, Cosette was given the fourth position and allowed to start again. Time 36¾, 1:12¾, 1:49½ and 2:25¾. In the third heat the word was given on the first score, Badger Girl broke at the turn and went to the rear, Purdy to the front, Brown close up, and Cosette three lengths back. Coming down the home stretch Purdy, Brown and Cosette were neck and neck, until near the distance stand, when Cosette went up, Purdy winning by a neck, Brown second. Time 35¼, 1:11¾, 1:47½ and 2:23¼. In the fourth heat the horses got off on the fourth score. Purdy and Brown lapped, leading Cosette two lengths, Badger Girl breaking badly and falling back. On the home stretch Cosette came up close to the leaders, but broke at the distance. Purdy won the heat and race by a length, Brown second, set back to fourth for running. Cosette was given the second place. Time 36¼, 1:12, 1:49 and 2:25¼. Summary—2:22 class, purse $3,000, first $1,500, second $750, third $450, and fourth $300. Sam Purdy, 0, 1, 1, 1; Badger Girl, 0, 3, 4, 3; Joe Brown, 3, 2, 2, 4; Cosette, 4, 4, 3, 2. Time 2:23¼, 2:25¾, 2:23¼ and 2:25¼.

After the race was concluded Lulu was brought out to make the last trial speed for a purse of $1,000 for three heats, $1,000 and the entry money added if she beat 2:14. Her appearance was greeted with enthusiastic applause. The heats were trotted with a running mate. First heat—36¼, 1:11, 1:48 and 2:22; second heat—35, 1:08¼, 1:43¼ and 2:17¼; third heat—35, 1:07, 1:44 and 2:19¼.

The following is the programme for to-morrow's races: 2:32 class, with eleven entries—Albemarle, Enfield, Hattie R., Judge, Frank Proctor, Allen, Jerry, Postell, S.W. McD., John B, and Romeo. The latter will probably be drawn. In the pools to-night Proctor was the favorite, Enfield second and Judge the third choice. The free for all race has six entries—Bodine, Smuggler, Judge Fullerton, Goldsmith Maid, Lulu and Lucille Golddust. Only one of the two last will start; it is uncertain which. In the pools the Maid was the favorite two to one against the field.

The English Turf.

LONDON, July 26.—The Goodwood stakes were won by Hampton, Admiral Bying second, Finis third. Nine ran, including the American horse Mate.

Jay Cooke & Co.

PHILADELPHIA, July 26.—Messrs. Jay Cooke & Co. were this morning discharged from bankruptcy by Judge Cadwallader, of the United States District Court, no objection having been made to the petition filed some time ago.

A Telegraph War.

INDIANAPOLIS, July 26.—A temporary injunction for ten days was obtained by the Western Union Telegraph Company against the Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company, restraining the latter from erecting poles on the right of way of the C. H. & I. R. R. between Indianapolis and the Ohio State line.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS.

FIRE ARMS!

AND

AMMUNITION

Of every description at lower prices than ever before offered in this market, wholesale or retail.
☞Price Lists Free.

J. H. JOHNSTON,
285 LIBERTY STREET.

DIED.

LEWIS—On Tuesday evening, 25th inst., at 11 o'clock, THOMAS LEWIS, youngest son of Thos. and Maggie Lewis, aged 8 months and 14 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from the residence of his grandfather, No. 6 Quince alley, TO-DAY, at 2 o'clock P. M.

PATTERSON—At the residence of his parents, Fourth street, Sharpsburg, Pa., JAMES PATTERSON, aged 15 years and 4 months.

Funeral TO-DAY, at 3 o'clock P. M.

BOSTWICK—On Wednesday, July 26, 1876, at 5:30 P. M., EDWARD BOSTWICK, aged 50 years.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

☞RODY PATTERSON, Jr., No. 117 Fourth avenue. Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to. Fine carriages and hearses furnished at the lowest prices. Terms, cash.

☞PATTERSON'S LIVERY, SALE and Commission Stables. Carriages for Operas, Parties and Concerts. Horses kept at Livery. Undertaking in all its branches promptly attended to by Robert H. Patterson. Fine Carriages and Hearse furnished on short notice. PATTERSON BROS., successors to Robert H. Patterson, No. 6 Seventh avenue.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FLOWERS! FLOWERS!
FLOWERS!

FLORAL and EVERGREEN DECORATIONS executed in the most artistic style at satisfactory prices. Estimates furnished. Flowers in any desired design furnished promptly to order.
I. R. & A. MURDOCH,
112 Smithfield street, opposite Postoffice.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIAMONDS WATCHES
JEWELRY & SILVER
THOS. McFADDEN Jr.
53 5TH AVE PITTSBURGH.

Have You a Reliable Watch?

The largest and choicest stock in Pittsburgh of finest

American and Imported

WATCHES,

AT

McFadden's,

53 FIFTH AVENUE.

Elegant Designs for Ladies and Gents.
Selling at LOWER PRICES than ever.

GUARANTEED RELIABLE!
OR MONEY REFUNDED.
You Run no Risk Buying Here
Call soon and see for yourself.

LATEST RIVER NEWS.

CINCINNATI, July 26, 1876.
River 9 feet 3 inches and falling. Arrived—Cherokee, up; Schenck, New Orleans. Departed—Sandy, Evansville; Andy Braum, Memphis. Clear and pleasant.

VICKSBURG, July 26, 1876.
Weather warm and cloudy. The river fell one inch. Down—Commonwealth, 7 P. M., Tuesday. Up—Grand Lake. In port—Genevieve.

LITTLE ROCK, July 26, 1876.
Weather cloudy and warm. River falling; 9 feet 2 inches. Departed—Ella Hughes.

EVANSVILLE, July 26, 1876.
Weather clear; mercury 62 to 88; wind from the east; river 8 9-10 feet on gauge and falling. Up—B. G. Wood, 4 A. M.; Iddlewood and Maggie Smith, 7; Arlington, noon. Down—E. A. Wood and Woodruff, 9; Fawn, 3; Dick Johnson, 3:30. Business exceedingly light.

CAIRO, July 26, 1876.
River 25 feet 11 inches and falling. Weather clear; mercury 82. Departed—Norton, St. Louis, 7 P. M.

NEW ORLEANS, July 26, 1876.
No Arrivals. Departed—Chas. Morgan, Ohio river. Raining.

LOUISVILLE, July 26, 1876.
Weather clear and pleasant. Arrived—Glasgow, Evansville; Parker, Memphis. Departed—Glasgow and Parker, Cincinnati. River falling; 6 feet 4 inches in canal.

MEMPHIS, July 26, 1876.
The river fell 10 inches; stands 26 feet 8 inches. Thermometer 86. Departed—Rosa Miller, Arkansas river; Robert Mitchell, Cincinnati.

ST. LOUIS, July 26, 1876.
Arrived—Northwestern, Keokuk; Maude, Vicksburg; Baker, Quincy; Lady Lee, Peoria; Fannie Lewis, Kansas City; Morton, Ohio river. Departed—Yeager, New Orleans; Minneapolis, St. Paul; Lady Lee, Peoria; Northwestern, Keokuk. Clear and warm. River fell 16 inches.

LOST.

LOST—POCKET BOOK, CONTAINING a lot of papers and a check for $16.00, on which payment has been stopped. Also, a pass on the Pittsburgh and Manchester Passenger Railway, in the owner's name. The finder will please return it to the GAZETTE office.

STRAYED.

ESTRAY.—STRAYED FROM THE residence of the subscriber, on Tuesday, 18th inst., a LARGE COW, of a light brown or brindle color, with large crooked horns, and about eight years old. A liberal reward will be paid for her return to GEORGE BREHM, East End, Nineteenth ward, city. h81

WANTED.

WANTED—TEACHER WANTED IN the Grammar Department of the Public Schools of Eleventh ward, Pittsburgh. None but those having experience in Grammar Department need apply. Applications to be left at Jackson & McEwen's Printing office, 52½ Fifth avenue, until August 4th.
JAMES M. McEWEN, Secretary.

WANTED—SALESMAN—RELIABLE man, experienced or not, to travel with samples of a specialty in Ohio, Pennsylvania and West Virginia. Fair Salary and expenses, or liberal commission. Address GEM MANUFACTURING CO., St. Louis, Mo. h78

WANTED—PLACES FOR 10 FARM hands, also 15 Gardeners and Drivers; all experienced and have from 1 to 5 years' reference. Employment office, No. 1 Sixth street. g87

WANTED—MORTGAGES—Money to loan in large and small amounts on City or Allegheny County property.
THOS. K. PETTY,
158 Fourth avenue, near Grant street.

TO LET.

TO LET—4-STORY BRICK BUILDING No. 74 Wood street. Enquire of HAYS & GETTY, Market street, near Fourth. e93-TTHS

TO LET—A NICELY FURNISHED room with first-class board, within three minutes' walk of the Postoffice. Enquire at No. 148 Third avenue, above Smithfield street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—GRINDSTONES, ALL kinds. Also, Amherst Block and Sawed Stone, for the finest work, delivered on short notice. FARRELLY ALDEN, Agent, 25 Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE—TWELVE NEW AND second-hand Engines, 2 Portables; 6 Second-hand Engine Lathes; 1 Trip Hammer; 1 Planer. T. CARLIN, corner of Lacock and Sandusky streets, Allegheny.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—FOUR PORTABLE ENGINES, attached to Boilers, from 10 to 20 horse power, at
JAMES HILL & CO.'S,
Cor. Marion avenue and P. Ft.W. & C. R. R.,
Allegheny City, Pa.

FOR SALE—LARGE STOCK OF NEW and second-hand BOILERS, in complete order. County Inspector's certificate of test with each boiler. Repairing done promptly at the WEST POINT BOILER WORKS, 13 Water street. R. MUNROE, successor to Watson & Munroe.

FOR SALE—STEAM PUMPS, LATHE and Drill Chucks, Taps and Dies, Twist Drills, Parker's Vises, Emery Wheels and Grinders, Set and Cap Screws, Hydraulic and Screw Jacks, Belting, Packing, and Manufacturers' supplies in general. HUTCHISON & CO., 112 Liberty and 5 Union streets.

FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS DWELLING house, situate on Fremont street, Second ward, Allegheny, well finished with all modern improvements, with lot 22x160 feet; will be sold at a bargain, by JOHN STERRITT & SON, Real Estate Agents, No. 43 North Diamond street, Allegheny.

FOR SALE — THE CELEBRATED OLINE COMPOUND, for lubricating shafting, engines, &c., 1 lb. equal to 3 gallons of the best oil. We will fit out mills, factories, &c., with cups, on 30 days' trial, and if not satisfactory, will be taken out at our expense. Sample cups furnished on application. M. B. COCHRAN & CO., 121 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—ON FAVORABLE TERMS—Our Tight-barrel, Stave and Heading Factory, including between two and three hundred thousand dry stock on hand. Capacity per day—12,000 to 15,000 sawed and bucked staves, and 4,000 to 5,000 headings. In good condition and in the best of order. Apply to
DELPHOS STONE STAVE CO.,
h55:TTHS Delphos, Ohio.

PROPOSALS.

To Carpenters and Builders.

PROPOSALS

Will be received by the undersigned for the construction of a FRAME BUILDING in the Thirty-first ward, for use of a Hose Company of the Fire Department.

Also, for the construction of a TWO-STORY BRICK BUILDING, on Penn avenue, Twelfth ward, for use of an Engine Company of the Fire Department.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of T. D. EVANS, Architect, Fifth avenue, where all information may be given. Proposals may be handed to either of the undersigned, or left at the office of Board of Fire Commissioners, Municipal Hall, before 12 o'clock, noon, of SATURDAY, July 29th, 1876.
JOHN H. McILROY,
JOHN J. TORLEY,
JOHN LARIMER,
WM. N. ERWIN,
h92 Building Committee.

Notice to Bridge Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received in the office of the County Controller until FRIDAY, July 28th inclusive, for the construction of Masonry and Superstructure of a County Bridge over Lowrie's Run, near Emsworth Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R., in Killbuck township, superstructure to be wrought iron low truss, 16 feet clear roadway, clear span of 52 feet between tops of abutments, 54 feet from center to center of chord pins, height of truss 7 feet between chord pins, to contain 6 panels, with iron floor beams. Capacity 1,600 pounds per lineal foot, exclusive of static weight, factor of safety five, ultimate tensile strength of material 50,000 pounds square inch, compressive, 40,000 pounds with Gordon's formula. Strain and section sheets in full detail to accompany proposals. Plans and specifications for Masonry will be found in the office of the County Engineer on and after THURSDAY, July 20, 1876.
By order of County Commissioners.
J. B. STILLEY,
h72 County Engineer.

SLATE ROOFING.

AIKEN & CO.,

Cor. Liberty and Eleventh Sts.

Opposite Grain Elevator,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Sole agents for the celebrated Chapman Slate.

MERCHANT TAILOR,
B. TIEGEL
NO. 53 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Just received, a full line of CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, Spring and Summer Wear,
LOWEST PRICES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Silks! Silks! Silks! Silks

CLOSING-OUT SALE

Of the entere and valuable stock of Goods in the store of the late PHILLIP GRAEFF, No. 87 M street, consisting of the Finest and Costliest

Silks, Satins, Cashmeres,
Velvets and Silk Poplins,
Laces, Fringes, Flowers, Shawls and Dress Goods,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
Reduced 50 to 75 Per Cent.
NO. 87 MARKET STREET.
L. B. FLANNERY, Executrix.

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

JAPANESE AND CHINESE MATTINGS.

HENRY M'CALLUM,

No. 77 Fifth Avenue, ABOVE Wood Street.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞WEDDELL'S PICNIC GROVE, AT Hulton Station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

This Grove is beautifully situated, secluded cool, and shady, covering five (5) acres, having a frontage of six hundred (600) feet on the railroad, and a strong running spring of pure cold water in the centre, and only one hundred (100) yards from the Station.

Trains arrive and depart nearly ever hour and special trains stop in front of the Grove when parties desire it.

The platform is one of the largest and most compl te of any ever erected in this country, and the buildings are now undergoing extensive improvements. Will be rented at reasonable prices by applying to ROBERT F. WEDDELL, No. 134 Water street, or JOSEPH ZIMMERMAN, corner Tenth and Liberty streets, under Bush House.

TIVOLI GARDEN!

The Fashionable Resort.

OPEN DAY AND EVENING,

92 FIFTH AVENUE.

HOTELS.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE,
CRESSON SPRINGS,

Cambria, county Pa. This delightful Summer Resort was opened for the reception of guests, June 15th, 1876. Situated on the top of the Allegheny mountains, no more desirable place can be found anywhere. For terms, &c., address
h2 J. D. McCLELLAN, Superintendent.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL
(FORMERLY HARE'S HOTEL,)
No. 133 Liberty Street, foot of Fifth Ave.
TERMS $2 PER DAY.
g82 HUGH KEYS, Proprietor.

WESTMINSTER HOTEL
FRONTING ON
Belmont and Westminster Avenues,
WEST PHILADELPHIA.

Situated on the borders of Fairmount Park, only two blocks from the Centennial Buildings, having large parks and lawns, and one of the coolest places in the city. Cars from all the depots pass the door to the Centennial Grounds every minute.

Terms—Four Dollars per day. Special rates for families and permanent guests.
J. P. PHIPPS,
Late Bloodgood's Hotel, Philadelphia,
W. T. CALEB,
Late Monongahela House, Pittsburgh,
g38 Managers.

SEVENTH AVENUE HOTEL
CORNER
Seventh Ave. and Liberty St.
H. W. Kanaga & Co.,
PROPRIETORS.
Now open for Reception of Guests.

Great Western Hotel
DILLINGER & CO.,
PROPRIETORS,
Nos. 1311, 1313 and 1315 Market Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

The subscribers inform their friends and the public that they have enlarged, modernized, refitted and newly furnished this large and commodious House. Street cars to the Centennial Buildings pass and repass the Hotel every minute.

Mosquito Bars,
FLY BARS,
NETTING,
BY PIECE OR YARD.
Extraordinary Low Prices.
E. EDMUNDSON & SONS,
UPHOLSTERERS,
139 LIBERTY STREET,
FOOT OF FIFTH AVENUE.

LACE CURTAINS,
Finest Assortment in the City.
CORNICES, LAMBREQUINS,
WINDOW SHADES,
MATTRESSES,
Spring Beds and Bedding.
Holtzman & Wiederhold,
64 WOOD STREET.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR
Corner
Penn Avenue and 6th Street.

Old Pittsburgh Hedge Farm
NURSERY,
Have on Hand and For Sale
Apple, Pear, Peach and Cherry Trees, Shade and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Flowering Shrubs, Vining Plants, Currants, Gooseberries, Strawberry Plants, Rhubarb, Asparagus, &c., &c. Greenhouse and Bedding-out Plants.
Greenhouses and Nursery situated on Wilkins avenue, opposite 22d Ward Shady Side Church, about 10 minutes' walk from Fifth avenue.
WM. & JAS. MURDOCK'S SEED STORE,
114 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa

JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
136 SMITHFIELD STREET,
Wholesale and retail dealer in all kinds
Musical Instruments,
STRINGS AND SHEET MUSIC.
Also, Sole Agent for the celebrated
GEORGE STECK & CO.'S NEW YORK
PIANOS,
JUBILEE ORGANS
And various other makes of Pianos and Organs. Pianos and Organs sold on the rental plan, at payments to suit each and every one.
Liberal discount allowed for CASH.
Old Pianos and Organs taken in exchange for new instruments at the highest rates. f22

MILLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
YOUGHIOGHENY CEMENT
LIME AND PLASTER,
415 258 LIBERTY STREET.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America.
Assets, January 1, 1876, $5,167,547.46.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
WM. L. JONES, 85 Fourth avenue.

DR. ARTHUR
DENTIST,
HAS REMOVED TO
47 EAST DIAMOND STREET,
434 ALLEGHENY CITY.

AUCTION SALES.

REAL ESTATE
For Sale
AND
EXCHANGE,
BY
A. LEGGATE,
AUCTIONEER,
178
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

BY JAS. W. DRAPE & CO.
AT AUCTION,
SPICY LITTLE PROPERTY
IN BELLEVUE.

On NEXT FRIDAY AFTERNOON, July 28, there will be sold at auction, on the premises, the very desirable property of WILLIAM DUFF, Esq., situate on Madison avenue, near Sheridan avenue, borough of Bellevue. There is a good LOT, 40x160 feet, on which is erected an exceedingly neat FRAME DWELLING of six rooms, cellar, &c., all in really good order. Lot is tastily improved; is enclosed with good fence; has pure spring and cistern water; location particularly pleasant; is quite contiguous to both Neville and Bellevue stations, and only two squares from Public School, Churches, stores, &c.

Sale will commence at 5:30 o'clock, or immediately after the arrival of the 5 o'clock train from Allegheny.
JAS. W. DRAPE & CO., Auctioneers,
182 Federal street, Allegheny.

AUCTION SALE
OF
Horses, Mules,
CARTS,
Harness, Tools, &c.

The undersigned will sell at public auction, at his stables, at New Water Works, Hiland avenue Reservoir, Pittsburgh, Pa.,
ON THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1876,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,
25 Draught Horses, 6 Mules,
25 CARTS, 6 WAGONS,
25 Sets Cart Harness,
10 SETS DOUBLE HARNESS,
Together with a lot of
Plows, Dirt Scrapers, Shovels, Picks, Derricks, Rope, Etc.

The above stock of Horses and Mules are in good condition.

TERMS OF SALE—will be as follows: All sums under $20 to be cash; $20 and upwards, six months credit with approved sureties.
SALE POSITIVE.
JACOB H. WALTER,
PROPRIETOR.
WM. RIDDELL, Auctioneer. h89

TRUSTEES' AUCTION SALE
OF
SABLE
Iron and Nail Works

We will offer at Public Sale,
THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1876,
AT 2 P. M.,
At the office of the Sable Iron and Nail Works, corner Thirteenth and Etna streets, Pittsburgh, the following property, to wit.: The Sable Iron and Nail Works, situated in the Ninth ward, comprising the Mill, Nail Factory, Office, Tenements, and Five-eighths interest in the Sable Coal Company.

Sale to be Peremptory,

To the highest bidder for Cash, and divested of all liens excepting a ground rent of $75 per annum on one of the tenement lots.

We will also offer for sale at same time and place,
HOMESTEAD OF C. ZUG,
Situated in the Fourteenth ward, and comprising about 13 acres of land, fronting on Fifth avenue, with House, Outbuildings, Grapery, Green Houses, &c. Further information and description in detail may be had upon application to either of the undersigned.
REUBEN MILLER,
JOHN S. SLAGLE, } Trustees.
THOS. F. STEWART, Auctioneer. h71-TTH

Grand Auction Sale
JULY 27th,
OF
Seven Fine Properties,

On the line of the P. R. R., THREE at Dallas station and FOUR near Roups.

Persons wanting to attend this sale can take 10:20 train to Dallas, and after the sale there will the 1 P. M. train to Roups and continue the sale till all is sold. All the above properties will be sold to the highest and best bidder, without reserve.

TERMS OF SALE—$100 down on day of sale, the balance of one-third when deed is made out, and the balance in one and two years.

For further information inquire at 134 Smithfield street, second floor.
J. A. ROBISON,
q72 Auctioneer.

AT AUCTION,
THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1876.
Bankrupt Stock of Lumber,

At G. A. MURDORF'S Lumber Yard and Planing Mill, corner Twenty-third and Mary streets, South Side, commencing at 10 o'clock A. M.
50,000 feet Yellow Pine Boards.
75,000 feet Poplar Boards.
15,000 feet 1¼ inch Plank.
25,000 feet Pine Joist.
75,000 feet Hemlock Joist and Scantling.
15,000 feet Pine and Hemlock Boards.
NATHANIEL GREEN, Assignee.
N. WHITING & CO., Auctioneers.
P. S.—Lunch will be served on the ground for the accommodation of buyers. h85

THOMAS BROWN
SUCCESSOR TO
BAILIFF & BROWN,
PLUMBER,
Gas and Steam Pipe Fitter.
NO. 55 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
WORK DONE PROMPTLY AND
Best Material Used

SINNOTT'S
WOODEN TANK FACTORY.

I am prepared to furnish Oil, Water and Liquor Tanks of all sizes and shapes, at short notice. Orders by mail promptly filled.
PIERCE SINNOTT,
Nos. 115 and 117 Buena Vista street,
g58 Allegheny City, Pa.